Gettysburg Compiler.

H. J. STAHLE, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

GETTYSBURG, PA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1879.

NUMBER 6. SIXTY-SECOND YEAR.

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic. TRY IT.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

To Have Good Health, the Liver must be kept in order; its unhealthy action causes Bilious Attacks, Jaundice, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Headache, Bowel Complaints, Seasickness, and other Disorders.

The Liver is the seat of malarial diseases. The Liver Invigorator protects the system from Miasmatic Influences. It Purifies the Blood, Regulates the Bowels, Assists Digestion, and Strengthens the System.

The Liver Invigorator has been used in my practice and by the public, for more than 35 years, with unprecedented results.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.

S. T. W. SANFORD, M.D., 162 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

ANY DRUGGIST WILL TELL YOU ITS REPUTATION.

April 17, 1879. 1y

WM. J. MARTIN,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Groceries and Liquors.

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES,

FLOUR, BACON, LARD, NOTIONS, &c., at Reduced Prices,

Imported and Domestic

LIQUORS,

Wines, Brandies, Whiskies, Holland Gin, Schiedam Schnapps, Hibbert's Brown Stout, and London Pale Ale.

OUR "MONOGRAM BITTERS," manufactured from strictly pure Herbs, and are unequalled as a palatable tonic and valuable remedy in all cases of indigestion, dyspepsia, &c.

HOTEL KEEPERS

Will find it to their interest to give me a call, as I have obtained a WHOLESALE LICENSE, which enables me to sell in any quantity and to compete with city prices.

BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

April , 1874. tf

Eyes Tested Free

BY

KING'S SYSTEM

AT

PENROSE MYERS',

WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER,

Baltimore St., Gettysburg, Pa.

MORE NEW STOCK.

Mrs. A. C. Kalbfleisch

HAS just returned from the city with a large new assortment of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

all good styles and well made of sound stock, which she is selling at prices that must astonish. An inspection of these goods, at the old stand, next door to the Post-office, will be to the interest of all buyers.

The Grocery Business

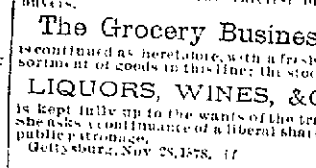
is continued as heretofore, with a fresh assortment of goods in this line; the stock of

LIQUORS, WINES, &C.

is kept fully up to the wants of the trade. She asks a continuance of a liberal share of public patronage.

Gettysburg, Nov 28, 1878. tf

THE BEST!

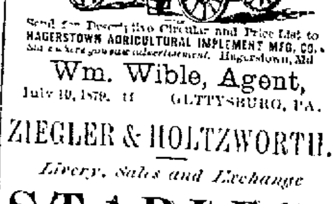


THE "HAGERSTOWN" DRILL

Most successful Grain-Drill in use. ... Standard Fertilizing Drill.

THE "VICTOR"

DOUBLE HULLER Clover Machine.



Send for Descriptive Circular and Price List to HAGERSTOWN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT MFG. CO., Hagerstown, Md.

Wm. Wible, Agent,

July 10, 1879. tf GETTYSBURG, PA.

ZIEGLER & HOLTZWORTH.

Livery, Sales and Exchange

STABLES,

WASHINGTON ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned having entered into partnership, under the firm of Ziegler & Holtzworth, have taken the well known Livery Stables of Weaver & Co., and are prepared to supply the public with all styles and kinds of conveyances that can be found in a first-class Livery. Their stock cannot be beaten by any establishment in the town.

Parties wishing to visit the Battle-field will find superior accommodations at this Livery, without additional charge for Guides. GIVE US A CALL!

W. T. ZIEGLER,
W. D. HOLTZWORTH.

March 8, 1872 tf

IMPORTANT TO MILL-OWNERS!

It is extensively used in this and Foreign Countries!

ESTIMATES FURNISHED FREE

For Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, and Cog Gearing, or

MILLS COMPLETE

Persons in want of WHEELS or MILL MACHINERY should send for my special Prices, which are as low as the lowest for an equal class of work.

OFFICE 23 SOUTH BEAVER ST., YORK, PA.

Aug. 14, 1879. 3m

The Gettysburg Compiler IS PUBLISHED THURSDAY BY H. J. STAHLE.

TERMS.—Two Dollars per annum *in advance*—TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the usual rates,—large reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING, of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster—done with dispatch, in a workmanlike manner, and at the lowest living rates.

OFFICE on Baltimore street, a few doors above the Court-house, on the opposite side, with "Gettysburg Compiler Office" on the building.

EAGLE HOTEL,

Gettysburg, Pa.

HAVING leased the above well-known House, hope, with my long experience as a public caterer, to make it a pleasant resort for the citizen and stranger. SPECIAL RATES for patrons living in the county, jurors and witnesses attending court.

H. YINGLING,

Nov. 7, 1878. tf PROPRIETOR

CENTRAL HOTEL,

NEAR THE COURT-HOUSE,

Gettysburg, Pa.

Jacob Klunk, Prop'r.

THE undersigned, having leased this eligibly located Hotel, on Baltimore street, only a few doors from the Court-house, in the pleasant town of Gettysburg, asks his old friends and the public to give him a call. The rooms are large and airy, and furnished in the best and latest style—beds not to be surpassed anywhere. His table shall always have the best of the season, and the bar none but choice liquors. Ample stabling attached, with an attentive hostler. Charges moderate. The undersigned flatters himself that with his long experience in the hotel business and desire to please, all guests at the Central will be more than satisfied with the treatment, fare and bills.

April 5, 1877. tf JACOB KLUNK.

BATTLE-FIELD HOTEL,

Gettysburg, Pa.

PETER THORN, Prop.

THIS pleasantly located Hotel, at the junction of Baltimore street and the Emmitsburg road, and near the National Cemetery, all its excellent accommodation at moderate rates. The house is roomy and airy, and in good order throughout. THE TABLE has the best of the market, and the bar choice liquors. In addition, Peter is always on hand to give attention to his guests, deeming it a pleasure to minister to their comfort and deserve their good will and favor. Give him a call and you will be pleased with the "Battle-field" and its attentive proprietor.

April 12, 1878. tf

WASHINGTON HOUSE.

New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

I. D. W. STONESIFER PROPRIETOR.

THE Proprietor desires to inform the public that he has leased, refitted and remodeled this Hotel. The accommodations are first-class, and the patronage of the local and traveling public is solicited. Every effort made to please. Rates to suit the times. A well-stocked Bar, with the best Liquors, Wines, Segars, &c.

A LIVERY STABLE

is connected with the House. Horses and Buggies hired on liberal terms. Also has a separate and special Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen.

March 27, 1879. tf

EAGLE HOTEL,

New Oxford,

ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

THE undersigned having purchased the Martin Hotel property, in New Oxford, Adams county, will conduct it in the future under the name of the "Eagle Hotel." He pledges himself to spare no efforts for the comfort of his guests. His table shall have the best the market can afford and his bar the choicest liquors. His chambers are spacious and cannot fail to give satisfaction. There is commodious stabling attached to the Hotel which will be attended by a reliable and accommodating ostler. The proprietor hopes to receive a liberal share of public patronage and will always try to deserve it. Remember the "Eagle," in the northeast corner of the Diamond, New Oxford.

March 13, 1868. tf J. H. WIEST.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

COURTLAND STREET, Near Broadway,

NEW YORK.

HOTCHKISS & POND, Proprietors.

—ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.—

The restaurant, cafe and lunch room attached, are unsurpassed for cheapness and excellence of service. Rooms 50 cents to $2 per day, $3 to $10 per week. Convenient to all ferries and city railroads.

New Furniture. New Management.

Jan. 16, 1879. 1y

GLOBE INN,

York Street, near Centre Square,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

F. S. RAMER, Proprietor.

THE above Hotel has been recently refurnished and refitted in the best manner. The traveling public will always find the best accommodations and every endeavor will be made to render them perfectly at home. Terms reasonable. Careful and attentive Ostlers and Waiters always in readiness.

A new Hack to and from the Depot on the arrival of all trains free of charge. Passengers conveyed to any part of the town. HACKS, BUGGIES and SADDLE HORSES TO HIRE AT ALL TIMES.

April 13, 1875. tf

NEW BAKERY.

PHILIP HENNIG

Has opened a new Bakery on

York St., Gettysburg, Pa.,

(Chrisman's old stand,) and will keep constantly on hand

BREAD, ROLLS, CRACKERS, PRETZELS, &c.,

made of the best flour and warranted to give satisfaction in all cases.

Families supplied regularly, and orders promptly attended to.

Give me a call, as I hope by strict attention to business, to merit patronage.

Nov. 11, 1875. tf

Strouse's Livery,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

Opposite the Eagle Hotel,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

The Best of Riding and Driving Horses, Buggies, Carriages, Phaetons, &c., and Moderate Charges.

THE PUBLIC SERVED IN THE BEST MANNER AT ALL HOURS.

L. STROUSE.

April 12, 1878. tf

BUGGIES - CARRIAGES.

THE undersigned informs his friends and the public generally that he continues to build

Falling-Top, Standing-Top, and Trotting BUGGIES,

CARRIAGES, JAGGERS, &c.,

of different styles—all of No. 1 material and workmanship. No care or expense is saved in making work tasteful and durable—always up with the times, and satisfactory in price as well as character. Finished work on hand and orders solicited.

Repairing

attended to promptly and in the best manner. Establishment in East Middle St., Gettysburg, one square and a half east of the Court-house. Call and see for yourselves.

April 17, 1873. tf JACOB TROXELL.

Attornies, Physicians, &c.

Wm. McSherry, Jr.,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, Adams county, Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite the Court house. Dec. 5, 1878. tf

J. C. Neely,

ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office in the northwest corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Sept 23, 1876. tf

David Wills,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA. Office in residence, southeast corner of Diamond. Jan. 29, 1876. tf

Jacob A. Kitzmiller,

(Successor to H. B. Woods, Esq.,) ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, has removed his office to the second story of Spangler's building, Baltimore street, recently occupied by H. B. Woods, Esq. Will promptly attend to collections and all other business entrusted to him. Gettysburg, May 3, 1878. tf

Hart Gilbert,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office with Judge Wills, south-east corner of the Diamond. Gettysburg, Aug. 2, 1875. tf

John M. Krauth,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street, south of the Court-house. July 16, 1869. tf

D. McConaughy,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, office one door west of Buehler's drug store, Chambersburg st. Special attention given to suits, collections and settlement of estates. All legal business and claims to Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and Damages against United States, at all times, promptly and efficiently attended to. Land Warrants located, and choice Farms for sale in Iowa and other Western States. July 10, 1859. tf

D. M. Wilson,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA. Office in Mrs. Martin's Building, North-west corner of the Diamond. March 21, 1878. tf

W. A. Duncan,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office on Baltimore street next door to his residence. Gettysburg, Apl. 23, 1875. tf

S. McSWOPE, EDW. J. COX.

Attorneys at Law,

Edw. J. Cox, Justice of the Peace, GETTYSBURG, Pa. COLLECTIONS and all legal business promptly attended to. Office on Baltimore street east side, near the Court-house. May 10, 1878. tf

Dr. T. V. S. Quigley,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of New Oxford and vicinity. An experience of 25 years in Hospital and general practice. Chronic Diseases of Females and diseases of Children a specialty. Office and residence in S. E. corner of public square. March 13, 1879. 1y

Dr. John J. Brown,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR, (Formerly Clinical Assistant University Hospital, Baltimore, Md.,) HAMPTON, ADAMS COUNTY, PA., Respectfully invites all persons afflicted with chronic diseases to consult him by mail. Dr. Brown's Great Dyspepsia Remedy, with full directions, sent by mail prepaid on receipt of $5.00. CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIALTY. Address, DR. JOHN J. BROWN, Jan. 2, 1879. tf Hampton, Adams co., Pa.

Dr. George L. Rice,

CORONER OF ADAMS COUNTY. OFFICE in McSherrystown. Will attend to calls from any part of the county. Specialty—Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart. April 24, 1879. tf

ROBERT HORNER, C. M. RADEBAUGH.

Drs. Horner & Radebaugh,

PRACTITIONERS OF MEDICINE, Chambersburg St., GETTYSBURG, PA. Feb. 1, 1877. tf

Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal,

OFFICE on BALTIMORE STREET, near High, Gettysburg, Pa. Sept. 6, 1876. tf

Dr. J. E. Gilbert

HAS opened an office for the Practice of Medicine on York street, opposite the Globe Inn, Gettysburg. March 20, 1879. tf

H. L. Diehl, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office on West Middle Street, 1st Square, in the house formerly occupied by Hugh D. Scott. Special attention given to diseases of women and children. April 5, 1877. tf

Dr. A. P. Beaver,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Has permanently located in Fairfield, Pa., and offers his professional services to the people of that town and vicinity. Office opposite Harbaugh's Store, where he can be found at all hours when not professionally engaged. Aug. 17, 1876. tf

Dr. F. C. Wolf,

HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN ADAMS COUNTY, Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage. April 12, 1866. tf

Dr. J. J. Zitzer,

OF Baltimore, late of Carlisle, will visit Carlisle professionally on the 1st and 15th of each and every month, hereafter remaining several days each visit. July 22, 1875 tf

J. Lawrence Hill M. D.,

DENTIST, Has his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. C. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D. Gettysburg, April 11, '53.

Dr. C. E. Eckenrode,

DENTIST, would respectfully inform the public generally that he will be in GETTYSBURG on Tuesday, in NEW OXFORD on Wednesday & Thursday and in BONNEAUVILLE on Saturday of each week, to perform all work in his line of business. Charges moderate and all work guaranteed. Office in Gettysburg on High street, a few doors west of the Catholic church; in New Oxford opposite the Lutheran church; in Bonneauville at Dr. T. O. Kinzer's. March 20, 1879. tf

NEFF'S

Horse & Cattle Powder

IS the BEST AND CHEAPEST POWDER for HORSES, COWS, HOGS, CHICKENS and all kinds of STOCK. Full pound packs for 25 cents.

Try Neff's Licorice Cough Syrup,

BEST thing in the market for COUGHS AND COLDS. 25 cents a bottle.

Neff's Vegetable Worm Syrup

Is a sure pop for Worms; pleasant to take and sure to kill Worms. It has no nasty medicine in it. 25 cents a bottle.

AGENTS WANTED to Canvass for my Medicines. Address with stamp,

GEO. W. NEFF,

Feb. 6, 1879. tf YORK, PA.

BOOK BINDING

—DONE IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.—

MAGAZINES, NEW & SECOND-HANDED

Furnished to complete volumes or sets.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

For all kinds of Periodicals received at lowest club rates.

C. E. AUGHINBAUGH,

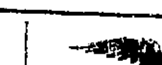
Room over Star & Sentinel Office,

March , 1878. tf Gettysburg.

For Sale or Rent.

THE undersigned offers for sale or rent his BLACKSMITH SHOP, on South Washington street, Gettysburg—also his Blacksmith' Tools. Apply to or address EMANUEL P. WISOTZKEY.

June 19, 1879. tf



DEMOCRATS,
TO THE POLLS! TO THE POLLS!
NEXT TUESDAY!

STALWART candidates make a mistake when they undertake to "*bulldoze*" Democrats into voting for them.

"NEVER in the history of parties the world over, has there been one with a record as damnable as that which attests the work of the Democratic party during the last two decades."—*Star and Sentinel*.

A FRAUD.—A forged and fraudulent letter, purporting to come from Mr. Barr's friends, and mailed in a package from Huntingdon, appealing for support on religious grounds, is being published in the Republican papers. It is hardly worth while to deny the charge—to sensible people, but lest some may imagine there is grain of truth in it—Mr. D. O. Barr authorizes its prompt denial. He is running as a Democrat, as a citizen who feels competent to discharge the duties of the office as State Treasurer. No appeal has gone from him, or by his knowledge or consent, to any one on account of their particular belief in anything except the Democratic party.

SENATOR WALLACE AND DANIEL O. BARR.—At the recent grent Democratic pic-nic at Pine Grove, Senator Wallace said of Daniel O. Barr, the Democratic candidate for State Treasurer:

"We have to-day here a gentleman recognized as a life long Democrat, of pure and upright character, spotless reputation, and well calculated for the position of state treasurer. He is a man in whom there is no guile, a gentleman from the western part of the state, not nominated by rings, or money power, or combinations, but the outgrowth of a Democratic convention coming directly from the people and culminating a candidate of the people. He is against the candidate who is the outgrowth of pollution and corrupt alliances, and nominated to perpetuate the power of those about whom I have spoken to you. Which of these will you chose, gentlemen? There must be a reform. Is not this the proper place to begin?"

DON'T NEED THEM.—We don't need the electoral vote of Ohio, in the Presidential election next year, as the Buckeyes have not cast a Democratic electoral vote for twenty-seven years, and hence the Republicans only hold their own so far. The same State voted for Hayes in 1876, and yet he was defeated by Samuel J. Tilden, the Democratic President elect.

"WAIT; retribution will come in due time. Justice travels with a leaden heel but strikes with an iron hand. God's mill grinds slow but dreadful fine. Wait till the flood gate is lifted and a full head of water comes rushing on. Wait and you will see a fine grinding then."—*Judge Jere. S. Black*.

The Goodness of Justice has at last spoken, says the Altoona *Call*. She has began the roll-call and Samuel B. McLin has answered. He was one of the three members of the Florida Returning Board. His vote decided the electoral vote for Hayes when the Supreme Court of the State, after a judicial investigation, had decided that Mr. Tilden was entitled to it. His death was after a protracted illness, in poverty and misery. He follows his purchaser. McLin testified before an investigating committee of the House that he believed Mr. Tilden was entitled to the vote of the State, but he had been induced to decide for Hayes. His was the deciding vote. Robert W. Mackey, before his death, boasted that he had "fixed" Florida for Hayes. It had been published that he had taken $3,500 along to Florida for this purpose. Mackey was ignored by Hayes subsequently, and he has said that he wished thirty-five hundred dollars was all that he had spent in fixing things. Mackey is dead and is almost forgotten. His existence is the merest memory. McLin has departed, he also having failed in securing substantial reward. Who will be the next?

THE Springfield *Republican*, which is one of the foremost and influential papers of Massachusetts, speaks as follows of the political condition in New York: "No worse bargain than that between Tammany Hall and the Republican machine has been lately seen in politics, and no better work for good government can be done than defeating it. The organized attempt to scratch the head and tail of the machine ticket, Cornell and Soule, is giving the workers more and more alarm. The organs have got to calling the movement a Tilden 'move.' The organs are not wise. This putting Robinson's notably good administration and the better elements of the Democratic party which insisted on his nomination and the most promising political action of the year in the Republican party all on Tilden's side is the worst possible Republican 'move.'"

NOT *until the Democratic party succeeded in getting control of Congress and the Senate, was there anything done for the relief of the people.*

Those who are rejoicing over a revival of business and better times, should remember this. It is all well enough for Radicals to boast about good times, but when they come to tell us who secured them, they have got to admit that it was Democratic economy and Democratic legislation.—*Watchman*.

THE election of Charles S. Foster for governor of Ohio puts a heavy damper on the Grant movement for President. Foster was Sherman's candidate for governor against Taft, Grant's old attorney general, and Sherman is entitled to all the benefits of this victory. Ohio will present Sherman as the successor of Hayes and will point to this result in 1879 as proof of his ability to carry the state. The election of Tuesday puts Sherman a long way in the lead of Grant and Blaine in the presidential race.—*Patriot*.

IN the issues now before the people of this State, none are more vital than the issue raised by the Radical party. Is the government of the State and country to be an armed despotism or the government of a free ballot representing the will of freemen? This is the most important of all the issues. Every Democrat should try and do his whole duty to *prevent* what may not be *corrected* without peril too serious to be calmly considered!—*Com.*

DEMOCRATS, rain or shine, go to the Polls NEXT TUESDAY!

Miscellaneous.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

SABBATH BELLS.

In the calm and freshness of the early morning air,
When the sun with golden rays lights the fairest of the fair,
Across the broadening landscape sweet melody there swells,
Borne on breezes is the song of the cherished village bells,
In sweet and gentle chorus hear the ringing from afar,
Whilst faintly gleaming in the east is the fading morning star,
And the cheery Sabbath brightly, coming swiftly on apace,
Lighting up with joy and gladness full many a happy face.
Bright devotion's purest happiness in the bosom 'gins to swell,
When the holy sounds are heard of the far-off Sabbath bell,
Calling to those who in virtue's path have ever lightly trod,
To hasten to His Temple, and adore the Mighty God.
Oh! what pleasure e'er abideth in a Heaven-devoted breast,
As the joy-inspiring tones place all worldly cares at rest,
And the thoughts at their release wander far above the sky,
Where the happy soul may go when its frail abode shall die,
See the eager throng all hastening towards the simple door,
Their pious hearts impatient their Creator to adore;
While the bells keep up their calling for the idle, slothful few,
Forgetting that a holy day has dawned upon them too.
Oh! solemn bells, oh! happy bells, keep up your joyous song,
May your tones prove a blessing to the world's busy throng,
May your sweet notes be heard until Gabriel's shrill horn
Shall sound athwart the land on that last fearful morn.

VINCENT.

IS LOVE A MYTH.

"He promised to be at home at 6 o'clock to dinner, and now it is 7.30. Must I be thus disappointed day after day and evening after evening? Another solitary meal with servants to gape and wonder at my red eyes. Only six months married, and from the depths of my heart I wish I had never left my father's house."

Emily Percival looked at her little jeweled watch for the fifth time, and then, with a sigh which plainly evinced the mental agitation under which she labored, walked to the window and looked out. It was a sweet young face which pressed itself against the pane, and one well calculated to win both love and admiration; but to-night, discontent and even fear were writen upon it.

The ceremony of dining was gone through with, and through the long, dreary evening away into the night—twelve, one, yes, even two o'clock, did this heart-broken wife await the arrival of her husband.

Then the well-known footsteps were heard, and Emily, pale and almost breathless, rushed into the hall to meet her recreant lord.

"Why in the world are you not in bed, Emily?" was the first salutation.

"Oh, Harry! how could you worry me so?" came tremblingly from her blanched lips. "I have been frightened almost to death about you, expected every minute you would be brought home dying or dead." And now the poor child, no longer able to control herself, burst into tears.

"Wipe your eyes immediately, Emily. I have something to tell you—something which I wish you to thoroughly understand, and, understanding, obey."

And now the tones were so cold and hard, the trembling women shivered as though suddenly chilled by some cruel wind.

"When I married you, it was because I loved you, and I supposed you loved me. In the last I find I am mistaken, for no wife who has a sincere regard for her husband will ever, under any circumstances, annoy him by tears and fault-finding. You have grown exceedingly querulous lately, and there can be but one reason for such behavior, namely, absence of affection. I shall attend my club, my lodge, and my business generally, go out when I please, and come in when I please, and shall be governed in my opinion of the quantity and quality of your love by your subsequent treatment of me. I will be magnanimous, however, and forgive this, as well as past conduct. Now go to bed."

"Magnanimous, indeed!" said the little woman, now thoroughly aroused, her face radiant with an indignation which might be called righteous. "Have the kindness, sir, to wait until I ask you to forgive me—until I have been guilty of some act that calls for forgiveness. But this I promise you, that you shall never be troubled by tears and fault-finding. Love is a myth—a ridiculous humbug, as I have often heard it described, and hereafter I shall follow your example—be a woman of the world. And now, good-morning!"

Emily Percival kept her word. The tender, infantile expression of countenance gave way to a subdued, almost cynical look, which was strangely unbecoming, yet wherever she went, her presence was hailed with enthusiasm. She was bright, lively and intellectual, an excellent singer and musician.

What wonder that her society was sought after, and that wherever she went, admirers flocked to her side?

She presided over her household with the grace and dignity of a queen, but there was no unbending in her conduct toward her husband, although careful of his comfort and studiously polite.

Inconsistent as it may appear, this behavior was anything but agreeable to Harry Percival, although realizing to the fullest the justice of the programme—our gentleman became suddenly punctual in regard to home engagements, was seldom a moment late to dinner, and seemed desirous of making all possible amends for the past.

Mrs. Percival was scrupulously exact about every domestic arrangement, and after these duties had been performed, without word or hint, invariably withdrew to her own private room, received company in the parlor, or made one of a gay crowd to the opera, party or lecture.

On one or two occasions Harry attempted to demolish this icy barrier, but words and protestations were useless; the invariable reply was:

"You know you found love had no abiding place here; don't worry me with your querulousness."

Harry grew pale and "distrait."—Neither business nor pleasure had any charms for him. He became listless and abstracted.

Emily kept on the even tenor of her way, apparently unconscious of the least change in the manner of her husband.

"I start for Europe next week, Emily," said he, one evening, after several ineffectual attempts to engage her in conversation.

The delicate hands closed spasmodically as this announcement was made, but the proud woman controlled herself perfectly, and not a muscle of her face moved as she replied:

"Very well, sir. Is there anything I can do to facilitate your preparations?"

"Yes, dear," he answered, drawing near, "tell me you love me a little—just a little, Emily."

"For shame, Mr. Percival! babies and simpletons, you know, make a fuss about love—sensible persons never do."

This last was a literal quotation of the young gentleman's own remark, which he well remembered.

"But, Emily—" he continued.

It was too late, for with a gesture of impatience Emily arose and left the room.

"Good heavens!" exclaimed the poor fellow, burying his face in his hands, "I have crushed the last rose leaf; the fragrance as well as the substance has departed. There is nothing for me but to leave home. I can never remain under such circumstances—never!"

Everything was in readiness for Harry's departure. Trunks were strapped and sent off by express, and there only remained the parting between this strangely estranged husband and wife. Emily stood calm and self-possessed by the window of her room, as he entered.

"I am going now, Emily; will you not give me one pleasant word?" he said.

"Certainly, sir," she replied, "several of them if you like. I wish you bon voyage, good health and spirits and safe return to your native land."

"You will write to me, Emily," and poor Harry's lips quivered with emotion.

"Certainly if you desire it, sir, and will keep you informed of all the local news, with a great deal of pleasure."

For a moment the grief-stricken man pressed the little hand he held to his lips, then rushed from the room like a madman.

"Oh, Father in Heaven," moaned Emily, as the door closed; then throwing herself upon her knees beside the bed, she poured out her soul in passionate lamentations. "Oh, Father, send him back to me! My heart is breaking. Why did I let him go? Oh, I love him more than all on this earth! Oh, Father, send him back to me well and strong, and loving me as I love him."

"Emily—Emily—Emily! My old darling wife!" and the little one was caught in a pair of manly arms and pressed close to his bosom. "Darling, I came back for my valise, and overheard your heart-broken petition. God has answered it more quickly than you expected it; let's both be thankful."—And two heads never again to be raised in pride were reverently bowed.

"Oh, Harry! I always loved you."

"And, darling, I always loved you, and now I do know that love is not a myth, but a delightful reality."

WHY SHE TOOK A SHAWL.—About a week ago some young ladies got up a party to go on a moonlight excursion up the Passaic river. The night finally arrived and the moon flooded the river with a glow of pearly richness.

When the party was ready to leave the house which had been appointed as the rendezvous, it was noticed that one of the most charming young ladies of the coterie had a shawl on.

"What's the matter, Lucy?" asked one young lady; "are you afraid of taking cold?"

"No, no," she replied.

"Perhaps you are troubled with malaria?" suggested a young man, who was struggling to direct his vitality into a mustach.

"I never have malaria," replied the pretty creature, with a smile of gumdropativeness.

"The thermometer is up at 85 degrees. You'll roast to death if you wear that shawl."

"I'm willing to roast," she said, pettishly.

"Don't you know why she wears that shawl?" laughed her little brother, as he wiped some taffy off his mouth with his coat sleeve.

"You keep still, you John Henry," said the dear angel, as she turned a trifle red.

The boy then got out of reach and yelled:

"I'll tell you why she wears that shawl. When she gets out on the river Bob puts his arm under it and hugs her, and nobody can see through the game."

Then there was a scene. John Henry was summarily sent to bed, and the party started for the scene of festivity.

"ESQ."—A young man, whose money didn't hold out as long as the State Fair, dropped into the telegraph office yesterday and sent a dispatch to his father in an interior town to forward him cash to reach home with. When the receiving clerk saw that the dispatch read "To John Blank, Esq.," he suggested that a saving could be made by erasing the "Esq."

"Well, mebbe you think so, but then I don't," replied the sender. "When I am home I call him 'dad' all day long, but when it comes down to black and white, you've got to 'Esquire' him right up to the nines or walk home by the dirt road. Don't dare leave that off—not with the roads as muddy as they are now!"

In about an hour the following answer was received:

"To———:

John Blank, Esq., forwards you $10, and you can have more if you want it.

JOHN BLANK, ESQ."

"Didn't I tell ye," chuckled the young man as he read it. "Dad's common enough when we're all home and rush to get the fall wheat in, but the minute his back gets rested and a stranger comes along he weighs more to the ton than any other 'Esq.,' on legs. I tell ye, you don't know a man till ye've hoed corn with him."

BISMARCK is not happy; and though he wears no actual crown, his head lies as uneasy as if he wore an Emperor's. Dr. Busch has been reporting some further talks with him. The Chancellor is sulky at times, and takes to brooding. Melancholy and remorse eat into him; he laments his destiny and is discontented with his work. "What good have I," he asks, "accomplished under the sun? And what widespread misery have I not caused? In satisfying my ambition," he said, one evening at Varzin, "I have made nobody happy. And what a number of people I have cast into misery. Without me three great wars would have been avoided; 80,000 men—nay, many more—would not have been killed, and such numbers of families, of fathers, mothers, brothers, sisters and wives would not have been plunged into mourning. However, that account is to be settled between God and myself so far as the hereafter goes. What happiness have I derived from all my success? Little or none; and I have reaped endless worry, vexation, hatred, pain, grief, overwork and care."

ONCE more we have the harrowing intelligence that General Grant "will probably make Galena his future home." What is to become of those Philadelphia snobs who have been cramming themselves with all the languages and dialects of the Orient in order to make Grant's residence here seem like a continued dream of the Arabian Nights? If this Galena report be true it will prove the death blow to our Philadelphia snobocracy.—*Phila. Chronicle*.

SILVER is gradually but steadily increasing in popularity and value as a coinage.

Silver half-dollars which a short time ago were at a discount of 6 and 7 per centum in San Francisco, are now at a premium of ¼ to ½ per centum. This has been caused by the conversion of the coins into gold and paper at the Sub-Treasury.

IF we would have powerful minds, we must think; if we would have faithful hearts, we must love; if we would have strong muscles, we must labor. These include all that is valuable in life.

"FATHER" said a lad, "I have often read of people being 'poor but honest,' why don't they sometimes say 'rich but honest?'"

LONDON LETTER.

Correspondence of the Gettysburg Compiler.

LONDON, Oct. 6th, 1879.

Although the leaves hanging thickly upon the trees and hedges afford little apparent evidence that autumn has set in, the arrival of October presages that the fox-hunting season is at hand. The many votaries of that time-honored English sport are busily engaged in preparing their studs of hunters for an early appearance at the covert-side; but it seems too often to escape attention that, in order to take part in a day's fox-hunting, it is necessary not only to have a perfect hunter, in good condition, with the right bit in his mouth, and a well fitting saddle upon his back, to await his owner at the meet, but also that distances varying between half a dozen and a score of miles have first to be traversed, either upon wheels or upon a covert hack. Fastidious and wealthy sportsmen, of whom there are more by ten to one in England than in any other country, have a natural desire to arrive in unsoiled and faultless trim upon the scene of action, and to mount their hunters in boots and breeches unbespattered by dirt. For this reason it is becoming more and more the fashion to go to covert upon wheels, and, in addition, the fatigue of being in the saddle for many hours is such as to incline men who have passed their fortieth birthday to avoid, if they can, the necessity of also galloping to the meet, upon a cold and forbidding morning, and along muddy lanes and bridle-paths, mounted on a hack. Old sportsmen, like the late Lord Cardigan, have a habit of repairing to the trysting-place in their snug broughams, with a fur robe over their knees, and with the morning's newspapers to regale them by the way. The majority of the red-coats seen at the covert-side, however, are young men, who think it unmanly to employ a close carriage in preference to a gig, a victoria, or a dog cart. When, as is often the case at present, the party is augmented by the presence of ladies, it is not uncommon for their host to drive them in his drag or mail phaeton, while their is an endless array of other machines, such as chars-a-bancs, wagonettes, double dog carts, sociables and shandrydans, which are pressed into service when the reins are entrusted to a coachman in livery. English vehicles of all descriptions are still built with the heavy wheels and substantial under-carriage which have always been in fashion among them, and although there has long been a growing tendency to diminish the weight and bulk of their pleasure carriages it is generally admitted that in this respect much improvement has still to be built.

There is little prospect of soon seeing the builders of London barouches, clarences, broughams, and landaus abandoning their admiration for solidity, which in England is always regarded as typical of respectibility. But as regards carriages to be used in the country, many highly commendable alterations in form and type are already observable, and nothing is more certain than that increasing experience of the American buggy will make its advantages and conveniences more and more patent. Already buggies built with the slender hickory spokes and light under carriage which have for a century been used by Americans are beginning to make their way into England, and may not unfrequently be seen on the other side of the channel, in the Bois de Boulogne and the Bois de Vincennes. A writer in an American periodical, called *Wallace's Monthly*, recounts that having expressed to an English sporting authority his astonishment that light buggies had not superseded the more ponderous dogcarts and gigs of England, he was met by the natural rejoinder, "If I were to go flying by every other carriage in one of your American flimsies everyone would remark, 'There goes a butcher!'" It is as a vehicle adapted for conveying two or four hunting men to covert that the American buggy surpasses all rivals; and, moreover, it has the advantage—no light one in the eyes of all true sportsmen—that it imposes comparatively little toil upon the horse or horses dragging it. Every observant spectator who has set behind a couple of horses harnessed to an ordinary English mail phaeton with four passengers on board, and examined the condition and appearance of the quadrupeds when they have traversed a dozen or fourteen miles along country roads in December, will confess that the steel is pretty well taken out of them. If, on the other hand, he happens to be staying with a friend who drives him and two other passengers to the meet over a like distance in a double American buggy, there is little risk in predicting what his opinion would be. To begin with, the distance will be covered in much less time; secondly, the vehicle will glide along as smoothly as a ship upon an even keel; and, thirdly, the horses will be scarcely less fresh at the end of their journey than when they left their stable. Upon the rugged and uneven roads, such as abound in the United States, the buggy, in the Duke of Wellington's famous phrase, "can go anywhere and do anything!" while the heavy English carriage, whatever its description, would fare no better than the state coach in which General Braddock set out, a century and a quarter since, to traverse the whole breadth of Virginia, and to fight the French, aided by their light-footed allies, the Red Indians. But, except on the ground that "whatever is English is best" what necessity can there be for a vehicle to weigh six or seven hundred pounds when it is to be employed by a luxurious owner who wants to cover his twelve miles with comfort to himself and his horses, in an hour, and when, simultaneously, it is possible for him to have an American buggy, weighing from three to four hundred pounds, with a head to be attached or left at home as occasion demands, and which imposes upon the animal or animals dragging it a far less onerous strain? In order that those fox hunters who desire to go to covert in a buggy imported from New York, Philadelphia or New England may use their novel vehicle to the best advantage, it is desirable that they should also import American roadsters and drive them in snaffles without blinkers or bearing reins, and in American harness. In an article lately published in New York the question has been raised, "can American roadsters be introduced abroad?" The writer says that nowhere in the world can so many "fine eye-filling driving horses" be seen as in Hyde Park and nowhere horses more destitute of good and graceful action. He adds that Englishmen have no wish to do their mile in two minutes twenty seconds, but that, nevertheless, there would be an illimitable demand in England for what are called in the United States "three minute trotters." The use of the horse in England for pleasure driving is said in the same article to be "an after-thought," and in harness their horses are represented as "breaking into a ponderous canter when urged to a faster gait." Upon the race course and for following the hounds there are no such horses as the English, but, on the other hand, the Central Park in New York far surpasses Hyde Park "in the elegance and grace of its driving teams." Even the finest London carriage horses are alleged to be hunters which have fallen from their high estate, and the production of the driving horse is practically an accident. The time may, perhaps, be not far distant when every country house in England will have its American buggy, drawn by American trotters without blinkers, bearing reins or massive curb chains, and filling those who use it with astonishment that they should so long have been ignorant of its manifold advantages. When that day comes, fox-hunters, whether young or old, will have an additional enjoyment in store for them while preparing to put in an appearance at "the first meet of the season."

BILL SLIKE ACTING DEVIL.

When we were boys, Bill Slike and I, we were great cronies. With me there was nobody like Hazel. We were both what would be termed hard cases. If any mischief was done in the neighborhood, Bill and I were sure to come in for our share of the blame.

About Christmas time we always had a deal of fun, such as building rail-pens and putting calves and pigs in the upper story, hanging plows, "big kettles," or anything we could lay hands on, high up in trees, to perplex the owners.

I recollect one Christmas Eve, Bill and I set out to have a rich time of it. Bill was to fix up, and act as devil, and we were to go around and frighten the youngsters out of their wits. Accordingly, we arranged a grim looking red cap with horns on it, and placed it upon his head, and then made a false face for him out of red flannel, wrapped him in a white sheet, and started. There were several boys with us, and by them I was unanimously elected to go before and give the old folks at each house a hint of what was going on, so that we would not get ourselves into a scrape.

The first house in our route was Uncle Jake Bond's. I went in, made some errand, and soon as possible slipped the joke to the old man and old woman. It was all right with them, and so I went back and reported to my companions. In a short time Bill, *alias* devil, poked his singular looking head in at the door, and, great scrampation! such a scatterment as took place. Girls, boys, cats, and everything else, excepting the two old ones, tumbled up stairs like an earthquake. In we all bustled, and such a laugh as we had; and how the girls slapped our faces for frightening them so badly. This was a glorious beginning, and so we were almost crazy to get to the next house.

After partaking of some doughnuts, and other little cakes that had been cut out with a thimble, and which the girls called kisses, we started for Major Allen's. I went on as usual, and knocked at the door.

"Come in," said a sweet voice. I obeyed the command, and found Jane, the Major's only daughter, all alone.

"Where's the old folks?" asked I.

"Gone over to grandfather's," she replied, sweet as sugar.

"Very sorry," said I, "for I had important business with the old woman."

She assured me they would be back in a short time; and filling a plate with "hominy" from a large kettle, where it was boiling on the fire, she invited me, with one of the prettiest smiles you ever saw, to sit down and wait till it cooled, and then eat some with her.

I looked at the big, plump grains, all bursting open in the plate, and inhaled the delicious odor that arose from them, then I looked at the sweet face and sunny smiles of my would-be-entertainer, and you'd better believe I wished Bill and the rest of the boys in Guinea. I felt sure that all the fun we could see would be nothing to compare with eating "hominy" with Jane Allen, yet I dared not act the traitor. So I pretended that I had no time to spare, and bidding her a good evening, I hurried back to my companions.

"Boys," said I, "Jane's all alone by herself. It wouldn't be right to scare her so bad—let's go on to Brown's?"

"No, by gum," said Bill, "I wouldn't miss that chance for a hundred dollars. She slighted me the other day at singing-school, and now I'll endeavor to pay her back for it."

I still remonstrated, but in vain. Bill was resolute, so I had to give in.

As we neared the house, Bill said; "Now, boys, whatever you do, don't say a word, nor laugh, nor nothing, and after I've scared her, we'll slip off, and she'll never know who, nor what it was."

We all agreed, and after we had been stationed around the chimney to hear her scream, Bill walked in.

"Good evening, Mr. Devil," said the same sweet voice that a few minutes before had bid me to come; "good evening, I suppose you are used to warm fluids;" and forthwith we heard a "splurg" as if a gourd had found its way into the pot of boiling hominy, and then came a splash and a cry, not such a one as we had expected to hear, but one of Bill's real, genuine squalls on the highest key. We all ran in and saw the hot water dripping down from Bill's cranium, while he was stamping around like madness, tearing the horned cap and false face from his head. Jane, the mischievous little elf, was standing up by the cupboard, laughing as though she would go into spasms. Fortunately, Bill had received no lasting injury, but I assure you it put an end to our fun for that night. The joke had been turned upon us when we least expected it, and so we went home, feeling rather done for. The story soon got out, and for a long time Bill went by the name of Mr. Devil.

A SMART WIFE.—The other morning a citizen called at a hardware store and said he wanted a key to a certain door in his house, and he took up and carried away almost the first key handed out to him. On his way down to dinner he stopped and exchanged the key for another, explaining that the first wouldn't fit. These changes took place twice a day for the next four days, the citizen being unable to get hold of a key that would fit. On the sixth day he drove up to the store with a door on a dray, and calling to the proprietor he said;

"Bring your box of keys out here and we'll get a fit to that lock. Here I have been running back and forth about a week, and I might not have got a fit for a whole month if my wife had not suggested that I bring the door down here. Some of these women are mighty smart."

"But why didn't you take the lock off and bring it down in your pocket?" asked the dealer.

The buyer looked at him in a vacant way, stared hard at the door, and sat down on the curbstone with the remark:

"It's a wonder that the whole family wasn't sent to the fool-house ten years ago!"

WHEN Mr. Longfellow, says the *London Literary World*, visited Queen Victoria at Windsor Castle, the servants crowded on the stairways and in the lobbies to get a view of him. On the Queen asking them next day why this compliment was paid to the poet, she was told that they used to listen to Prince Albert reading "Evangeline" to his children, and, knowing the lines nearly by heart, they longed to see the man who wrote them. The Queen is fond of telling this story.

THE French have been trying, with some success, the plan of towing canal boats by locomotives. A railway is laid down on the towpath, about one meter (39 inches) from the side of the canal, and on this are run small locomotives of four or more tons, according to the weight to be pulled.

MR. JOSEPH JEFFERSON is playing Rip Van Winkle at the Park Theatre, Brooklyn, supported by his son, Mr. Thomas Jefferson, as the Landlord, and Miss Eugenia Paul (Mrs. Thomas Jefferson) as Meenie.

THIS saying is as true and timely as when Baron Stockmar wrote it to the maligned Prince Albert: "He that will not be patient of slander must provide himself a chair outside of the world's circle.

BEWARE OF SPURIOUS TICKETS!

ARTEMUS WARD—AN EDITOR'S RECOLLECTION OF THE HUMORIST.

A journalist writing to a Detroit paper gives this reminiscence:

I met Artemus Ward but once. I was quite young at the time, and was acting as city editor of the *Star*, published at Schenectady. While I was city editor of that sheet I met Artemus. I was standing on a bridge at the time, and in talking about newspaper work was about to say something in regard to my heavy editorial responsibility, but Ward checked me by asking:

"What creek is this?"

"Creek!" I exclaimed, "why, this is the Erie canal."

"How far is it navigable?"

"Why of course it is navigable from one end to the other."

"Well," solemnly replied Ward, "that beats all the streams I ever heard of. By the way, I think I can make out some large boats anchored up the stream there—what are they, propellers or side-wheelers?"

I replied that they were merely canal boats and were moved by horse power.

"Ah! I didn't think the stream was as shallow as that," said Artemus.

"As shallow as what?"

"Why, you say that those boats are pulled along by horses. Now, of course, they must walk along in front of the boat, must they not? I used to run a stone boat on my lamented Uncle John's farm; and I distinctly remember that the horses walked along in front."

I mentally declared that I had never before met with such ignorance. I spent some time in explaining the peculiarities of the big ditch, and just as I had begun to think that at last I had set the stranger right on the subject, he knocked my hopes into kindling wood by remarking:

"I suppose that when the stream dries up in summer they put boats on wheels, don't they?"

Then I began again and explained every feature in the canal, from New York to Erie. How attentively he listened to my words. I can still see that melancholy face, lit by the sad light in the stars, and those mournful eyes looking into mine so earnestly; and again I hear, as I did then, after I had talked for nearly half an hour, going fully into the details of boating, the low, pathetic drawl:

"Any saw-mills on this stream that you know of?"

Shortly after some gentlemen came along who seemed to be acquainted with my obtuse friend. Presently one called him Artemus, and then I commenced to reflect. I always reflect best when I'm hid away somewhere, and so I went and hid myself.

A GLASS MOUNTAIN.—Another marvel recently brought to light in the Yellowstone Park of North America is nothing less than a mountain of obsidian or volcanic glass. Near the foot of Beaver lake, a band of explorers came upon this remarkable mountain, which rises at that place in columnar cliffs to many hundreds of feet in altitude, from hissing hot springs at the margin of the lake. As it was desirable to pass that way, the party had to cut out a road through the steep glassy barricade. This they effected by making huge fires on the glass to thoroughly heat and expand it, and then dashing the cold water of the lake against the heated surface, so as to suddenly cool and break it up by shrinkage. Large fragments were in this way detached from the solid side of the mountain, then broken up small by sledge hammers and picks, not, however, without severe lacerations of the hands and faces of the men from flying splinters. In the Grand Canon of the Gibbon river the explorers also found precipices of yellow, black and banded obsidian hundreds of feet high. The natural glass of these localities has from time immemorial been used by the Indians to tip their spears and arrows.

HOW BANANAS ARE RAISED.—Few people who see bananas hanging in the shops of fruit dealers think of them as more than a tropical luxury. The fact is, they are a staple article of food in some parts of the world; and, according to Humboldt, an acre of bananas will produce as much food for a man as twenty-five acres of wheat. It is the ease with which bananas are grown that is the great obstacle to civilization in some tropical countries. It is so easy to obtain a living without work that no effort will ever be made, and the men become lazy and shiftless. All that is needed is to stick a sucker into the ground, and it will at once sprout and grow, and ripen its fruit in twelve or thirteen months without further care, each plant having from 75 to 125 bananas; and, when that dies down from fruiting, new suckers spring up to take its place. In regions where no foot ever reaches, bananas are found in all stages of growth, ripening every day and every month in the year.

A LONG-STANDING order of the Post Office Department has required that all postal cards having any portion of the message written on their face should be treated as unmailable. First Assistant Postmaster General Tyner, the 14th inst., rescinded this order to the extent of holding that such writing shall not render them unmailable, *per se*, nor prevent their being forwarded, unless it makes the address ineligible. The public are cautioned, however, that by writing any portion of the message on the face they will incur a risk of the cards being missent or delayed.

As he sat upon the steps, one Sunday evening, he claimed the right to a kiss for every shooting star. She at first demurred, as became a modest maiden, but finally yielded. She was even so accommodating as to call his attention to the flying meteors that were about to escape his observation, and then go to "calling" him on lightning bugs, and at last got him down to steady work on the light of a lantern that a man was swinging about the depot in the distance, where trains were switching.

"Bon, did you ever stop to think," said a grocer, recently, as he measured out half a peck of potatoes, "that those potatoes contain sugar, water, and starch?" "No, I didn't," replied the boy. "But I heard mother say that you put peas and beans in your coffee, and about a pint of water in every quart of milk you sold." The subject of natural philosophy was dropped.

"BUT you know, pa," said a farmer's daughter, when he spoke to her about the addresses of his neighbor's son, "you know, pa, that ma wants me to marry a man of culture!" "So do I, my dear, so do I, and there is no better culture in the country than agriculture."

A CAREFUL political economist closely calculates that the women in this country might annually save $14,500,000 in ribbons which the men might spend in cigars.—*Portsmouth Times*.

THE latest is: The captain sing out to the man at the wheel, "Hard lee!" The man at the wheel said: "Ever," and was thrown overboard.

SOME one who believes that "brevity is the soul of wit" writes, "Don't eat stale Q-cumbers. They'll W up."

HE is a wise man who can judge his own work as well as he judges that of others.

ONE smile for the living is worth a dozen tears for the dead.

ELECTION,
NEXT TUESDAY!

BEAT BOB TOOMBS.

How a Georgia Farmer Won a Suit that Aleck Stephens Gave Up.

Many years ago a Georgia doctor sued a man named Peter Bennett for a bill for attendance during Mrs. Bennett's sickness. The doctor's counsel was Robert Toombs, and Bennett had selected Alexander H. Stephens, but the latter said he had no case, and Peter said he would conduct the case himself. He said:

"Gentlemen of the Jury: You and I is plain farmers, and if we don't stick together these ere lawyers and doctors will get the advantage of us. I ain't no objections to them in their proper place; but they ain't farmers, gentlemen of the jury. Now, this man Royston was a new doctor, and I went for him to come an' to doctor my wife's sore leg. And he came and put some salve truck onto it, and some rags, but never did it one bit of good, gentlemen of the jury, I don't believe he is no doctor no way. There is doctors that is doctors, sure enough; but this man don't earn his money, and if you send for him, as Mrs Susan Atkinson did for a negro boy as was worth $1000, he just kills him and wants pay for it."

"I don't," thundered the doctor.

"Did you cure him?" asked Peter.

"As I was saying, gentlemen of the jury, we farmers when we sell our cotton, has got to give vally for the money we ask, and a doctor ain't none too good to be put to the same rule. And I don't believe this Sam Royston is no doctor, no how."

The physician again put in his oar, with "Look at my diploma if you think I'm no doctor."

"His diploma!" exclaimed the new-fledged orator, with great contempt. "His diploma! Gentlemen, that is a big word for printed sheepskins, and it didn't make no doctor of the sheep as first wore it, nor does it of the man as now carries it, and I pint out to ye that he ain't no doctor at all."

The man of medicine was now in a fury, and screamed out: "Ask my patients if I am no doctor."

"I asked my wife," retorted Peter, "an' she said as how she thought you wasn't."

This seemed to be the straw that broke the camel's back, for Peter replied with a look and tone of unutterable sadness:

"That is a hard sayin', gentlemen of the jury, and one that requires me to have powers as I've heard ceased to be exercised since the Apostles. Does he expect me to bring the angel Gabriel down before the time and cry aloud, 'Awake, ye dead, and tell this court and jury your opinion of Royston's practice!' Am I to go to the tomb and say to him as is at last at rest from physic and doctors' bills, 'Git up here, you, and state if you died a natural death, or was hurried up some by doctors?' He says 'Ask his patients,' and, gentlemen of the jury, they are all dead! Where is Mrs. Beazly's man Sam? Go ask the worms in the graveyard, where he lies. Mr. Peck's woman Sarah was attended by him, and her funeral was appointed, and he had the corpse ready. Where is that likely Bill as belonged to Mr. Mitchell? Now in glory, expressin' his opinion on Royston's doctrine. Where is the baby gal of Harry Stephens? She is where doctors cease from troublin' and infants are at rest

"Gentlemen of the jury, he has eat chickens enough at my house to pay for his salve, and I furnished the rags, and I don't suppose he charges for makin' of her worse, and even he don't pretend to charge for curin' of her; and I am humbly thankful that he never gave her nothin' for her innards, as he did his other patients, for somethin' made um all die mighty sudden." Toombs made a logical restatement of the case, but the jury found for Bennett.

PROFITABLE GRAPES.—In reply to A. D. B., page 598, let me say from my experience that Rogers' hybrids 3, 4, 9, 15, 22 and 43, are nearly as good bearers as Concord, and much more profitable than Hartford, particularly No. 3 or Massasoit, which is fully as early as Hartford; as strong a grower as Concord; does not drop off, and in quality is only second to Delaware. Some of my customers prefer them to Delaware, being twice the size of berry. No 19 or Merrimack, does not amount to much with me. Brighton and Lady are both early and excellent. White Highland and Moore's Early have great promise. Eumelan is not worth doing much with. Champion is of better quality, but is not first-class. Being very early, it may pay to raise a few. H *Northampton, Mass.*

THE Cologne Cathedral, the corner-stone of which was laid in 1248, will be completed in August of next year. It took from 1248 to 1517 to finish the choir, and since that time it has required liberal aid from all the sovereigns of Europe to keep the construction going. The Cathedral is 510 feet long and 230 feet broad; the nave is supported by one hundred columns, the four central of which are no less that 40 feet in circumference; the choir is 160 feet in height, and the two great towers are each 500 feet high. When the Cathedral is completed Gothic architecture will be able to point to an acknowledged masterpiece, and the bones of the 11,000 virgins may rest quiet in their shrine.

A PUZZLED IRISHMAN.—At a legal investigation of a liquor seizure, the Judge asked an unwilling witness: "What was in the barrel you had?" The reply was: "Well, your Honor, it was marked 'whisky' on one end of the barrel and 'Pat Duffy' on the other end, so that whether it was whisky or Pat Duffy was in the barrel I cannot say, being as I am on my oath."

"WHAT are you looking for?" asked one of the Widow Bedott's two daughters, who were entertaining their two young fellows on the piazza rather late one night last summer, of their mother, who seemed to be hunting for something around the front yard. "The morning papers," answers the widow. The young men left.

AN American engineer has been studying the great wall of China. It is 1,728 miles long and, being built without the slightest regard to the configuration of the ground, is sometimes carried 1,000 feet down into abysses. Brooks and small rivers are bridged over by it, and strong towers on both sides protect large rivers.

THE Fiji Islanders were very much disgusted by the corsets worn by the last lot of female missionaries sent there. The hungry and ingenious natives say that if white women are to have as many bones as a shad it really doesn't pay to import them.

"No eetin appuls in school ours," reads a sign on the blackboard of a school-house in enlightened old Massachusetts, where education is supposed to sit on the top rail and make faces at ignorance.

THE man who goes fishing and sits in a cramp-inviting posture on a narrow thwart from early morn till dewy eve, and calls it fun, is the same man that never goes to church, because the pews are not comfortable.

"WHY will you persist in wearing another woman's hair on your head?" asked Acid of his wife. She retorted: "Why will you persist in wearing another sheep's wool on your back?"

GRATITUDE is the fairest blossom which springs from the soul, and the heart of man knoweth none more fragrant.

ISAAC WARNER broke his neck and died instantly while trying to jump on a fanning mill at McConnelsburg, Pa., on Saturday.

TIGHT pantaloons are again coming in fashion.

DEMOCRATS,
EXAMINE YOUR TICKETS!

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.:

THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 1879.

THE TICKET.

Democrats, examine your tickets carefully before handing them to the inspector. Two parts will be voted this year, one headed "State" and the other "County," as follows:

State.

State Treasurer,
DANIEL O. BARR.

County.

District Attorney,
D. M. WILSON.

Director of the Poor,
GEORGE LOUGH.

Jury Commissioner,
JACOB KLUNK.

Any attempt at using a spurious ticket should be promptly exposed. Democrats in all the districts are urged to be ON THE ALERT.

POLITICAL.—Election NEXT TUESDAY. BEWARE OF SPURIOUS TICKETS!

WHAT right has a stalwart who regards a Democrat as a "rebel" and "traitor," to ask a Democrat for his vote?

"CORRUPT Tammany" once so hateful in the eyes of the Republicans, is now the ally of the Cornell-Conkling Republicans, of New York. They are very sweet on each other just now.

DEMOCRATS, vote for none but your own candidates and thus rebuke stalwartism and its hates.

JOHN KELLY's campaign through the interior of New York appears to have accomplished more than was bargained for. Great fear is expressed that the canal ring will vote for Kelly when their votes would certainly be given to Cornell if Kelly were not a candidate.—*Patriot.*

OUR ticket is made up of good and true Democrats, and should have the solid support of every Democrat.

THE Louisiana Republicans are not irretrievably for Grant. They will hear Sherman's proposition.

WHILE some easily discouraged Democrats are already weeping over the loss of the next Presidency, because the Republicans have carried Republican Ohio, the Republicans are complaining that a "Solid South" makes 138 electoral votes sure for the Democratic party and leaves it but 47 to get elsewhere. When Republicans are bemoaning their sad fate, pointing to those 138 solid votes as a standing grievance, and moving heaven and earth to find compensation for them in a solid North, it is a great waste of time for Democrats to repine.—*Phila. Chronicle.*

THE Democratic ticket is made up of true Democrats.

IT takes *cheek*—this thing of a stalwart asking a Democrat for a vote.

WHO is now stirring up hate in the land? The stalwarts—and yet stalwarts ask Democrats for votes!

GEN. GRANT attended a "hoss trot" in San Francisco last Saturday and then mounted a dead-head car and started East. Now let every man who lives in the hope of an office and four years' good stealing prepare to make a noise.—*Balt. Gazette.*

A VOTE for Daniel O. Barr, for Treasurer, is a vote for an honest administration of the State finances, and a blow at the ring rule about Harrisburg.

A FULL Democratic vote means victory in the State.

NO Cabinet has ever so thoroughly debased itself in politics as the Cabinet of Hayes.

THE Greenback vote in Ohio last week was less than 10,000, against 88,000 last year.

THE Greenback party in Baltimore polled exactly 99 votes for their candidate for mayor.

DEMOCRATS, poll your vote. It is "in the wood" to elect Daniel O. Barr. Indeed it is simply a question whether the voters who are inclined to stay at home can be gotten to the polls.

A UNION soldier ceases to be a Union soldier and becomes a "rebel Brigadier" as soon as he is discovered to be a Democrat.

WHEN Judge Kelley declared at the Republican meeting in Philadelphia on Saturday night that "we must fight the battle of 1861 over again," he did as much to retard the growth of business as if he had said in so many words the public debt of the United States must be repudiated. For another war means repudiation certain and inevitable.—*Patriot.*

THE Democrat who devotes next Tuesday to the election will be giving a day to his country, and the perpetuation of Democratic institutions.

WHAT a crow the stalwarts will set up over every Democratic ticket scratched?

THE result of the Ohio election shows that Union Generals are at a heavy discount in that particularly loyal State.

IF a voter has paid a state or county tax within two years next preceding the 4th of November, or if he be between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he can secure his vote by making proper proofs to the election board by his own affidavit and that of a qualified voter of his precinct, though he be not registered.

Democrats, Warn the People against Republican Falsehoods!

WHAT stupid lying some Republicans will resort to!

Mr. Wilson has discharged his duties as District Attorney faithfully and efficiently; has always been ready with his cases well prepared, never keeping a jury waiting; always saving time and never "splurging" at public expense; always presenting his cases clearly and concisely, and always ready to stop with the facts fairly before a jury—and, in the end, receiving general endorsement by the verdicts of the juries. These facts are well known to Republican politicians, and yet some of them, when in out of the way places, resort to downright lying in regard to Mr. Wilson.

The latest story set afloat is, "that Mr. Wilson is not qualified, and that the county has been compelled to employ private counsel with him." This falsehood is out of the whole cloth and very stupid, but notice of it can do no harm.

The county never employs private counsel. Outside parties often do—always have done it, and always will do it—but not at the expense of the county.

When additional counsel is secured by private parties in the first few days of a court it is always of advantage to the county, as the District Attorney is thus enabled to give more attention to the Grand Jury, and by preventing delay there lessen public expense. Such was the case with an important suit at August Court.

The amount of stupidity in the lie noticed ought to explode it in any quarter it may reach.

BESIDES giving a majority of nearly six thousand for Mayor Latrobe the Democrats of Baltimore elect twenty-seven out of thirty members of the city councils. The victory is so overwhelming that the Republicans have not been able to crawl out of the ruins and lift a feeble cry of "fraud."

Vote for Daniel O. Barr!

LET EVERY DEMOCRAT IN ADAMS COUNTY GO TO THE POLLS *NEXT TUESDAY* AND VOTE FOR DANIEL O. BARR FOR STATE TREASURER.

DEMOCRATS, DONT FAIL TO VOTE!

It is evident that the Republican party by boasting of its loyalty and by appealing to the sectional passions of the people of the State expect to elect their candidate for State Treasurer. It is supposed that iniquitous misgovernment and ring rule will be forgotten by voters if they only have repeatedly shouted in their ears the silly cry of "rebel Democracy." The truth is, that if the people of Pennsylvania really desire to prevent the public money from being squandered under Radical rule it is absolutely necessary to elect Democratic officials. Therefore, if they earnestly desire an economical and honest administration of our State finances, they must vote for Daniel O. Barr for State Treasurer, *who can be trusted.* Many good and well meaning men think the coming election of little importance. The election of Samuel Butler, the Republican candidate, means the triumph of the Radical Ring at Harrisburg. It insures the increase of our State taxes, and, since all taxes come from the hard earnings of the people, it follows that the people will be even more heavily encumbered and oppressed in the future than they now are should the Republican State ticket succeed this fall.

If then an honest administration of State affairs, low taxes, and the payment of our State indebtedness are desired, they can be obtained through the success of the Democratic party in our State. Nor is this success impossible. If the Democracy of the State do their whole duty our victory is assured, and a victory for us, now, means an important step toward driving the Radical thieves out of power in Pennsylvania and out of power in the nation in 1880. Let then every good citizen in Adams county vote to protect our State Treasury from falling under the control of a ring of Republican politicians who are rotten to the core, and not encourage by their support or by their neglecting to vote the unblushing rascality and unparalleled fraud which must prevail should our opponents succeed. Don't neglect to vote—for the Republicans are not so positive regarding the success of their State ticket as the confident bluster of the Radical managers indicate.

A correspondent of the New York *Times*, the ablest Republican newspaper in the country, writing to that journal from Philadelphia, says:

"Nobody is entirely certain who sits down quietly to look at the situation. It is taken for granted that Pennsylvania will record her vote in the same direction as the other Northern States, but this is shown more by inference than by figures. Thus, last year there was a Greenback vote in the State of nearly 82,000. This will almost entirely disappear this year. Counties that had 500 Greenbackers in 1878 will not have 10 now. Nobody supposes that Peter Sutton, their candidate for State Treasurer, can hold on to more than 20,000 of last year's men, and since the Ohio result this seems an enormous number. Estimating, however, that so many will stick, there are 60,000 and over to go into the old parties. Which will they choose? Prudent Republican calculators say they will go to the parties they came from, and that this will give 40,000 to the Democrats and 20,000 to the Republicans. This is probably a fair calculation, for last year, under Mr. Quay's skillful guidance, there was a great recruiting of Greenbackers in the Democratic ranks, while Republicans were carefully restrained from enlisting, and doubtless the contingent from the former was at least two to our one. But the objection to this is that such a movement of the Greenbackers back to old party associations would substantially wipe out Hoyt's majority of last year—22,353—and leave the party stranded high and dry, even supposing that its vote should be as well got out as in 1878, which is, of course, impossible. Something is being done, of course, to guard against the contingency of such a disaster, but much cannot be done—there is not enough political interest among the people with reference to the offices that are at stake to get up any very close and careful canvassing of voters."

The writer refers to Mr. Barr's popularity in the coal districts, particularly in Luzerne and Lackawanna counties, and fears that the Republicans will there lose many votes compared with the vote of last year; Mr. Barr being deservedly popular with the miners, who, last year, in large numbers voted for Gov. Hoyt. The fierce local quarrels among the Republicans in Indiana, Mercer and Allegheny counties are also referred to as fruitful sources of probable Republican weakness and demoralization in those hitherto Radical strongholds. All the foregoing unwilling admissions, in a strongly Republican newspaper, of the existing Republican weakness in our State, ought to lead us to poll our full vote and thereby render victory certain. If every Democrat in our State would vote at the ensuing election the Radicals would be badly defeated, and a new era of good government would be commenced for the future under Democratic auspices in our grand old Commonwealth. Hence, once more, we urge you, fellow Democrats, DON'T FAIL TO VOTE!

Vote for D. M. Wilson!

LET EVERY DEMOCRAT IN ADAMS COUNTY GO TO THE POLLS *NEXT TUESDAY* AND VOTE FOR D. M. WILSON FOR DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

By voting for Mr. Wilson for District Attorney you support a man whose honest convictions have placed him from the time of his first vote on the side of the Democracy. By voting for his opponent you support a Republican who gloried in affirming his stalwartism in the State Convention, and who, when the election is over, will glory in it again. Democrats who appreciate party duty cannot hesitate.

THE STALWART POLICY OF HATE.—By the time the campaign of 1880 is opened, Bob Ingersoll's assertion that wherever you found a rebel with a musket you found a Democrat, and wherever you found a Democrat without a musket you found a rebel, will come to be accepted as a piece of political gospel, to doubt which will be to enter the ranks of "traitors," "thugs," "soreheads," "scoundrels" and the rest of the list applied to all who differ from the stalwart interpretation of things.—*Indianapolis News (Ind.)*

DEMOCRATS, DON'T TRADE! Republicans only make such offers when they expect their candidates to be benefited by them. Our ticket is made up of good and true Democrats, worthy of the vote of every Democrat.

THE Democrat who votes for a Republican candidate gives so much aid and comfort to the stalwarts, who in their hearts believe that a Democrat has no rights anybody ought to respect.

DEMOCRATS will preserve their self-respect and avoid regrets by voting their own ticket without cut or scratch.

Vote for George Lough!

LET EVERY DEMOCRAT IN ADAMS COUNTY GO TO THE POLLS *NEXT TUESDAY* AND VOTE FOR GEORGE LOUGH FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR.

NEXT ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

The following is being published as the probable political status of the next electoral college. It gives the electoral vote of each State and is, therefore, worth preserving for reference:

DEMOCRATIC STATES.	Electoral Votes.	REPUBLICAN STATES.	Electoral Votes.
Alabama	10	California	6
Arkansas	6	Colorado	3
Connecticut	6	Illinois	21
Delaware	3	Iowa	11
Florida	4	Kansas	5
Georgia	11	Maine	7
Indiana	15	Massachusetts	13
Kentucky	12	Michigan	11
Louisiana	8	Minnesota	5
Maryland	8	Nebraska	3
Mississippi	8	Nevada	3
Missouri	15	New Hampshire	5
New Jersey	9	Ohio	22
New York	35	Pennsylvania	29
North Carolina	10	Rhode Island	4
South Carolina	7	Vermont	5
Tennessee	12		
Texas	8	Total	153
Virginia	11		
West Virginia	5		
Total	203		

DOUBTFUL STATES.	
Oregon	3
Wisconsin	10
Total	13

The above provides that the Republicans will carry Ohio in 1880, and yet it will be seen that even if such should be the case it will not by any means secure for them the Presidency.

BREWSTER AGAINST THE UNION.—Among the stalwart speeches made at Philadelphia the other night was one by Benj. H. Brewster, and of it the *Chronicle-Herald* remarks:

It made Mr. Brewster's blood boil to recall the rebel sentiments which had been uttered "in this town but a few days since in the Hall of Independence," and he declared the same to be "political blasphemy." This reference was to the patriotic speech of Captain Burk, of the Gate City Guards of Georgia, to which Mayor Stokley and other stalwart Republicans listened without having their feathers ruffled. Now we want to ask Mr. Brewster if he doesn't know that the Captain of the Atlanta company is a Republican, and fought for the Union under the stars and stripes? And while that "political blasphemer" was battling to preserve the Union, we desire to know of Mr. Brewster whether he wasn't languishing at home in luxury and chafing his proud spirit in safety at the rear? How much hostile lead does Mr. Brewster carry about his person? How many months did he spend in rebel prisons? And how often—at a rough estimate—has he died for his country?

A man who, like Mr. Brewster, makes a business of plowing up the grain-grown battle fields of the war to reveal the hideous skulls and rotting skeletons that lie beneath, is an enemy to his country and his kind. As a partisan he is a vile calumniator of more than half the people of this country. As a patriot he is a demagogue and a fraud. Above all he is a rank disunionist, who seeks to array section against section, and split this country once more on sectional issues and sectional hate.

Vote for Jacob Klunk!

LET EVERY DEMOCRAT IN ADAMS COUNTY GO TO THE POLLS *NEXT TUESDAY* AND VOTE FOR JACOB KLUNK FOR JURY COMMISSIONER.

A GREAT DISCOVERY.

JUDGE FREEMAN, to whom the Postmaster General formally referred the report of Special Agent Frey in the Blackville, S. C., shooting case, will report in substance that no law exists by which crimes against the person of postal officials can be tried in United States courts. This stupid deficiency should be supplied at once, but such an effort will be sure to meet with united opposition by the Democratic party in Congress.

We find the foregoing in the Philadelphia *Inquirer*, where we should not have thought of looking for so much "stupid deficiency." What gives such sacredness to "the person of postal officials" that offenders against them should be tried in other courts than those which try offenders against ordinary mortals? If the most eminent Judge, the most eminent Lawyer, the most eminent Doctor or the most eminent Preacher of the Gospel in South Carolina were to be shot, the offender would be tried in a court of that State and there would be nothing "stupid" about the proceeding. But a negro Postmaster has been shot, and it is considered a "stupid deficiency" in our laws that his murderer must be tried by the same tribunal that would try the murderer of a white Preacher! Verily the African is exalted! Verily United States officials are high and holy personages! Like the Pharisee, they may well thank God that they are not as other men.

If the Republicans should carry the next Presidential election and obtain a majority in both branches of Congress, we may expect them to correct some of the "stupid deficiencies" they have discovered. Then will come halcyon days for United States officials. They will magnify their offices and their offices will magnify them. When a plain citizen meets a Postmaster (with a red stamp on his nose,) he will have to stop short, lift his hat and bow profoundly. When he meets a Revenue Collector he will have to drop on one knee. If he meets a member of the Cabinet he will have to drop on both knees and bump his forehead on the ground. And if he should meet the President, he could only fill the requirements of the occasion and of the law by standing on his head.—*Valley Spirit.*

DEMOCRATS, don't allow yourselves to be humbugged into supporting Republican candidates. To do it is to cause yourselves regret as soon as the election is over—because no sooner will it be over than Republican candidates will swing the bloody shirt in your faces as insultingly as ever.

THERE will undoubtedly be large Republican losses in many counties in this state next Tuesday. West of the Alleghenies Mr. Butler will fall behind the majority given to Gov. Hoyt at least 12,000 votes. If the middle and eastern counties will do as well Daniel O. Barr will be elected by 15,000 majority. To work, men and brethren! We can win if we but try.—*Patriot.*

FACTS IN A NUT-SHELL.—The Washington *Post*, after surveying the field, says: The Democratic party elected their President in 1876 without the aid of either California, Maine, Colorado, Iowa or Ohio. With New York, Indiana and the South they can elect him in 1880. Badly as the elections of 1879 have so far turned out for the Democracy, not a solitary State, which was Democratic three years ago, has turned against us, while we have gained South Carolina, which we did not claim in 1876, and have made the two States of Louisiana and Florida, which we carried that year but were not allowed to hold, sure. And so far as the first five States mentioned are concerned, the Republicans have not even held their own. Maine, California and Ohio, which they have carried by majorities in 1876, they only have by pluralities now. Now where is the gain? which of the two parties, in view of all the facts in the case, has the right to feel encouraged this year? Which is to indulge in expressions of dolorous sympathy with reference to the other?

ELECTION NEXT TUESDAY!

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Correspondence of the Gettysburg Compiler.

WASHINGTON, October 26.

Here at the Capital, where politics is the leading industry, and politicians do chiefly abound, we have had much discussion of the Ohio election and its probable effect upon the future of parties, as well as upon the various presidential booms. Outside of Ohio I do not think the Democrats, generally, expected success there. My own judgment, before visiting the State, was that Foster would be elected; yet while there I imbibed somewhat of the enthusiastic hopes which the Buckeye Democrats undoubtedly entertained. But these hopes were nipped by an early October frost, and now we wonder why they were given play. To be sure, there was a possibility that the Democracy might win the State, as there always is a possibility in any State where the vote is so large and the majority so small; but all the chances were certainly against Democratic success. With but three exceptions the State has been carried by the Republicans in every election since the war, and the three exceptions occurred in years when there was no general hard-fought contest, and no full vote. Ohio's electoral vote has not been cast for a Democrat since 1848—thirty one years ago. This record, and John Sherman's desperate work and immense expenditures, sufficiently explain the result. It has been charged to the financial issue. Probably the charge is correct. The $5 and $10 national bank and Treasury "issues" were certainly used very freely in Cincinnati, Cleveland, and other cities.

What effect the result has upon the chances of presidential candidates, is hardly worth discussing. There are several very able gentlemen in the Democratic party whose chances for nomination and election are not in any way interfered with. There is talk of a Bayard boom, and a possible Hancock boom, with several other booms in reserve. It is enough to know that the ability of the Democrats to elect the next President exists, and that the chances are to-day three to one in their favor. The feature of the result in Ohio most to be regretted is the defeat of Senator Thurman. His retirement is a national loss. The other day the Supreme Court decided that his bill, which forces the Pacific railways to begin paying their indebtedness to the Government, is constitutional and valid. By it the Government is saved a hundred million of dollars. And yet the people of Ohio vote to discharge Judge Thurman from further service, while Jay Gould climbs up to the tall tower of his *Tribune* building and gives three cheers. Then he goes down and orders Whitelaw Reid to give Thurman a few parting kicks.

John Sherman thinks he has got his little boom in a very healthy condition now, and he is as serene as a big sunflower. But, after all his Ohio triumph and his careful manipulation of the Custom-house and other positions down in New Orleans, it seems that his little clique of Returning Board scoundrels were not able to "fix" Louisiana for him. The Republican party is rather scattering down in that State, but they held their Convention this week, and elected delegates to the National Convention. These delegates are reported to be anti-Sherman. Anyhow, the convention declared that Grant was its "unalterable choice." The idea of the Louisiana Republican crowd having an "unalterable choice" is what makes the marines all laugh. The peculiarity of that crew is that they do not establish an unalterable choice until the bids are all in—and that may be the peg upon which the wily Secretary hangs his faith. They did compliment John on the success of resumption, but it is hardly probable that he will be satisfied with any "taffy" of that sort. Sherman is going to follow Evarts over to New York to help Conkling and Cornell. That, too, is another of the funny things one sees in politics. This Administration was just recently at bitter war with Conkling, and John Sherman charged Cornell, in an official communication to the Senate, with dishonesty and malfeasance in the office of Collector, from which he removed him, and now the whole power of the administration is exerted to elect the same man to a higher position. PHONO.

THE Republicans are desperate and stop at no falsehood to make votes. Democrats, believe no eleventh-hour stories.

THE New York *Sun* makes the following remarks upon the Ohio election: "Any party in possession of the Government, with its enormous patronage, and the vast operations of the Treasury, and 100,000 office-holders forming a standing partizan army, is able, when these resources are thrown *into a single State*, to control the majority under ordinary conditions. They were never before used with less scruple. The Fraudulent President and his Warwick, the Fraudulent Secretary of the Treasury, were on the ground personally directing the campaign, and commanding their subordinates. Money was expended beyond all former experience."

THE SOLDIER IN POLITICS.—The Ohio election has demonstrated one thing which ought to be engraved on the tablet of every Democrat's memory, and that is that so far as the Republicans are concerned their cry for the soldier is merely a rallying cry—only this and nothing more. By their Federal and other appointments, by their elections of Congress men and other officials all over the North they have shown that they are absolutely nothing for the soldier except when it is convenient to use him. They reckon a red-handed, murdering rebel guerrilla like Mosby among their saints if he becomes a Republican, but denounces a brave and gallant Union soldier like Ewing as a rebel, and a hero who was mutilated in defense of the old flag like Rice a traitor, and vote for a stay-at-home. We warn Democratic soldiers they need never expect any Republican sympathy for all they endured to make a peaceful country for ungrateful wretches who skulked in the rear and grabbed offices in peace. The Republicans want all the Democratic aid they can buy, beg or borrow, but will never return any. The praise of the soldier is not principle with them; it is simply hypocritical howl.—*Cleveland Plaindealer.*

STONE DEAD.—We see it stated that the Buckeyes killed off the Greenback party at the recent election in Ohio. Not a single Greenbacker was elected to any office in that State. About the 4th of July last, the leaders declared that they would elect the Governor, Legislature and one-half of the county officers. The few who remained in the field were employed by Sherman, Hayes & Co., for a cash consideration. They have their rewards in their pockets.—*Clearfield Republican.*

THE Baltimore *Sun* declares that the municipal election which occurred in Baltimore on Wednesday last was one of the fairest ever held in that city. The Democratic majority was nearly 6,000. Maryland is good for 15,000 Democratic majority in November.

RADICAL POLICIES.—The New York *World* remarks: "In New York, where there is a Democratic State administration, the Republicans avoid State issues and fix their eyes sternly on the South. In Massachusetts, where there is a Republican State administration, the Republicans equally avoid State issues and fix their eyes sternly on the South. It is because they can find nothing to condemn in New York and nothing to applaud in Massachusetts?"

ANOTHER AERONAUT MISSING.—Wm. Brayton, an aeronaut, made an ascension at St. Charles, Mo., on Saturday. The wind was blowing at such a rate that it was with difficulty the balloon was inflated. He went up in tights and without a basket, having only rings to hold to. The balloon barely escaped dashing to pieces against the sides of the houses. Brayton hung head downward, holding by his legs, when five hundred feet in the air. He expected to stay up only a short time, but the balloon went so fast that it soon passed out of sight. It is feared that it became unmanageable, and as Brayton had on only tights he may have frozen to death.

—Brayton came down safely.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup.

A pleasant, safe and effectual remedy for worms. E. F. Kunkel's Syrup has never been known to fail in a single case. Destroys Pin, Seat, Thread and Stomach Worms. This is a very palatable remedy, in an agreeable form, such as children will crave. It is purely vegetable in its composition, and prepared according to the latest improvements in Pharmaceutical Chemistry, by which we are able to separate the active principles of medicines from their nauseous and bulky accompaniments, and present them in a more concentrated and reliable form than in a crude state. Nauseous doses are often swallowed without producing the desired effect. In this Syrup I have the active principle of the most effectual Vermifuges, free from the unpleasant taste and odor, and more safe and certain in its effects. E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to destroy all kinds of Worms. (Dr. Kunkel, the only successful physician who removes Tape Worm in two hours, alive with head, and no fee until removed.) Common sense teaches if Tape Worms be removed all other worms can be readily destroyed. Advice at office and store, free. The doctor can tell whether or not the patient has Worms. Thousands are dying daily with worms and do not know it. Fits, spasms, cramps, choking and suffocation, sallow complexion, circles around the eyes, swelling and pain in the stomach, restless at night, grinding of the teeth, picking at the nose, cough fever, itching at the seat, headache, foul breath, the patient grows pale and thin, tickling and irritation in the anus,—all these symptoms, and more, come from worms. E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to remove them. Price, $1.00 per bottle, or six bottles for $5.00. (For Tape Worm write and consult the Doctor.) For all others, buy of your druggist the Worm Syrup, and if he has it not, send to Dr. E. F. Kunkel, 259 N. Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. Advice by mail, free; send 3-cent stamp.

E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron.

A sure cure for Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Weak Stomach, General Debility, Diseases of the Nervous System, Constipation, Acidity of the Stomach, and for all cases requiring a Tonic. Every bottle guaranteed or the money refunded. Price $1.00. Get the genuine. Ask for E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron and take no other. Price, $1.00, or six bottles for $5.00. If your druggist does not have it send to the Proprietor, 259 N. Ninth St., Phila., Pa. Advice free; enclose three-cent stamp. Oct. 9, 1879. 1m

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. Jan. 16, 1879. 1y

BOUGHT BEFORE THE ADVANCE!

THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT OF

Pocket Knives, Razors, Strops, Table Cutlery, Purses, Pocket Books, Revolvers, Guns, etc., etc., etc.,

Which, having been bought before the recent advance in prices, will be sold at the

OLD LOW PRICES.

CALL FOR BARGAINS

AT

Winter & Son's,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,
GETTYSBURG, PA.

Oct. 30, '79.

SCHOOL TAX NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the tax-payers of STRABAN TOWNSHIP that the duplicate of said school district has been placed in the hands of the undersigned as Receiver of said tax. On all school taxes paid on or before the first day of January next an ABATEMENT OF FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed—after which there will be no abatement. On all taxes not paid on or before the first day of February, 1880, FIVE PER CENT. WILL BE ADDED for collection fees. After the first of February the unpaid taxes will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

The Receiver will attend at Boreas Deatrick's, in Hunterstown, on TUESDAY, the 4th of NOVEMBER, 1879, from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M., to receive taxes and allow the abatement; also at the same place, on SATURDAY, the 15th of NOVEMBER, and on SATURDAY, the 22d of NOVEMBER, from 1 to 4 o'clock, P. M., for the same purpose.

By order of the Board.
JEREMIAH TAUGHINBAUGH,
Sept. 25, 1879. 6w Receiver.

School Tax Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to the Tax-payers of CUMBERLAND TOWNSHIP that the Duplicate for said School District has been placed in the hands of the undersigned as Receiver of said tax. On all School taxes paid on or before the 1st day of JANUARY NEXT, an ABATEMENT OF FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed, after which there will be no abatement. On all taxes not paid on or before the 1st day of FEBRUARY, 1880, five per cent. will be added for collection.

The Receiver will attend at the McClellan House, in Gettysburg, on Saturday, the 8th day of November, on Saturday, the 13th of December, and Monday, the 29th of December, 1879, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. each day. By order of the Board,
LEVI SPANGLER,
Oct. 9, 1879. 6w Receiver.

TAX NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the tax-payers of BUTLER TOWNSHIP that the Duplicate of said School District has been placed in the hands of the undersigned as Receiver of said tax. On all school taxes paid on or before the 1st of JANUARY, 1879, an ABATEMENT OF FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed, after which there will be no abatement. On all taxes not paid on or before the 1st day of FEBRUARY, 1880, FIVE PER CENT. WILL BE ADDED. The undersigned will be in Middletown on the last Saturday in each month, at the store of Andrew Cronise, in the afternoon, to receive taxes. By order of the Board.
J. H. BOWERS,
Oct. 16, 1879. 6w Receiver.

SCHOOL TAX NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to the tax-payers of HUNTINGTON TOWNSHIP that the Duplicate of said School District has been placed in the hands of the undersigned as collector of said tax. On all school taxes paid on or before the FIFTEENTH OF DECEMBER, 1879, AN ABATEMENT OF FIVE PER CENT. will be allowed, after which there will be no abatement. On all taxes not paid on or before the first day of February, 1880, five per cent. will be added.
By order of the Board,
ELI S. MYERS, Collector.
JOSEPH TRIMMER, Pres't,
J. F. SLAYBAUGH, Sec'y pro tem.
Oct. 9, 1879. 6w

NOTICE.

FIRST and final account of WILLIAM HOLLINGER, Assignee of JOHN H. FLICKINGER and WIFE, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and will be confirmed by said court on MONDAY, the 10th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary.
DANIEL S. CHRONISTER,
Oct. 9, 1879. td Prothonotary.

NOTICE.

THE fifth and final account of MICHAEL REILY, Esq., Assignee of HANSON STONESIFER and WIFE, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and will be confirmed by said court on MONDAY, the 10th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary. DANIEL S. CHRONISTER,
Oct. 9, 1879. td Prothonotary.

NOTICE.

THE account of WILLIAM KUHNS, Assignee of STEFFY & FINK, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and will be confirmed by said court on MONDAY, the 10th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary.
DANIEL S. CHRONISTER,
Oct. 9, 1879. td Prothonotary.

NOTICE.

THE account of JOHN E. HARTMAN, Assignee of JOHN T. STOVER and WIFE, has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, Pa., and will be confirmed by said court on MONDAY, the 10th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary.
DANIEL S. CHRONISTER,
Oct. 9, 1879. td Prothonotary.

Administrator's Notice.

ALEXANDER HOOVEN'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Alexander Hooven, late of Union township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN HOOVEN, Administrator.
P. O. address—Hanover, Pa., Box 17.
Oct. 23 1879. 6w

A GOOD FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, intending to change climate on account of bad health, offers his FARM at private sale. It is situated in Butler township, Adams county, Pa., 1½ miles from the thriving village of Arendtsville and about the same distance from Middletown, adjoining lands of Moses Baltzsperger, Hezekiah Lau, Henry Deardorff, Thomas Fisher and others, containing 141 ACRES and 22 PERCHES of farming land and 18 acres of good TIMBER LAND lying 2¼ miles from the farm. The improvements are a good substantial BRICK HOUSE with 7 rooms and a large Kitchen, a good Cellar and large Basement with fire place in it, and a good spring piped to the basement door; large Frame Bank Barn with Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, and large Shed for farming implements attached, besides good Stabling and under good roof, a good Hog Pen 12 by 22 feet, good Poultry House, Wood House, Work Shop, Buggy House and all other necessary out-buildings—all built within 3 years; two good gardens and the yards around the house all enclosed with a good substantial picket fence, all new; a young Apple Orchard of 200 trees of the choicest fruit, with a good variety of other fruit, and a vineyard of 100 grapevines, ready to bear. The farm has all been limed within three years, and is in a good state of cultivation, and the fences are all good, and so laid off, so that stock can have access to a never-failing stream of water from any field on the farm.

The farm is well located and is calculated for either a Stock or Dairy Farm; and is in a good neighborhood, convenient to schools, churches, mills, &c. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on John Cook, residing on the farm, or on the undersigned, near where the Conowago Paper Mill was.
July 31, '79. tf SAMUEL FISHER.

VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offer at private sale their VERY DESIRABLE FARM, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., about one mile southwest of Bendersville, adjoining Wm. Walker, C. J. Rice and others, and containing 150 ACRES, more or less, about 25 acres being good timber. The farm land is very productive, and the fences are good. The improvements consist of a Two-story part Stone and part Roughcast DWELLING HOUSE, with Two-story Out-Kitchen, Bank Barn with Wagon Shed attached, a Wagon Shed with Corn Cribs, a Straw Shed nearly covering the barnyard, a large Work Shop, Ice House, Hog Pen, Hen House, and other out-buildings; a SAW MILL and a SHINGLE MILL, both nearly new and in good running order; a never-failing well of water at the house, running water in the barn yard and in nearly every field; one of the largest and finest APPLE ORCHARDS in the county, just in full bearing condition and hardly ever missing a crop; also a young Peach Orchard, with all other kinds of the best fruit—indeed the property should command unusual attention because of its extra fruit producing qualities. The land is principally copper-stone, which generally produces as well as limestone—is easily farmed and in every sense satisfactory. The water cannot be excelled. Altogether the farm is among the most desirable in the county. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call on the first-named, residing thereon. For further particulars address, to Bendersville,
J. H. KAFFENSPERGER,
Aug. 7. tf DANIEL G. SHEELY.

A Desirable Farm
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber on account of failing health, offers at private sale his DESIRABLE FARM, in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., 2½ miles southwest of Gettysburg, adjoining Philip Reading, Esq., Thos. T. Norris, Edward Sandoe and others, and containing 150 ACRES, more or less; about 15 acres in timber and 30 in meadow. Some of the land has been limed, is in productive condition, and the fences are good. The improvements are a large Two-story STONE HOUSE, with Stone Kitchen attached, Log Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, new Hog Pen and other out-buildings; a good well of water at the house and two fine springs near; water in all the fields but two; a splendid Apple and Peach Orchard, about 7 acres, all budded fruit of the best kinds, and the trees just in prime bearing condition—a very valuable part of the property. Persons wishing to view are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon. About 40 acres would be sold with the improvements, or the farm entire to suit purchasers. The property is in a pleasant neighborhood, and convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. Terms easy.
ABDIEL SLONAKER.
Aug. 28, 1879. 4m

TWO VALUABLE FARMS
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale two of his Farms, viz:

No. 1, A FARM, situate in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of A. F. White, Esq., Abraham Scott, heirs of Christian Frey and others, containing 209 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Log Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, nearly new Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Hog Pen, Carriage House and other out buildings; also Apple and Peach Orchards, besides other fruit. The farm is well watered, in a high state of cultivation and fences in good order, the fields are of suitable size and in good order. Schools, churches, mills, &c., are convenient. Will be sold entire or in two parts to suit purchasers.

No. 2, A FARM, situate in Liberty township, Adams county, adjoining lands of the undersigned, David Martin, Joseph Hunter's heirs and others, containing 105 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, Bank Barn with Wagon Shed and Corn Crib attached, and other out-buildings. The tract is well watered and has apple orchards and a variety of other fruit. The land has recently been limed and is in a fine state of cultivation. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call on the undersigned, residing in Liberty township, or on A. F. White, Esq., residing in Freedom township. Terms made easy.
Aug. 28, 1879. tf W. B. WHITE.

VALUABLE FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at private sale a very DESIRABLE PROPERTY, situate in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., 3 miles southwest of Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Hon. Edward McPherson, Wm. M. Bigham, G. W. Scott and others, containing 171 ACRES, improved with two sets of Buildings: No. 1, FRAME HOUSE, Bank Barn, Wash House, Wood Shed, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib, Carriage House, two wells with pumps in them, one near the kitchen door, the other in the barn yard. No. 2, FRAME HOUSE, Frame Barn, Wagon Shed, Wood Shed, Smoke House, large Hog Pen; all in good condition, &c. These buildings have all been erected within 25 years. Orchards of choice fruit at each set of buildings. This property is bounded on the east by Marsh Creek, and will be sold entire or divided, to suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view this property will call on the undersigned, residing on No. 2.

ALSO, A LOT OF GROUND, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, adjoining Henry S. Toot and David Kitzmiller, improved with a good Two-story BRICK HOUSE, with One-story Back-building, Stable, Hog Pen, a never-failing well of water, and a variety of fruit.
Oct. 16, '79. tf JOHN CUNNINGHAM.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 8th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following real estate, viz:

A HOUSE AND LOT in Bendersville, Adams county, Pa., on the main street, adjoining properties of Howard Hatton and Jonas Routzahn, running back to an alley. The improvements consist of a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, with Kitchen attached, good Stable, never-failing well of water with pump near the door, and a choice variety of young fruit trees. This is a desirable place, the buildings all having been put up recently.

Persons wishing to view the property will call on Matthew Kelly, living on the property, or on the undersigned, living 3 miles southeast of Bendersville.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by JACOB H. WIERMAN.
W. H. Reed, Auct. Oct. 2, ts

A GOOD FARM
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale his DESIRABLE FARM, situate on the Chambersburg Turnpike, along the east bank of Marsh creek, three miles from Gettysburg, in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining Wm. Walter, Samuel Lohr, Hereter and Mickley's mill property, and others, and containing 83 ACRES, more or less, having thereon a Two-story DWELLING HOUSE, Barn, Wagon Shed, Corn Crib and other out-buildings; a well of never-failing water at the door; a fine young Apple Orchard, besides peaches, cherries, pears and grapes. The land is of the best quality and the fences are good; pleasantly located, and convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. For further information call on or address, at Seven Stars,
Sept. 4. 3m W. C. LOTT.

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 15th, 1879, A HOUSE AND LOT, on the corner of Washington and High streets; also a variety of HOUSEHOLD AND KITCHEN FURNITURE, consisting of Beds and Bedsteads, Wash Stand, Sofa, Chairs, Clock, &c., large Walnut Wardrobe, a Chamber Walnut Suite, Mahogany Extension Table, Home Sewing Machine good as new, Carpeting, Window Blinds, a new Burdett Organ, style 21, price $165, (for recommendation would only to be tried;) a partial set of Chinaware, Glassware, Mirrors, Cutlery, Parlor Egg Stove, Cooking Range, good Family Buggy, Dried and Canned Fruit, Apricot Butter, Tubs, and Kitchen-ware too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when terms will be made known by
Oct. 16. ts G. M. W. FOSTER.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that SAMUEL J. DEARDORFF and WIFE, of Straban township, Adams county, Pa., by a deed of voluntary assignment, have conveyed their estate to the undersigned, residing in Reading township, for the benefit of creditors. And as the Assignee purposes converting the property and settling his account as speedily as may be compatible with the interests of the creditors, he desires the creditors to hand in their claims at once, and those indebted to make payment immediately.
SAMUEL H. TAUGHINBAUGH,
Oct. 2, 1879. 6w Assignee.

Executors' Notice.

SINGLETON EICHOLTZ'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Singleton Eicholtz, late of Reading township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first-named residing in Tyrone township, and the last-named in Straban township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOHN EICHOLTZ,
BENJAMIN EICHOLTZ,
Oct. 2, 1879. 6w Executors.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled "An act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth," enacted on the 2d of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected; I, A. J. BOWERS, Sheriff of the County of Adams, therefore hereby give this public notice to the Electors of said County of Adams, that a GENERAL ELECTION will be held in said County, on the

FOURTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D., 1879,

[The same being the Tuesday following next the first Monday in November.]

In the several Districts, composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg, at the Court-house, in Gettysburg.

In the Second district, composed of the township of Germany, at Gulden's School-house, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of J. H. West in the borough of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Latimore and Huntington, at the house of Jane A. Reed, in the borough of York Springs.

In the Fifth district, composed of the township of Hamiltonban, at the Public School-house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at Pine Run School-house, in said township.

In the Seventh district, composed of the township of Menallen, at the public School-house in the town of Bendersville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Straban, at the house of John Eiglebert, in Hunterstown.

In the Ninth district, composed of the township of Franklin, at the house now occupied by John P. Butt, in said township.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Conowago, at the house of Mrs. Johns, in McSherrystown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of Wm. Sadler, in Heidlersburg.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the public school-house at Two Taverns, in said township.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of the township of Mountpleasant, at the public School-house in said township, situate at the cross roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Hunterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the house of N. W. Stoner, in Hampton.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough of Berwick, at the public school-house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Samuel S. Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at Schriver's School-house, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Butler, at the public School-house in Middletown, in said township.

In the Nineteenth district, composed of the township of Berwick, at the Pigeon Hill School-house, in said township.

In the Twentieth district, composed of the township of Cumberland, at the house of Peter Thorn, in the borough of Gettysburg.

In the Twenty-first district, composed of the township of Highland, at the School-house at Lower Marsh Creek Presbyterian Church, in said township.

In the Twenty-second district, composed of the borough of Littlestown, at the public School-house in said borough.

In the Twenty-third district, composed of the borough of York Springs, at the house of Jane A. Reed, in said borough.

In the Twenty-fourth district, composed of the township of Liberty, at Grayson's School-house.

In the Twenty-fifth district, composed of the borough of New Oxford, at the house now occupied by J. D. W. Stonesifer, in said borough.

At which time and places the qualified voters will elect by ballot:

One person for State Treasurer;

One person for District Attorney of Adams County;

One person for Director of the Poor; and One person for Jury Commissioner.

Qualifications of Voters.

Special attention is hereby directed to the 8th Article of the New Constitution:

SECTION 1. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections:

First.—He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

Second.—He shall have resided in the State one year, (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, then six months,) immediately preceding the election.

Third.—He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

Fourth.—If twenty-two years of age or upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

SECTION 7. All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered.

SECTION 8. Any person who shall give, or promise or offer to give, to an elector, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at an election, or for withholding the same, or who shall give or promise to give such consideration to any other person or party for such elector's vote or for the withholding thereof, and any elector who shall receive or agree to receive, for himself or for another, any money, reward or other valuable consideration for his vote at an election, or for withholding the same, shall thereby forfeit the right to vote at such election, and any elector whose right to vote shall be challenged for such cause before the election officers, shall be required to swear or affirm that the matter of the challenge is untrue before his vote shall be received.

SEC. 9. Any person who shall, while a candidate for office, be guilty of bribery, fraud or wilful violation of any election law, shall be forever disqualified from holding an office of trust or profit in this Commonwealth; and any person convicted of wilful violation of the election laws shall, in addition to any penalties provided by law, be deprived of the right of suffrage absolutely for a term of four years.

SEC. 13. For the purpose of voting no person shall be deemed to have gained a residence by reason of his presence, or lost it by reason of his absence, while employed in the service, either civil or military, of this State or of the United States, nor while engaged in the navigation of the waters of the State or of the United States, or on the high seas, nor while a student of any institution of learning, nor while kept in any poor house or other asylum at public expense, nor while confined in public prison.

SEC. 15. No person shall be qualified to serve as an election officer who shall hold, or shall within two months have held any office, or appointment or employment in or under the government of the United States or of this State, or of any city, or county, or of any municipal board, commission or trust in any city, save only justices of the peace and aldermen, notaries public and persons in the militia service of the State; nor shall any election officer be eligible to any civil office to be filled at an election at which he shall serve, save only to such subordinate municipal or local offices as shall be designated by general law.

Opening of Polls, &c.

And also to the following acts of Assembly now in force in this state, viz:

Act of June 30th, 1874.—SEC. 5. At all elections hereafter held under the laws of this commonwealth, the polls shall be opened at seven o'clock a. m., and closed at seven o'clock, p. m.

SEC. 7. Whenever there shall be a vacancy in an election board on the morning of an election, said vacancy shall be filled in conformity with existing laws.

SEC. 8. At the opening of the polls at all elections it shall be the duty of the judges of election for their respective districts to designate one of the inspectors, whose duty it shall be to have in custody the registry of voters, and to make the entries therein required by law; and it shall be the duty of the other of said inspectors to receive and number the ballots presented at said election.

SEC. 9. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot; every ballot voted shall be numbered in the order in which it shall be received, and the number recorded by the clerks on the list of voters opposite the name of the elector from whom received. And any voter voting two or more tickets, the several tickets so voted shall each be numbered with the number corresponding with the number to the name of the voter. Any elector may write his name upon his ticket, or cause the same to be written thereon, and attested by a citizen of the district. In addition to the oath now prescribed by law to be taken and subscribed by election officers, they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as witnesses in a judicial proceeding. All judges, inspectors, clerks, and overseers of any election held under this act, shall, before entering upon their duties, be duly sworn or affirmed in the presence of each other. The judges shall be sworn by the minority inspector, if there shall be such minority inspector, and in case there be no minority inspector, then by a justice of the peace or alderman, and the inspectors, overseers and clerks shall be sworn by the judge. Certificates of such swearing or affirming shall be duly made out and signed by the officers so sworn, and attested by the officer who administered the oath. If any judge or minority inspector refuses or fails to swear the officers of election in the manner required by this act, or if any officer of election shall act without being first duly sworn, or if any officer of election shall sign the form of oath without being duly sworn, or if any judge or minority inspector shall certify that any officer was sworn when he was not, it shall be deemed a misdemeanor, and upon conviction, the officer or officers so offending shall be fined not exceeding one thousand dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding one year, or both, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 10. On the day of election any person whose name shall not appear on the registry of voters, and who claims the right to vote at said election, shall produce at least one qualified voter of the district as a witness to the residence of the claimant in the district in which he claims to be a voter, for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election, which witness shall be sworn or affirmed and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit to the facts stated by him, which affidavit shall define clearly where the residence is of the person so claiming to be a voter; and the person so claiming the right to vote shall also take and subscribe a written or partly written and partly printed affidavit, stating, to the best of his knowledge and belief, when and where he was born; that he has been a citizen of the United States for one month, and of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania; that he has resided in the commonwealth one year, or, if formerly a qualified elector or a native born citizen thereof, and has removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election; that he has resided in the district in which he claims to be a voter for the period of at least two months immediately preceding said election; that he has not moved into the district for the purpose of voting therein; that he has (if twenty-two years of age or upwards) paid a state or county tax within two years and paid at least one month before the election. The said affidavit shall also state when and where the tax claimed to be paid by the affiant was assessed, and when and where and to whom paid; and the tax receipt therefor shall be produced for examination, unless the affiant shall state in his affidavit that it has been lost or destroyed, or that he never received any; and if a naturalized citizen, shall also state when, where and by what court he was naturalized, and shall also produce his certificate of naturalization for examination. But if the person so claiming the right to vote shall take and subscribe an affidavit that he is a native born citizen of the United States, or, if born elsewhere, shall state the fact in his affidavit, and shall produce evidence that he has been naturalized or that he is entitled to citizenship by reason of his father's naturalization, and shall further state in his affidavit, that he is, at the time of making the affidavit, of the age of twenty-one and under twenty-two years; that he has been a citizen of the United States one month, and has resided in the state one year; or, if a native born citizen of the state and removed therefrom and returned, that he has resided therein six months next preceding said election, and in the election district immediately two months preceding such election, he shall be entitled to vote, although he shall not have paid taxes. The said affidavits of all persons making such claims, and the affidavits of the witnesses to their residence shall be preserved by the election board and at the close of the election they shall be enclosed with the list of voters, tally list and other papers required by law to be filed by the return judge with the prothonotary, and shall remain on file therewith in the prothonotary's office, subject to examination as other election papers are. If the election officers shall find that the applicant possesses all the legal qualifications of a voter he shall be permitted to vote, and his name shall be added to the list of taxables by the election officers, the word "tax," being added where the claimant claims to vote on tax, and the word "age," where he claims to vote on age; the same words being added by the clerks in each case, respectively, on the lists of persons voting at such election.

SEC. 11. It shall be lawful for any qualified citizen of the district, notwithstanding the name of the proposed voter is contained on the list of resident taxables, to challenge the vote of such person, whereupon the same proof of the right of suffrage as is now required by law shall be publicly made and acted on by the election board, and the vote admitted or rejected, according to the evidence. Every person claiming to be a naturalized citizen shall be required to produce his naturalization certificate at the election before voting, except where he has been for five years consecutively a voter in the district where he offers to vote; and on the vote of such person being received, the election officers are to write or stamp the word "voted" on his certificate with the day, month and year, and if any election officer or officers shall receive a second vote on the same day, by virtue of the same certificate except where sons are entitled to vote, because of the naturalization of their father, they and the person who shall offer such second vote, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof be fined or imprisoned, or both, at the discretion of the court; but the fine shall not exceed five hundred dollars in each case, nor the imprisonment one year. The like punishment shall be inflicted, on conviction, on the officers of election who shall neglect or refuse to make, or cause to be made, the endorsement required as aforesaid on said naturalization certificate.

SEC. 12. If any election officer shall refuse or neglect to require such proof of the right of suffrage as is prescribed by this law, or the laws to which this is a supplement, from any person offering to vote whose name is not on the list of assessed voters, or whose right to vote is challenged by any qualified voter present, and shall admit such person to vote without requiring such proof every person so offending shall upon conviction, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be sentenced, for every such offence, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or to undergo an imprisonment not more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court.

SEC. 13. As soon as the polls shall close, the officers of election shall proceed to count all the votes cast for each candidate voted for, and make a full return of the same in triplicate, with a return sheet in addition, in all of which the votes received by each candidate shall be given after his or her name, first in words and again in figures, and shall be signed by all of said officers and certified by overseers, if any, or if not so certified, the overseers and any officer refusing to sign or certify, or either of them, shall write upon each of the returns his or their reasons for not signing or certifying them. The vote, as soon as counted, shall also be publicly and fully declared from the window to the citizens present, and a brief statement showing the votes received by each candidate shall be made and signed by the election officers as soon as the vote is counted, and the same shall be immediately posted up on the door of the election house for information of the public. The triplicate returns shall be enclosed in envelopes and be sealed in presence of the officers, and one envelope, with the unsealed return sheet, given to the judge, which shall contain one list of voters, tally-sheet, and oaths of officers, and another of said envelopes shall be given to the minority inspector. All judges living within twelve miles of the prothonotary's office, or within twenty-four miles, if their residence be in a town, village or city upon the line of a railroad leading to the county seat, shall, before two o'clock post meridian of the day after the election, and all other judges shall, before twelve o'clock meridian of the second day after the election, deliver said return, together with return sheet, to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the county, which said return shall be filed, and the day and hour of filing marked thereon, and shall be preserved by the prothonotary for public inspection. At twelve o'clock on the second day following any election, the prothonotary of the court of common pleas shall present the said returns to the said court. In counties where there is no resident president judge, the associate judges shall perform the duties imposed upon the court of common pleas, which shall convene for said purpose; the returns presented by the prothonotary shall be opened by said court and computed by such of its officers and such sworn assistants as the court shall appoint, in the presence of the judge or judges of said court, and the returns certified and certificates of election issued under the seal of the court as is now required to be done by return judges; and the vote as so computed and certified shall be made a matter of record in said court. The sessions of the said court shall be open to the public. And in case the return of any election district shall be missing when the returns are presented, or in case of complaint of a qualified elector under oath, charging palpable fraud or mistake, and particularly specifying the alleged fraud or mistake, or where fraud or mistake is apparent on the return, the court shall examine the return, and if in the judgment of the court it shall be necessary to a just return, said court shall issue summary process against the election officers and overseers, if any, of the election district complained of, to bring them forthwith into court, with all election papers in their possession; and if palpable mistake or fraud shall be discovered, it shall, upon such hearing as may be deemed necessary to enlighten the court, be corrected by the court and so certified; but all allegations of palpable fraud or mistake shall be decided by the said court within three days after the day the returns are brought into court for computation; and the said inquiry shall be directed only to palpable fraud or mistake, and shall not be deemed a judicial adjudication to conclude any contest now or hereafter to be provided by law; and the other of said triplicate returns shall be placed in the box and sealed up with the ballots. Nothing in this act shall require the returns of election of township or borough officers to be made to the court of common pleas, but all such returns as are directed to be made to the court in the election of township and borough officers shall be enclosed in a sealed cover, directed to the prothonotary of the court of common pleas of the proper county, and shall be delivered by the judge or one of the inspectors, to his office within three days after such election and filed therein. In counties where there are three or more judges of said court learned in the law, at least two judges shall sit to compute and certify returns, unless unavoidably prevented. If any of the said judges shall himself be a candidate for any office at any election, he shall not sit with the court, or act in counting the returns of such election, and in such cases the other judges, if any, shall act; and if in any county there shall be no judge qualified to hold the said court, under the provisions of this act, present and able to act, then, and in every such case, the register of wills, the sheriff and the county commissioners of the proper county shall be and constitute a board who, or a majority of whom, shall have and exercise all the powers and perform all the duties vested in, or required to be performed by the court of common pleas of such county, by and under the provisions of this section; but none of the said officers shall act as a member of such board when himself a candidate for any office at the election, the returns of which the said board is required to count under the provisions of this section. The returns required by this act to be presented by the prothonotary of the courts of common pleas of the counties of Philadelphia and Allegheny, respectively, shall be presented to such three or more of the judges, of the several courts of common pleas of said counties, respectively, as the judges of said courts, or a majority of them, may designate to perform the duty of receiving, computing and certifying said returns. When two or more counties are connected for the election of any officer, the courts of such counties shall each appoint a return judge to meet at such time and place, as required by law, to compute and certify the vote of such district. All officers provided for by this act shall be compensated as like officers are paid by existing laws. Whenever a place has been or shall be provided by the authorities of any city, county, township, or borough, for the safe-keeping of the ballot-boxes, the judge and minority inspector shall, after the election shall be finished, and the ballot-box or boxes containing the tickets, list of voters and other papers, having been securely bound with tape and sealed, and the signatures of the judge and inspectors affixed thereto, forthwith deliver the same, together with the remaining boxes, to the mayor and recorder of such city, or in counties, townships or boroughs, to such person or persons as the court of common pleas of the proper county may designate, at the place provided, as aforesaid, who shall then deposit the said boxes and keep the same to answer the call of any court or tribunal authorized to try the merits of such election. Whenever the election officers of any election district shall require the election boxes of such district to hold any election which, by law, they are or shall be required to hold, they shall keep the same securely in their possession without opening, until the morning of such election, and until they shall severally be sworn or affirmed not to disclose how any elector shall have voted, and after being so sworn or affirmed, they shall open the said boxes and burn and totally destroy all the ballots and other papers which they shall find therein, before proceeding to hold such election.

SEC. 19. Any assessor, election officer or person appointed as an overseer, who shall neglect or refuse to perform any duty enjoined by this act, without reasonable or legal cause, shall be subject to a penalty of one hundred dollars; and if any assessor shall knowingly assess any person as a voter who is not qualified, or shall wilfully refuse to assess any one who is qualified, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor in office and on conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court, and also be subject to an action for damages by the party aggrieved; and if any person shall fraudulently alter, add to, deface or destroy any list of voters made out as directed by this act, or tear down or remove the same from the place where it has been fixed, with fraudulent or mischievous intent, or for any improper purpose, the person so offending shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court; and if any person shall, by violence or intimidation, drive, or attempt to drive from the polls, any person or persons appointed by this court to act as overseers at an election, or in any way wilfully prevent said overseers from performing the duties enjoined upon them by this act, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. Any person who shall, on the day of any election, visit a polling place in any election district at which he is not entitled to vote, and shall use any intimidation or violence for the purpose of preventing any officer of election from performing the duties required of him by law, or for the purpose of preventing any qualified voter of such district exercising his right to vote, or from exercising his right to challenge any person offering to vote, such person shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. Any clerk, overseer or election officer, who shall disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

"If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, and shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, shall block up or attempt to block up the window or any avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice intimidation, threats, force or violence, with the design to influence unduly or overawe any elector, or prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of choice, such persons on convictions shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, to be imprisoned for any time not less than one nor more than twelve months, and if it shall be shown to the court where the trial of such offence shall be had, that the person so offending was not a resident of the city, ward or district where the said offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine not less than one hundred or more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of an election within the Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof or by any written or printed advertisement, or invite any person or persons to make such bet or wager, upon conviction thereof he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet."

Mode of Voting.

By an Act of the General Assembly of this State, it is enjoined upon me to insert in my proclamation of elections the following sections of laws passed by said General Assembly, as follows:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the qualified voters of the several counties of this Commonwealth, at all general, township, borough and special elections, are hereby, hereafter, authorized and required to vote, by tickets, printed, or written, or partly printed and partly written, severally classified as follows: One ticket shall embrace the names of all judges of courts voted for, and to be labelled, outside, "Judiciary;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all State officers voted for, and be labelled, "State;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all county officers voted for, including office of Senator, member or members of Assembly, if voted for, and members of Congress, if voted for, and be labelled "county;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all township officers to be voted for, and shall be labelled "township;" one ticket shall embrace the names of all borough officers voted for, and be labelled "borough;" and each class shall be deposited in separate ballot boxes.

Fifteenth Amendment.

WHEREAS, The Congress of the United States on the 31st day of March, 1870, passed an Act entitled "An Act to enforce the right of citizens of the United States to vote in the several States of this Union, and for other purposes," the first and second sections of which are as follows:

"SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled: That all citizens of the United States, who are, or shall be otherwise qualified by law to vote at any election by the people, in any State, Territory, district, city, parish, township, school district, municipality or other territorial subdivision, shall be entitled and allowed to vote at all such elections, without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude; any constitution, law, custom, usage, or regulation of any State or Territory, or by, or under its authority, to the contrary notwithstanding.

"SECTION 2. And be it further enacted, That if by or under authority of the Constitution or laws of any State, or the laws of any Territory, any Act is or shall be required to be done as a prerequisite or qualification for voting, and by such constitution or law, persons or officers are or shall be charged with the performance of duties in furnishing to citizens an opportunity to perform such prerequisite, or to become qualified to vote, it shall be the duty of every such person and officer to give to all citizens of the United States the same and equal opportunity to perform such prerequisite, and to become qualified to vote without distinction of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, and if such person or officer shall refuse or knowingly omit to give full effect to this section, he shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars to the person aggrieved thereby, to be recovered by an action on the case, with full costs and such allowance for counsel fees as the court shall deem just, and shall also, for every such offence, be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, on conviction thereof, be fined not less than five hundred dollars, or be imprisoned not less than one month nor more than one year, or both, at the discretion of the court."

A. J. BOWERS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg,
Oct. 9, 1879.

New Advertisements.
[DAUCHY & CO.]

Organs 13 Stops, 3 set Reeds, 2 Knee Swells, Stool & Book, only $98. 7 Oct. Pianos, Stool, Cover & Book, only $143 75. Illustrated Newspaper sent free. Address Daniel F. Beatty, Washington, N. J. Oct. 23. 1w

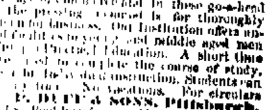
$1200 Returns in 30 days on $100 invested. Official Reports and information free. Like profits weekly on Stock options of $10 to $50. Address T. Potter Wight & Co., Bankers, 35 Wall St., N. Y. Oct. 23. 4w

A GOOD PLAN. [illegible] LAWRENCE & Co., 12 Broad Street, New York.
Oct. 9. 1w

New Advertisements.
[J. WEAVER & CO.]

PENSIONS!

Procured for soldiers disabled in U. S. service by reasons of wounds and other causes. All pensions date back to day of discharge. Pensions increased. Address with stamp,
STODDART & CO.,
Washington, D. C.
No. 913 E St., N. W. Oct. 21. 1w



IN THIS age of Commercial in these go-ahead times, the pressing demand is for thoroughly trained men for business. Our Institution offers superior facilities to young and middle aged men for obtaining a Practical Education. A short time only is required to complete the course of study. Experienced teachers. Students can enter at any time. No vacations. For circulars address P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburgh. Duff's Bookkeeping, published by Harper & Bros., printed in colors, 400 pp. The largest work on the science published. A work for bankers, railroads, business men and practical accountants. Price, $3.00, postage 20 cents.
Oct. 9. 1m

Judge for Yourself. By sending 25 cents, with age, height, color of eyes & hair, you will receive by return mail a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address, W. FOX, box 77, Fultonville, N. Y. Ag21.3m

Iron City College.

PITTSBURG, PA.

Exclusively devoted to the practical education of young and middle-aged men, for active business life. School always in session. Students can enter at any time. Send for circular.
J. C. SMITH, A. M., Principal.
Sept. 25. 3m

FALL AND WINTER

MILLINERY,

Fancy Goods and Notions.

MISS A. S. BARR,

ON BALTIMORE ST., GETTYSBURG, PA.,

Has opened a large assortment of goods, and every few days is receiving new goods of the latest styles, and novelties, usually kept in a first-class store.

GREAT BARGAINS IN BONNETS AND HATS, TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

Ladies are invited to call and examine her goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. She will take pleasure in showing goods. Oct. 16, 1879. 3m

FALL AND WINTER
MILLINERY.

Miss S. P. Horner

HAS received from Baltimore and Philadelphia a full stock of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS

of the latest and most approved styles, which will be sold at reduced rates.

Felt Hats 15 cents and upwards. Feathers 5 cents and upwards. Real Ostrich Tips 15 and 25 cents, and other goods extremely low. Also a Novelty in the latest style of Hats, Feathers, &c., to which the attention of Ladies is invited.

Ladies are invited to call and examine her assortment at her well-known establishment on Chambersburg st., opposite Buehler & Co's Drug Store, Gettysburg, Pa.
Oct. 23, 1879. 3m

FOR SALE OR RENT.

ON corner of Washington and High Sts., in the borough of Gettysburg, a CONVENIENT HOUSE of Seven Rooms and Kitchen. A well of good water and a cistern. A large lot with choice fruit, both large and small, also a good stable, &c. Desirable for either a private residence or a boarding house. If not sold will be rented in part or entire. Possession will be given at any time by
Sept. 18, '79. tf G. M. W. FOSTER.

NOTICE.

THERE are at the Alms-house TWO COLORED BOYS (8 and 11 years old) the Directors desire to bind out. Immediate application to be made to
JOHN EICHOLTZ, Steward.
Oct. 16, 1879. 3w

Gettysburg C[...]

Democrats [...]
NEXT TUES[...]

TOWN AND C[...]

LOCAL FLASHES.—Electi[...]
SNOW fell here on Friday[...] was quite white.
ELECTION officers should[...] the Sheriff's Proclamation.
OUR townsman, Mr. John[...] to Canton, Ohio, to play [...] Army Band of that city. M[...] of the great drummers of the[...]
ADAMS County Teachers' I[...] gin Nov 24 and end 28th. [...] Prof. Heiges will be here.
CARLISLE had Pinafore [...] gave it full houses. Wonder[...] retched Gettysburg.
MR. HENRY LINN, of the[...] his county, was recently attac[...] er of large hogs, excited thro[...] ing under a gate, and [...] number of painful flesh wou[...] drove off the brutes with a [...] water.
MR. SCOTT MORRISON raised[...] of potatoes on 1½ acres of groun[...]
JOHN LINEHART, Esq., is di[...] for a new dwelling house i[...]
THE wheat is beginning to [...] owing to the drouth.
DR. DIELMAN will remai[...] Mary's, and the College is to b[...]
THE mason work on the bri[...] Monocacy at Sell's mill is fini[...]
MR. ISAAC HULL, who hel[...] $1000 in the Fidelity Mutu[...] ation of Philadelphia, died S[...] and the money was paid by the[...] the association October 18th, [...] prior to maturity.
A PEACH TREE of the Crawfo[...] ety, on the premises of Mr. Ja[...] Cumberland township, bore th[...] 11 bushels of peaches—an [...] yield. The tree is 8 years plan[...]
IT is hoped that the official r[...] counts will all be brought in en[...]
DEMOCRATS, don't fail to vote[...]
MORE BIG VEGETABLES.—[...] Geyer, of this place, brings us [...] tallest and heaviest stalks of ce[...] saw. The length of one is thr[...] inches and the weight three p[...] stalks are already bleached ab[...] up, and he has just packed his c[...] in the cellar for thorough bleach[...]
Mr. Geyer also reports a [...] growing on a grape arbor that [...] the extraordinary length of 16 f[...] and he thinks has produced a fu[...] tomatoes during the season.
Mrs. Wm. Settle, of Franklin[...] seeds us five large and beautiful[...] weighing 4½ pounds.
—THE public meeting called by [...] cultural Board was held in the[...] Monday—John Cunningham, P[...] dent, and J. M. Huber, Secretary[...] ject was fully discussed and a[...] adopted to reorganize with 200 sha[...] at $50 each. The entire amount [...] needed, but the larger the numbe[...] the more general the interest w[...] throughout the county, and just s[...] each share as may be required wi[...] in. Payments to be made in f[...] ments. Quite a number of shares [...] at the meeting, and we understan[...] of subscribing is going forward sat[...] Starting out of debt, an Agricultur[...] in this prosperous and progressi[...] cannot fail to be successful and [...] It becomes farmers and citizens ge[...] take hold of this important matter[...] and in earnest.
SALES.—George Plank's heirs s[...] of land in Liberty township, to [...] Topper, 3½ acres, at $25 per acre.
Rudolph Sourbaugh sold a fa[...] acres, in Freedom township, t[...] Young, at $1,100 cash.
The farm of the late John Musse[...] ceased, in Liberty township, wa[...] Henry Welty, 216 acres, at $9,500 [...]
A house and lot in Freedom tow[...] longing to Miss Margaret Wilson, [...] chased by Mrs. Woods, at $750.
Franklin Osborn has purchased [...] of Philip Bittinger, in Butler tow[...] acres, for $1,900 cash.
Joseph Kittinger has purchased [...] of the Baumgardner farm, in Ha[...] township, including the buildin[...] Messrs. Hereter and Weikert, at [...] acre.
Anthony Peters has purchased [...] and 5 acres of ground from John A[...] near the old "Maria Furnace," Ham[...] township, for $300.
Geo. Sell has exchanged his h[...] several acres of land, with Henry [...] a mountain lot, on which copper is [...] to exist.
Chas. Bramer has purchased a h[...] lot in Fairfield, from W. C. Rogers, [...]
SURROUNDING COUNTIES.—A [...] walking match commenced at Y[...] Tuesday evening, with 7 starters.
Hanover is getting potatoes by [...] load from New York State, at 37[...] bushel.
The Catholic Fair at Hanover [...] some success.
The Hanover Drove Yard Com[...] enclosing its grounds.
The Baltimore and Hanover Railr[...] soon be open to trade and travel.
Only one man, Wm. Wachter, wa[...] by the hand-car accident on the F[...] Division. Jacob Wachter is getting [...]
The Union Fire Company of York[...] the Hagerstown Fair last week. Th[...] by the way, was a success, putting t[...] ety out of debt.
York is building a steam tug fo[...] America. It will weigh 4½ tons and [...] carrying capacity of 15 tons.
M. P. Denny, a wealthy young [...] man of Lancaster county, is missing.
A short distance beyond Concord, [...] lin county, in "The Narrows," st[...] white oak tree that has become his[...] The three counties of Franklin, Hunt[...] and Juniata intersect there.
The queerest joint stock company [...] at Chester, where fifteen stockholders [...] animal said to be the best coon dog[...] country.
The new fishway at the dam acro[...] Susquehanna at Wrightsville, York [...] is completed, and everything is now i[...] iness for the passage of the shad next [...]
George Lowe, of Falmouth, La[...] county, has been securing large num[...] bass annually for the state fish hatch[...] Donegal for propagating purposes, a[...] frequently had nearly one thousand fis[...] large box. A few nights ago some sco[...] poisoned the small stream running i[...] box, and killed nearly all the fish [...] contained.
FOR SALE.—A first-rate base-burne[...] with oven, cheap. Inquire at this offi[...]
RAISINS.—Fine new Raisins, Figs, [...] Prunes, &c., at Winter & Son's. Oct. 3[...]
GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS at the Ke[...] Hotel, Gettysburg, at 75 cents per da[...] satisfaction guaranteed. Jas. A. G[...] Proprietor. All are invited. Oct. 30[...]
"MAGIC PASTE STOVE POLISH."—N[...] always ready for use, no brush requir[...] sale by Winter & Son. Oct. 3[...]
CIGARS.—The very best in town at W[...] & Son's. Oct. 3[...]

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deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court. Any clerk, overseer or election officer, who shall disclose how any elector shall have voted, unless required to do so as a witness in a judicial proceeding, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

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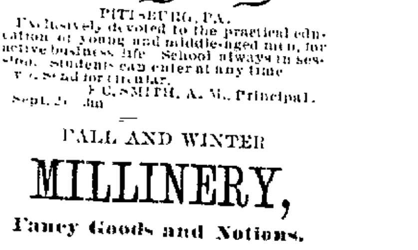

IN THIS ... P. DUFF & SONS, Pittsburgh ... Oct. 9 1m

Judge for Yourself By sending 35 cents, with age, height, color of eyes & hair, you will receive by return mail a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address, W. Fox, box 77, Fultonville, N. Y. Ag21 3m

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Gettysburg Compiler.

Democrats, Vote!
NEXT TUESDAY!

TOWN AND COUNTY.

LOCAL FLASHES.—Election next Tuesday. Snow fell here on Friday. The mountain was quite white.

ELECTION officers should carefully read the Sheriff's Proclamation.

OUR townsman, Mr. John F. Smith, goes to Canton, Ohio, to play with the Grand Army Band of that city. Mr. Smith is one of the great drummers of the country.

ADAMS County Teachers' Institute will begin Nov. 24 and end 28th. Col. Sanford and Prof. Heiges will be here.

CARLISLE had Pinafore last week, and gave it full houses. Wonder why it hasn't reached Gettysburg.

MR. HENRY LINN, of the lower end of this county, was recently attacked by a number of large hogs, excited through the squeals of one sticking under a gate, and he received a number of painful flesh wounds. A lady drove off the brutes with a pot of boiling water.

MR. SCOTT MORRISON raised 930 bushels of potatoes on 4½ acres of ground.

JOHN LENHART, Esq., is digging the cellar for a new dwelling house in New Oxford.

THE wheat is beginning to look spotted—owing to the drouth.

DR. DIELMAN will remain at Mt. St. Mary's, and the College is to be congratulated.

THE mason work on the bridge across the Monocacy at Sell's mill is finished.

MR. ISAAC HULL, who held an insurance of $3,000 in the Fidelity Mutual Aid Association of Philadelphia, died September 21st and the money was paid by the President of the association October 18th, three months prior to maturity.

A PEACH TREE of the Crawford Late variety, on the premises of Mr. James Rider, in Cumberland township, bore the past season 11 bushels of peaches—an extraordinary yield. The tree is 8 years planted.

IT is hoped that the official returns of the county will all be brought in on Wednesday.

DEMOCRATS, don't fail to vote on Tuesday.

MORE BIG VEGETABLES.—Mr. H. G. Geyer, of this place, brings us three of the tallest and heaviest stalks of celery we ever saw. The length of one is three feet three inches and the weight three pounds. The stalks are already bleached about two feet up, and he has just packed his crop in earth in the cellar for thorough bleaching.

Mr. Geyer also reports a tomato vine growing on a grape arbor that has reached the extraordinary length of 16 feet 4 inches, and he thinks has produced a full bushel of tomatoes during the season.

MRS. Wm. Settle, of Franklin township, sends us five large and beautiful turnips, one weighing 4½ pounds.

THE public meeting called by the Agricultural Board was held in the Hall on Monday—John Cunningham, Esq., President, and J. M. Huber, Secretary. The subject was fully discussed and a resolution adopted to reorganize with 200 shares of stock at $50 each. The entire amount may not be needed, but the larger the number of shares the more general the interest will become throughout the county, and just so much of each share as may be required will be called in. Payments to be made in four installments. Quite a number of shares were taken at the meeting, and we understand the work of subscribing is going forward satisfactorily. Starting out of debt, an Agricultural Society in this prosperous and progressive county cannot fail to be successful and beneficial. It becomes farmers and citizens generally to take hold of this important matter promptly and in earnest.

SALES.—George Plank's heirs sold a tract of land in Liberty township, to John A. Topper, 3½ acres, at $25 per acre.

Rudolph Sourbaugh sold a farm of 55 acres, in Freedom township, to George Young, at $1,100 cash.

The farm of the late John Musselman, deceased, in Liberty township, was sold to Henry Welty, 216 acres, at $9,500 cash.

A house and lot in Freedom township, belonging to Miss Margaret Wilson, was purchased by Mrs. Woods, at $750.

Franklin Osborn has purchased the farm of Philip Bittinger, in Butler township, 85 acres, for $1,900 cash.

Joseph Kittinger has purchased 150 acres of the Baumgardner farm, in Hamiltonban township, including the buildings, from Messrs. Hereter and Weikert, at $40 per acre.

Anthony Peters has purchased a house and 5 acres of ground from John Anderson, near the old "Maria Furnace," Hamiltonban township, for $300.

Geo. Sell has exchanged his house and several acres of land, with Henry Peters for a mountain lot, on which copper is supposed to exist.

Chas. Bratter has purchased a house and lot in Fairfield, from W. C. Rogers, for $337.

SURROUNDING COUNTIES.—A fifty-hours walking match commenced at York on Tuesday evening, with 7 starters.

Hanover is getting potatoes by the car load from New York State, at 55 cents a bushel.

The Catholic Fair at Hanover a handsome success.

The Hanover Drove Yard Company is enclosing its grounds.

The Baltimore and Hanover Railroad will soon be open to trade and travel.

Only one man, Wm. Wachter, was killed by the hand-car accident on the Frederick Division. Jacob Wachter is getting well.

The Union Fire Company of York was at the Hagerstown Fair last week. The Fair, by the way, was a success, putting the Society out of debt.

York is building a steam tug for South America. It will weigh 4½ tons and have a carrying capacity of 15 tons.

M. P. Denny, a wealthy young business man of Lancaster county, is missing.

A short distance beyond Concord, Franklin county, in "The Narrows," stands a white oak tree that has become historical. The three counties of Franklin, Huntingdon and Juniata intersect there.

The queerest joint stock company going is at Chester, where fifteen stockholders own an animal said to be the best coon dog in the country.

The new fishway at the dam across the Susquehanna at Wrightsville, York county, is completed, and everything is now in readiness for the passage of the shad next spring.

George Lowe, of Falmouth, Lancaster county, has been securing large numbers of bass annually for the state fish hatchery at Donegal for propagating purposes, and has frequently had nearly one thousand fish in a large box. A few nights ago some scoundrel poisoned the small stream running into the box, and killed nearly all the fish that it contained.

FOR SALE.—A first-rate base-burner stove with oven, cheap. Inquire at this office.

RAISINS.—Fine new Raisins, Figs, Dates, Prunes, &c., at Winter & Son's. Oct. 30. tf

GOOD ACCOMMODATIONS at the Keystone Hotel, Gettysburg, at 75 cents per day and satisfaction guaranteed. Jas. A. Grimes, Proprietor. All are invited. Oct. 30. 2t

"MAGIC PASTE STOVE POLISH."—No dust, always ready for use, no brush required, for sale by Winter & Son. Oct. 30. tf

CIGARS.—The very best in town at Winter & Son's. Oct. 30. tf

PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB.

PHILADELPHIA, October, 1879.

TO THE PEOPLE OF PENNSYLVANIA.—Fellow-Citizens: You are, no doubt, aware that owing to the sad failure of the Messenger Clerk of the Senate to return the bill making provision for the education of the deaf mute children of the State, which had passed both branches of the Legislature with great unanimity, to the House of Representatives, it failed to reach the Governor and become a law. Thus no provision has been made for the instruction of this unfortunate and interesting portion of our human family. Without proper education, unable to communicate with their fellow-creatures, their condition is deplorable, their lives cheerless and useless; but, enlightened by judicious training, and enabled to communicate with others, they are rendered happy and self-supporting, and enabled to perform their duty to themselves, their country and their God, and gladdened with the hope of a blessed immortality. There is no condition in life exempt from this misfortune. At one time there were in the Institution the great-grandson of the illustrious author of the Declaration of Independence and the grandson of James Monroe, President of the United States.

The failure of the State appropriation has imposed a grave responsibility on the Directors. To discharge the pupils of the Commonwealth, only partially instructed, and to close the doors of the School to all others anxiously waiting for admission, and to part with a number of able and accomplished instructors, would be a dire calamity; but to incur a large debt might be the ruin of the Institution. In the dilemma in which the Directors were placed, they determined that the School should be kept open. They rely upon the liberal co-operation of a generous and benevolent people to aid them until an appropriation can be obtained from the Commonwealth, which cannot be procured until the meeting of the Legislature in 1881. They therefore solicit assistance from the benevolent and philanthropic; they ask the opulent to contribute from their abundance, and the widow to cast in her mite; they invoke all the citizens of Pennsylvania to sustain this noble charity which is conferring such inestimable blessings on the children of silence and on the Commonwealth, and which deserves to be cherished as one of her brightest ornaments. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, President.

The last Annual Report showed that there were in the Institution 283 pupils from 53 counties of the State, supported by the bounty of the State.

Donations from this county will be received and forwarded by Hon. Wm. McClean.

ANOTHER SUICIDE.—On Thursday morning, between 10 and 11 o'clock, Daniel Ernst, aged 80 years, an inmate of the Alms House, at York, was found in his room, sitting on a low chair, dead.

He had twisted a rope tightly about his neck, fastening one end of it to the window sill and the other to the knob of the door of his room, sitting on the stool with his head hanging down. He had evidently died slowly.

Deceased was a wagon-maker by trade, and had been unsettled in mind for some years. He attempted suicide by shooting several years ago. He had been an inmate of the Alms House several times, the last time for the past nine years.—Herald.

A CHILD STRANGLED.—The wife of Eli Books, who resides about two miles northeast of Harrisburg, while temporarily absent from her house placed the baby in a cradle. A light cord had been placed across the top of the cradle to keep the clothes on it while the mother was out. In her absence the baby by some means got its head through the cord and strangled itself to death.

THE Sheriff of Cumberland county advertises one hundred and sixty-eight properties at public sale on November 7th. The larger number of these have been seized by the creditors of the Ahl brothers.

BASE BALL.—A game of Base Ball was played on Saturday last, at New Oxford, between the Junior club of York and the Little Brown Jug club of New Oxford, with a score of 37 for the former to 9 for the latter.

A MUSICAL entertainment, with select readings, for the benefit of the Ladies' Gospel Temperance Association of Gettysburg, will take place in Agricultural Hall, on Friday evening, Nov. 14.

STORIES first heard at a mother's knee are never wholly forgotten.—Mothers should never forget that the sufferings of their little ones can easily be overcome by the use of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup. 1t

ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to John F. Smith will please make payment immediately, and those having claims to present them for settlement. 1t

CRACKERS.—All kinds at Winter & Son's. Oct. 30. tf

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! at the cheap cash store of A. D. Mark, Gettysburg, Pa.
Remnants of Calico 4 cents.
Best Calico 5, 6¼ and 7 cents.
Ginghams 6¼, worth 8.
50 pieces Dress Goods 6¼, worth 8.
50 pieces Dress Goods 8, worth 10.
50 pieces Dress Goods 10, worth 12½.
50 pieces Dress Goods 12½, worth 15.
These goods are the cheapest ever shown in Gettysburg.

Just opened a splendid line of Ladies', Gentlemen's and Children's Underwear all numbers. All-wool and cotton flannels at last year's prices. Oct. 30. tf

FINE FRUITS.—Malaga Grapes, Bananas, Apples, Oranges, Lemons, Cranberries, &c., at Winter & Son's. Oct. 30. tf

JUST received. A large stock of Glassware, Glass Sets, Tumblers, Goblets, &c., cheaper than ever at Herman & Thorn's. Sept. 4. tf

HENRY OVERDEER is now making wood-burned Lime—the best for all purposes, white-washing, mason work, plastering, or for land, &c. Sept. 4. tf

USE Dr. Van Dyke's Sulphur Soap, for all affections of the Skin and Scalp; also, for the Bath, Toilet and Nursery. Sold by Druggists. May 8. 10m

A LARGE STOCK of School Books and Stationery, Bibles, Hymn Books, &c., are offered at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. Feb. 1. tf

SPECIAL invitation to Ladies to visit the Store of J. L. Schick and inspect the finest assortment of Black Silks, Black and Colored Cashmeres, and other Dress Goods, to be seen in Gettysburg. Oct. 16. tf

Do you want a good Plough, Wagon, Shovel Plough or Cultivator, call on Wm. Wible. May 10. tf

FOR Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, &c., the best and cheapest go to Geo. E. Stock's. Ja23tf

"WHAT a splendid line of Goods for Gents and Boys is to be seen at W. T. King's on York street?" exclaims the beholder. And so it is. His stock is complete in both quantity and style, and he assures all who may give him an order that no pains will be spared to satisfy the most fastidious. Bottom prices and complete fits every time. Aug. 29, 1878. tf

HUMPHREY'S Homœopathic Specifics and Witch-Hazel Oil. No family should be without them. They are invaluable among children. Call and get a manual giving full instructions for their use. A full assortment at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. March 1. tf

THE best Machine Oil in market to be had at C. Ziegler's New Store, on Baltimore street, Gettysburg. Give it a trial. Jy10.tf

LET EVERY DEMOCRAT IN ADAMS COUNTY DO HIS FULL DUTY *NEXT TUESDAY*—GO TO THE POLLS AND VOTE THE WHOLE DEMOCRATIC TICKET. TO CUT OR PASTE A SINGLE NAME IS TO OPEN THE DOOR TO AFTER REGRETS.

For the Gettysburg Compiler.

MR. EDITOR:—S. Mc. Swope is using as an argument why he should be elected District Attorney "that Mr. Wilson is young and has not the proper amount of experience." I understand that there is but little difference in the ages of the respective candidates, and their legal experience is about the same, Mr. Wilson having the advantage of almost a year in the office for which they are the present candidates.

At the August Court I noticed a case upon trial in which the two candidates represented the opposite sides. It was a simple case of larceny. Mr. Wilson conducted his side of it without any flourish of trumpets, made his speech to the jury briefly but to the point, and sat down. On the other hand, Mr. Swope spoke for nearly one and a half hours, although there were but few witnesses and the facts very simple, thereby occupying the valuable time of the court, the expenses of which have to be paid by the taxpayers, and for no other reason, it seemed to me, than to have people hear him talk. I may not be a proper judge, being a plain farmer, but I do know that his speech cost the county a considerable sum in unnecessary time consumed. It is needless to say that Mr. Swope's client was convicted. Judging by the past, Mr. Wilson is the man the taxpayers want—an officer who will try the Commonwealth's cases well, but rapidly, so as not to consume unnecessary time. TAXPAYER.

Democrats, Look Out for Spurious Tickets!

FUNCTIONAL disorganization of the Liver is a most powerful and common cause of melancholy. Dr Bull's Baltimore Pills invariably give tone to the Liver and promote its healthful action. 1t

"FATHER and mother being afflicted with asthma, two bottles of Sellers' Cough Syrup has given them a new lease of life." 1t

USE Dr. Tyler's Cough Candy and Lung Syrup, manufactured by E. H. Minnigh. Take no imitations. They are frauds. N21t

P. F. DELIK is still at his stand on Chambersburg street, with the largest stock of Clothing, Hats, Caps and Notions, Underwear and Neck Ties, Trunks, &c., to be sold at the lowest city prices. Oct. 10 8t

BROOMS.—S. R. Tipton is now prepared to make up Brooms in the best manner and at lowest rates. Farmers and others having work in his line are asked to call at his Barber Shop, on Carlisle street. Sept. 18. 2m

THE enlarged Store Room of J. L. Schick is being filled with a carefully selected stock of Dry Goods and Notions of every description. Oct. 16 tf

CAMPHOR MILK.—Dr Oberholtzer's Liniment has been tested by thousands, and has proved to be of the highest value to the community. It has effected many cures in Rheumatism, Sores, Swellings, Sprains and Frosted Feet, and many persons recommend it for Cuts, Galls and Swellings in horses. It costs 25 cents, at Huber's. Oct. 9. 1m

NOVELTIES in Neck Ties, Bows, Linen and Paper Collars, Cuffs, &c., at Eckert's. Aug. 1

WE have printed a lot of new Blanks—Appraisements and Widow's Exempt Lists among them.

WM. WIBLE has on hand Wagons, Ploughs, Cultivators, Riding Ploughs, Corn Planters, Grain Drills, &c. He always keeps the best in the market. Examine his before buying elsewhere. He sells at greatly reduced prices. Implements guaranteed. Mar. 20. tf

STEAM ENGINES.—The best and cheapest in the market—stationary or portable—suitable for Tanneries, Work-shops, Lime Quarries or Threshing. Any size made to order and a written guarantee given, with a paid up insurance policy for one year. For particulars, price and circulars, call on or address mar20tf Wm. WIBLE, Gettysburg, Pa.

ANY kind of Sewing Machines can be bought the cheapest of Geo. E. Stock. D12

EVERY ONE interested in the improvement of their land and the bettering of their condition, should read and profit by the advertisement of C. J. Tyson in this issue. Mr. Abram King, whose premium field of wheat has been so much talked of, used Passmore & Cope's Phosphate. Similar and most flattering reports are coming to us from all quarters. All who have not given this popular Phosphate a trial should not fail to do so this season. May22.tf

SHOES.—All the latest styles of Fall and Winter Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children, at Eckert's. Sept. 18. tf

ENGRAVING, in neat styles, promptly and cheaply done at Penrose Myers's Watch and establishment, Gettysburg. D21tf

THE purest imported Brandies and Wines and reliable Liquors for medical purposes and family use, can be had at the Eagle Hotel. Nov. 7. tf

EVERYTHING that is called a Sewing Machine for sale at low prices. Machines repaired. Address Jacob F. Thomas, Gettysburg, Pa. Ap24. tf

"GIANT" and Rock Powder for blasting, by the pound or keg, at Winter & Son's. O.16.tf

BLANKETS, white and grey, at all prices and cheaper than elsewhere, at Fahnestocks'.

Dress Goods, choice styles and cheap, at Fahnestocks'.

Ginghams, 6¼, 8 and upwards, at Fahnestocks'.

Ladies' Cloth Skirts just received at Fahnestocks'.

Black and colored Cashmeres, the best and cheapest, at Fahnestocks'. Oct. 23. 2t

DR. TYLER'S Cough Candy and Lung Syrup, manufactured by E. H. Minnigh, has no superior; it cures coughs and colds without fail. Nov. 21. tf

WM. WIBLE offers the best Portable Engine, Threshers and Separators now in use, give him a call. May 10. tf

CHARLES ZIEGLER has a full and complete assortment of Builders', as well as general Hardware, which he is now offering at greatly reduced prices. Give him a call. Jy10.tf

DON'T fail to examine Eckert's stock of Hats and Caps. They are new and nobby. Sept. 18. tf

THE "Champion" Reaper and Mower is now admitted to be the best in the market and is having an enormous sale. Call at James Bigham's warehouse, adjoining the Express office, and opposite the passenger station, on Railroad street, Gettysburg, Pa May29.tf

CALL at Eckert's for bargains. Aug.1 tf

A STITCH in Time Saves Nine, and those raising stock, owners of milk cattle, and especially farmers getting their horses in good condition for spring work, will find this proverb true by procuring a supply of Forney's Horse and Cattle Powders. They have been reduced in price, and are warranted to do as represented. Manufactured and for sale at John M. Huber's Drug and Book Store. March 1.

SHIPPING TO BALTIMORE.—H. S. Benner in addition to grain and produce, is shipping pork, poultry, cloverseed, &c., twice a week to Baltimore. All desiring to ship will be accommodated in the best and most satisfactory manner. Warehouse east side of Carlisle street (Col. Buehler's.) Dec. 26. tf

TO THE POLLS! TO THE POLLS!

SHORT STOPS.—Election next Tuesday.

—Gen. James Burns died at Lewistown last Sunday.

—J. W. W. Stone, the colored barber, who killed his wife in Washington some months ago, has been sentenced to death on the 19th of December.

—At Fredericktown, Ohio, on Saturday a number of ladies visited the taverns, and seizing all the liquors they could find, poured them into the gutters.

—There were frost and thin ice about Monroe, La., on Saturday morning.

—There was a heavy frost at Dallas, Texas, on Friday night—something rare.

—Five masked burglars entered the house of Philip Piaget, near Paterson, N. J., early on Saturday morning, and carried off $800 worth of watches, jewelry, silverware, &c. No arrest.

—The Sheriff of Pike county and several other officials were arrested last week for running deer with hounds. Refusing to give bail, they were committed.

—The use of kerosene as a gargle is reported by the Huntingdon Journal as a sure cure for diphtheria.

—The Count de Paris has finished the fifth volume of his "History of the American Civil War," and he promises to conclude the work in another tome next year.

—Pot-pies of English sparrows are a Harrisburg luxury.

—A Reading gardener has 17,000 celery stalks in his ground.

—The Fish Warden has destroyed a number of dams and fish baskets on the Juniata.

—The Houtz heirs have won in the suit brought to eject them from a half million dollars worth of real estate around Houtzdale, Clearfield county.

—Mr. John Thomas, who owns a farm a short distance from Williamsport, raised 3,900 bushels of potatoes this year from eighteen acres, being an average of a little less than 217 bushels to the acre.

—Baltimore wants more grain elevators.

—Miss Martin, the victim of a brutal assault made by Dennis Deboner, died at Minonk, Ill., Sunday, from the effects of her injuries. On Sunday night a large crowd of armed men appeared at the jail and demanded Deboner's person. He had previously set fire to the jail, and was removed to Peoria. This circumstance saved him from lynch law.

—Hon. A. L. Brown, Republican State Senator-elect for the district comprising Ross and Highland counties, Ohio, died Sunday night, at Hillsboro'.

—Mrs. Collins, 50 years of age, is on trial at Pittsburg, Pa., charged with forging pension papers.

—On Monday last three children of Amos H. Wentzel, of Alsace township, Berks county, during the absence of their parents, put a powder-horn into the stove. The explosion which followed badly burned and injured two of the children. The eldest child has since died, and the other is not expected to live.

—It is reported that Jefferson Davis is growing blind.

—The mayor of Pittsburg declares his purpose not to allow Bob Ingersoll to lecture in that city on Sunday evening, under pain of arrest and prosecution.

—On Friday three inches of snow fell at Cresson.

BOOTS.—The largest assortment ever offered in Gettysburg and at all prices, at Eckert's. Sept. 18. tf

OUR assortment was never larger—the quality never better and PRICES NEVER SO LOW. AMOS ECKERT. Sept. 18. tf

LADIES will find very cheap a full assortment in Millinery, Embroideries, Laces, Fringes and other fancy goods at P. F. Delik's. Oct. 16. 8t

☞ REDUCTION.—John M. Huber has reduced the price of Forney's Horse and Cattle Powders from 40 cents a lb to 25 cents or 5 lb for $1. These powders are warranted in every case to do as represented, or money refunded. Feb. 1. tf

CHEW Jackson's Best Sweet Navy Tobacco.

WM. N. MILLER is now fully started in the Marble business at his new place, where he is prepared to furnish Monuments, Tombstones, Marble or Slate Mantels, &c., cheaper than ever, and as good work and material as can be had anywhere. Give him a call—opposite the new Methodist church, East Middle street, Gettysburg, Pa. July 10, 1879. tf

UMBRELLAS & Trunks at Eckert's. Aug. 1

DEMOCRATS, rain or shine, go to the Polls NEXT TUESDAY!

MARRIED.

Oct. 26, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. D. M. Blackwelder, Mr. GEO. J. MARTZ, of Cumberland township, to Miss REBECCA E. BUSHEY, of Franklin township.

On Tuesday morning last, at Conewago Chapel, by Rev. Father Enders, Mr. V. A. LAWRENCE, of Mount Rock, to Miss VERONICA MARSHALL, of Oxford twp.

Sept. 28, by Rev. Isaiah B. Crist, Mr. J. G. CRONE, of Mulberry, York co., to Miss IDA E. ZIEGLER, of York, Pa.

Oct. 19, in Abbottstown, by John H. Flickinger, Esq., Mr. PETER MARKLE to Miss JOANNA FELIX, both of Abbottstown.

Oct. 14, in Bendersville, by Rev. P. F. Jarrett, Mr. HAMILTON GLASS, to Miss SARAH HAAR, both of Huntington twp.

DIED.

Oct. 11, in Littlestown, Mrs. AMANDA S. KELLER, wife of Walter Keller, aged 31 years 9 months and 2 days.

Oct. 8, near Bendersville, MARTHA E., daughter of George and Elmira Elden, aged 12 years 9 months and 11 days.

Oct. 20, near Centre Mills, of scarlet fever, GEORGE SMITH, precious child of Low.s and Priscilla Fohl, aged 1 year 6 months and 20 days.

Oct. 22, in New Oxford, after an illness of some weeks from a complication of diseases, Mr. GEORGE DAYWALT, aged about 59 years. The body was taken to Flohr's church, above Gettysburg, for burial.

In Abbottstown, on the 15th inst., Mrs. BARBARA BAKER, aged 79 years 5 months and 11 days.

At Irishtown, on the 10th inst., Mr. JOHN GINTER, aged about 79 years.

ELECTION.

AN Election will be held by the Stockholders of the Gettysburg and Petersburg Turnpike Company at the office of the Treasurer, (at the McClellan House,) in the borough of Gettysburg, on MONDAY, the 3d day of NOVEMBER NEXT, to elect Managers for the ensuing year.
JNO. H. McCLELLAN, Treasurer.
Oct. 30, 1879. 1w

FOR SALE OR RENT.

THE undersigned offers for sale or rent the large Weatherboarded DWELLING AND STORE HOUSE, situate on the north-west corner of the Square in HAMPTON, Adams co., Pa. The house contains twelve rooms, and the lot, containing one acre of land, is improved with a large stable, fruit, good water, &c. Possession given on April 1, 1880. For further particulars inquire of the undersigned, living on the New Chester road about ½ mile from Hampton.
JOHN A. DICKS.
Oct. 23, 1879. tf

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made by WM. D. HIMES, Assignee of A. F. GITT, and presented his petition to the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county to be discharged from said trust, having fully executed the same, and the Court having fixed MONDAY, the 17th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to hear the application, the creditors of said assignor and all parties in interest will take notice of said application, and if no objection be made the prayer of the petition will be granted.
DANIEL S. CHRONISTER, Prothonotary.
Oct. 23, 1879. 1w

Administrator's Notice.

GEORGE D. THOMAS'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of George D. Thomas, late of Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Huntington township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
DANIEL A. THOMAS, Administrator.
Oct. 23, 1879. 6w

Administrator's Notice.

LAURA C. GALBRAITH'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Laura C. Galbraith, late of New Oxford borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same borough, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
W. F. COLLIFLOWER, Administrator.
Oct. 16, 1879. 6w

Administratrix's Notice.

ANTHONY FELIX'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Anthony Felix, late of Oxford township, Adams co., Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JOANNA FELIX, Administratrix.
Oct. 2, 1879. 6w*

MARKET REPORTS.

GETTYSBURG.
Corrected by H. S. Benner.

Flour		$5 00
Rye Flour		2 50
Red Wheat		1 25
Rakings	80 @	90
Corn		50
Rye		65
Oats		32
Hay		8 00
Flax-seed		1 50
Timothy-seed		1 50
Clover-seed		5 00
Buckwheat		55

NEW OXFORD.
Corrected Wednesdays by H. J. Myers.

Extra Flour	$5 50 @	6 00
Superior "	4 50 @	5 00
Rye "	3 00 @	3 50
White Wheat	1 32 @	1 37
Red "	1 30 @	1 35
Raked "	90 @	95
Rye		70
Corn	53 @	53
Oats		30
Buckwheat		55
Rye Flour		4 00
Clover-seed	5 00 @	5 50
Timothy-seed	2 25 @	2 50
Flax-seed		1 25
Chop		50
Brown-stuff		25
Hay	10 50 @	11 00
Rye Straw		7 00
Pork	4 00 @	4 50

BALTIMORE.

Flour	$5 75 @	6 25
Wheat	1 35 @	1 48
Rye	90 @	95
Corn	58 @	60
Oats	35 @	40
Hogs ℔ hund, dead	5 00 @	5 50
Beef Cattle ℔ hund, live	2 50 @	5 25
Hay	11 00 @	16 00

NOTICE.

THE account of WM. BITTINGER, Trustee, under the will of MICHAEL HOFFMAN, deceased, of a legacy bequeathed for the use of LOUISA R. WILSON, has been filed in the Orphans' Court of Adams county, Pa., and will be presented for confirmation and allowance on FRIDAY, the 21st day of NOVEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., unless cause be shown to the contrary.
J. C. PITTENTURF, Clerk.
Oct. 30, 1879. td

Executors' Notice.

SOLOMON TOOT'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Solomon Toot, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first-named residing in the same township, and the last-named in Franklin township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
JACOB TOOT,
JOHN TOOT,
Executors.
Oct. 30, 1879. 6w

Administrators' Notice.

MATILDA WEIKERT'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Matilda Weikert, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, the first-named residing in the same township and the last-named in Hanover, Pa., they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
F. S. ECKERT,
R. S. ECKERT,
Administrators.
Oct. 30, 1879. 6w

Executrices' Notice.

ABRAHAM KRISE'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Abraham Krise, late of the borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, both residing in the same borough, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement to
HENRIETTA S. KRISE,
MARCELLA M. KRISE,
Executrices.
Or to CALVIN P. KRISE, Attorney-in-Fact.
Oct. 30, 1879. 6w

Administratrix's Notice.

HENRY MARTIN'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Henry Martin, late of Latimore township, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, she hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
MATILDA MARTIN, Administratrix.
Oct. 30, 1879. 6w*

Administrator's Notice.

AMANDA S. KELLER'S ESTATE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of Amanda S. Keller, late of the borough of Littlestown, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same borough, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.
J. W. KELLER, Administrator.
Oct. 30, 1879. 6w

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

THE twenty-fifth annual meeting of the Adams County Teachers' Institute will be held in the Court Room, Gettysburg, commencing at 2 o'clock, P. M., on MONDAY, NOV. 24th, and closing on FRIDAY EVENING, the 28th. Very ample and complete provision has been made for a large and most profitable meeting, and it is earnestly hoped and desired that every teacher in the county, as well as every one contemplating to teach, may attend and enjoy its benefits. Instructors of superior and acknowledged ability in their several departments have been engaged for the occasion.

PROF. MOSES T. BROWN, of Tufts College, Mass., will have charge of the department of Elocution and Oratory. He is a gentleman of large experience and success in his profession, and never fails to meet the highest expectations formed of him. He will give, during the day sessions, a series of ten illustrated lectures on the science and art of elocution and gesture. These lectures embrace the most recent theories of Delsarte and of ...

JOHN H. FRENCH, LL.D., Principal of the Indiana State Normal School, and formerly State Superintendent of Vermont, will be present all week, and will give two lectures to the teachers and one model lesson in class of children daily.

PROF. S. B. HEIGES, of York, will be at the service of the Institute the entire week. The instruction of this able educator will alone be worth to teachers many times the cost of a week's attendance at the Institute.

PROF. MONTGOMERY, of Millersville, PROF. CARNER..., of Shippensburg, and others, will be present a portion of the week, giving instruction in their several departments.

Friday will be Directors' Day, when topics and questions relating more particularly to the duties of Directors will be considered. It is sincerely hoped that many directors may find it convenient to attend on this day, if on no other, and engage freely in the deliberations. The public cordially invited.

The Evening Entertainments, which will be unusually attractive and good, will be as follows:

MONDAY AND TUESDAY.

Lectures by COL. J. P. SANFORD, already so well and so favorably known to Gettysburg audiences. All who desire hearing this most gifted and wonderful lecturer should embrace this opportunity without fail, as his next appearance here will most probably be his last. His lectures will be new, the subjects of which will be announced hereafter.

WEDNESDAY.

Lecture by JOHN H. FRENCH, LL.D., subject to be announced hereafter.

THURSDAY.

PROF. MOSES T. BROWN, of Tufts College, Mass.—Readings, Personations, and Character Sketches from a wide range of authors and themes. His programme for the evening will have the merit of being *fresh, varied* and *popular*, and the entertainment as a whole will be of a high order of excellence.

FRIDAY.

Lecture—"Boys,"—by COL. C. J. ARMS, of Philadelphia. The Col. is one of the most pleasing and popular lecturers in the field, and his lecture "Boys" he never fails to delight the most fastidious audiences.

All in all, the bill of fare this year presented is one of the best, if not *the best*, ever offered in Gettysburg under Institute auspices, and should commend itself to the public. Good music will be furnished by the Gettysburg Orchestra. The price of tickets will be as follows:

GENERAL ADMISSION.

Teacher's Membership	$ 50
Single Ticket	25
Course Ticket, good for five nights	1 00

RESERVED CHAIRS.

Single Ticket	$ 40
Course Tickets for five nights	1 50
Course Tickets to teachers for 5 nights	1 00

Tickets for sale at A. D. Buehler & Co.'s Book Store, where a plan of the room can be seen on and after Nov. 15. Clergymen admitted at teachers' rates.

Doors open at 6.30, and exercises begin at 7.30 o'clock.
AARON SHEELY, Co. Supt.
Oct. 30, 1879. 4t

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on FRIDAY, the 21st day of NOVEMBER, 1879, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

88. The first account of Charles W. Beltmann and Samuel F. Beltman, Administrators of Daniel Beltman, deceased.

89. The account of J. C. Markley, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of George Hollebaugh, late of Butler twp., dec.

90. The account of William M. Bigham, Guardian of Rebecca S. Marshall, minor daughter of Thomas A. Marshall, deceased.

91. The account of John Coulson, Administrator of the estate of Hannah Jacobs, dec.
SAMUEL B. HARNER, Register.
Oct. 30, 1879. tc*

PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale TWO PROPERTIES in Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa.—the first being the Hondeshell property, on the west bank of Rock creek. It consists of 8 Acres of Land, with BRICK HOUSE and Brick Kitchen, large Barn, Hog Pen, well of water, &c., an excellent Orchard of choice fruit, and hedge fencing that will turn any kind of stock surrounding it.

No. 2—A new FRAME HOUSE, Frame Kitchen, Frame Stable, well of water, a splendid Orchard of peach and apple, with ½ Acre of Land, adjoining the above.

Both are pleasant homes, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply to or address
JACOB MUSSER.
July 24, 1879. tf

TWO FARMS, &C.,
AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON TUESDAY, the 25th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, the undersigned, Executrices of the will of ABRAHAM KRISE, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, the following valuable Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

THE HOME FARM,

situate in Freedom township, Adams county, Pa., five miles southwest of Gettysburg, adjoining lands of John Bigham, Fahnestock and Duncan, John Harner and others, and containing 161 ACRES, more or less, having due proportions of timber and meadow. The land has all been limed and is in productive condition, and the fences are good, nearly all chestnut rails. The improvements are a large Two-story BRICK HOUSE, Stone Bank Barn, large Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Machine House, Carriage House, Brick Smoke House and other out-buildings; a fine Apple Orchard of about 20 trees in full bearing, besides Peaches, Pears, Cherries, Grapes, &c.; a never-failing well of water at the house, a spring near the house, and a running stream through the place close to the buildings.

Also A FARM adjoining the above, containing 150 ACRES, more or less, and improved with a Two-story LOG HOUSE, Frame Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, and other out-buildings; a well of water at the house and another at the barn; a young Apple Orchard in bearing condition, and other fruit. There are due proportions of timber and meadow, and the farm land is in fertile condition and under good fencing, mostly chestnut rails. Marsh creek runs along the entire northeast side of the farm, and a public road through it.

ALSO A TRACT OF 40 ACRES, more or less, about one mile west of No. 2, and adjoining lands of Rev. David Bosserman, Valentine Frock's heirs, and others, having about 9 acres of timber and a never-failing spring of water. The farm land is productive and under good fences.

Properties like the above rarely come into market, and persons desiring to invest should not fail to examine them. Those wishing to view them are requested to call on CALVIN P. KRISE, Attorney-in-Fact, in Gettysburg. Terms easy.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by
HENRIETTA S. KRISE,
MARCELLA M. KRISE,
Executrices.
Oct. 30. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, the undersigned, Administrator of GEORGE D. THOMAS, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said decedent, in Menallen township, Adams county, Pa., two miles north of Arendtsville and ½ mile from Bell's mill, the following personal property:

2 HORSES, 1 Cow, 1 Bull, 1 Heifer, 5 Hogs, 1 Two-horse Wagon, 2 Wagon Beds, 1 set Hay Ladders, unshod hindpart of a Wagon, Spring Wagon, good as new, Sleigh, 28 cds. Winnowing Mill, good as new, 1 Long Plough, 2 Spike Ploughs, double and single Shovel Ploughs, Cutting Box, Harrow, Wheelbarrow, Scythe and Snath, lot Hoses, Gears, set Buggy Harness, 2 Flynets, 2 Lines, 3 Bridles and Collars, Saddle, Halters and chains, cow, log and fifth chains, spreaders, double and single-trees, centre clevises, log holster, shovels, mattock, digging iron, dung hook, rakes and forks, &c., a lot of carpenter tools, lot of cooper tools, grindstone, cross-cut saw, also 1 ton of hay, 55 bushels of oats, 300 bushels of corn, 900 bundles of corn-fodder, 5 bushels of cloverseed, 10 rails, lot of staves, and the grain in the ground. Also the following household and Kitchen furniture: 3 Cupboards, 2 Tables, lot of Chairs, Rocking Chairs, Sink, 2 Ten-plate Stoves, 2 Cooking Stoves and Fixtures, lot of Pipe, Clock, Looking Glass, Doughtray, lot of Queensware, Tinware, Glassware, 3 Lamps, lot of Carpet and oil cloth, 3 Bedsteads, churn, rocking cradle, sleigh bells, lantern, brass and iron kettles, washing machine, sausage grinder and stuffer, lard press, meat vessel, ½ barrel vinegar, apple butter, sweet potatoes and Irish potatoes, barrels, baskets, buckets, boxes, hoes, grain bags, new brooms and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, A. M., sharp, when attendance will be given and terms made known by
DANIEL A. THOMAS, Adm'r.
The Farm will be rented at public outcry on day of sale.
Wm. Reed, Auct. Oct. 30. 1w

Desirable Town Property
FOR SALE.

ON FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 28th, 1879, at 2 o'clock, P. M., will be offered at Public Sale the

VALUABLE RESIDENCE

on Carlisle street, Gettysburg, recently occupied by Miss Mary McPherson, deceased, and now in the occupancy of Mr. Wm. H. Tipton, as tenant. It is 22 feet front by 112 feet in depth, more or less, with right of access to rear of lot from Railroad street. The property is of brick, of two stories and an attic, is in good repair throughout, and contains six family rooms, besides the attic rooms, and is in a desirable location, being immediately opposite the railroad station. Terms will be reasonable and be made known on day of sale.
EDW. McPHERSON,
Executor of John B. McPherson.
Oct. 30. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 8th, 1879, the undersigned, intending to remove to Canton, Ohio, will sell at Public Sale, at the corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets, Gettysburg, all his household and kitchen furniture, consisting of

2 BED-ROOM SETS, one solid walnut, ½ dozen Cane-seat Chairs and Rocker, 1 dozen common Chairs, Lounge, Marble-top Stand, 2 Folding Chairs, Sink, Safe, 1 Stove, one Cook Stove and Fixtures, Excelsior, one Morning Glory Coal Stove No. 12, one good Shop Stove, one small Coal Stove, also Queensware, Glassware, Crockery-ware, Tubs, Washboard, Clothes Horse, 30 yards Carpeting, Stair Rods, Oil Cloths, Mattresses, a lot of Shoemaker's Tools consisting of bench, lasts, crimping board and iron, show case, shelves, counter, wood box and a variety of other articles not mentioned. Everything is as good as new, having been in use but a short time. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., sharp.
JOHN F. SMITH.
James Caldwell, Auct. Oct. 30, 2w

BLACKSMITH SHOP
AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at private sale the property lately owned by William Hines, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., 2 miles from York Springs borough, on the Carlisle and Hanover turnpike, adjoining lands of Bell of Geo. Albert, deceased, Thomas L. Neely and others, and contains about 5 ACRES, in a high state of cultivation, improved with a new Two-story WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE with Basement, Frame Wash House, Barn, Blacksmith Shop, Hog Pen, &c., also an apple and peach orchard in excellent bearing condition, also an abundance of grapes and dwarf pears. The shop is in a large run of custom and is situated in a good neighborhood, being convenient to stores, school house, mills, &c. It would be a first-rate situation for a wagon or coachmaker. The property will be sold cheap. If not sold before Dec. 1, it will then be for rent. For further information and persons desirous of viewing the property will call on Thomas G. Neely.
HENRY SAXTON.
Oct. 30, 1879. 3w

THE
Celebrated Beer
MADE BY THE
Bergner & Engel Brewing Company,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

SOLD BY KEG OR IN BOTTLES BY
AMBROSE SCHMIDT,
HANOVER, PA.,

Agent for Hanover, Gettysburg, Littlestown and surrounding country. For sale at Ramer's Hotel in Gettysburg.
Oct. 30, 1879. tf

1831 THE CULTIVATOR AND 1880
Country Gentleman
THE BEST OF THE
Agricultural Weeklies.

It is Unsurpassed, if not Unequalled, for the Amount and Variety of the Practical Information it contains, and for the Ability and Extent of its Correspondence—to the Three Chief Directions of

Farm Crops and Processes,
Horticulture and Fruit-Growing,
Live Stock and Dairying—

while it also includes all minor departments of rural interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee-keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its MARKET REPORTS are unusually complete, and more information can be gathered from its columns than from any other source with regard to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and When to Sell*. It is liberally Illustrated, and constitutes to a greater degree than any of its contemporaries A LIVE

Agricultural Newspaper

Of never-failing interest both to Producers and Consumers of every class.

THE COUNTRY GENTLEMAN is published Weekly on the following terms, when paid strictly in advance: ONE COPY, one year, $2.50; FOUR COPIES, $10, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the Club; TEN COPIES, $20, and an additional copy for the year free to the sender of the Club.

For the year 1880, these prices include a copy of the ANNUAL REGISTER OF RURAL AFFAIRS, to each subscriber—a book of 144 pages and about 120 engravings—a gift by the Publishers.

☞ All New Subscribers for 1880, paying in advance now, will receive the paper weekly, from receipt of remittance to January 1, 1880, WITHOUT CHARGE.

Specimen Copies of the Paper Free.
Address, *Luther Tucker & Son, Pubs.*, *Albany, N. Y.*
Oct. 30, 1879.

Private Sale.

THE subscriber, desirous of going west, offers at private sale his HOUSE AND LOT, in Buchanan Valley, Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., on the road from Franklin Cole's to Ephraim Newman's, about two miles from the former and four from the latter—a good stand for a Shoemaker or other mechanic. The lot contains about ONE ACRE, and has upon it a Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, Shoemaker Shop, well of water, splendid fruit, &c. The buildings are nearly new, and the location is a pleasant one. For further information apply on the premises to
JOHN F. ADAMS.
Sept. 11, 1879. 3m*

MILL PROPERTY
AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 15th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, in pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of JOHN NARY, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, THE UNDIVIDED ONE-HALF INTEREST of decedent in what is known as the

NARY MILL PROPERTY,

situate on Little Marsh creek, in Adams county, Pa. There are 13 ACRES, more or less, partly in Franklin and partly in Hamiltonban townships, and adjoined by John Mickley, Daniel King and others. The improvements are a good THREE-STORY GRIST MILL, the lower stone and the two upper frame weatherboarded, a Two-story DWELLING HOUSE, with Stable, Hog Pen, &c., a good spring of water, and some fruit. The property is conveniently located, the mill has a reliable water power and a profitable run of custom. Persons wishing to view it are requested to call upon John Nary, Jr., residing on the premises, or upon the Administrator, residing in Cashtown.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by FREDERICK DIEHL, Adm'r.
By the Court—J. C. Pittenturf, Clerk.
Oct. 23 ts

A GOOD FARM
AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 15th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, in pursuance of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, the undersigned, Assignee of JOHN W. BROWN and WIFE, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises, their

LITTLE FARM

of assignors, containing 30 ACRES AND 33 PERCHES, more or less, situate on the Chambersburg turnpike, two miles west of Gettysburg, in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining Isaac Leeper, Jer. Diehl, George Strommell's heirs and others—the land in the best and most productive condition, and the fencing good. The improvements consist of a large Two-story Stone DWELLING HOUSE, large Back-building, Shop, good Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Spring, Wash and Smoke House, with other out-buildings; a never-failing well of water with pump, and a splendid apple orchard, besides peaches, pears, cherries, grapes, &c. This is a very pleasant property, conveniently located in every way. Buyers should not fail to attend the sale. Persons wishing to view the property are requested to call upon Mr. Brown, residing thereon.

Sale to commence at 12 o'clock, noon, when attendance will be given and terms made known by JESSE D. KELLER, Assignee.
Jacob Mickley, D. of D., Auct. Oct. 23. ts

PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 1st day of NOVEMBER, 1879, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of ANNIE HAHN, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, at the late residence of said decedent, in Franklin township, Adams county, about 1 mile north of Cashtown, the following personal property:

1 COW, 1 Heifer, 1 Tables, Chairs, Bureau, 3 Bedsteads and Bedding, Cook Stove, 1 Ten-plate Stove, 1 Clock, Corner Cupboard, Iron Kettle, Churn, Dishes, Iron Ladles and Flesh Fork, Crocks, Pictures, Hand Wagon, and other articles too numerous to mention. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by
ELIAS HAHN, Adm'r.

At the same time and place will be offered
THE HOUSE AND LOT
of decedent, situated as above. The lot contains about 1 ACRE, and the HOUSE is two-story and a half, log, with Kitchen and Shop attached, Log Stable and Hog Pen; a well of water and plenty of fruit. The property is pleasantly located and convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c. Attendance given and terms made known by
THE HEIRS
of Anne Hahn, dec'd.
Oct. 16. ts

VALUABLE WOODLAND
AT PUBLIC SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 15th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, the undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

TWO WOOD LOTS,

situate on Seminary Ridge, north of the railroad cut, adjoining the borough of Gettysburg, Robert Sheads, Henry Eustman and Laura Wilson, one containing 7 ACRES, more or less, and the other 4 ACRES, more or less, both covered with oak, hickory, &c. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., when attendance will be given and terms made known by
REBECCA STREMMEL.
Jacob Mickley, D. of D., Auct. Oct. 23. ts

Jurors for November.

GRAND JURORS.

Tyrone—John W. Neely.
Latimore—Ephraim Wiseand.
Menallen—Henry Lippelman, L. B. Rice, H. Garner.
Littlestown—R. A. Duttera, Edward Siller.
Mountpleasant—James A. Hiehl.
Hamiltonban—Michael Herring.
Liberty—D. H. Brandt.
Butler—Jacob Sheely, Martin Thomas, Sr., H. H. Slaybaugh.
Cumberland—Isaac Diehl.
Berwick bor.—Gregory Deltone.
Gettysburg—S. W. Myers, C. M. Geiselman.
Mountjoy—Reed C. Collins.
Highland—David Daugherty.
Conewago—F. W. Conrad, Edward Storb.
Freedom—David Rhodes.
Hamilton—Jonas Rinehart.
Huntington—Abraham Asper.

GENERAL JURY.

FIRST WEEK.

Highland—H. H. Wintrode.
Hamilton—J. Curtis Hildebrand, John Rutt, Henry Hoover.
Gettysburg—Jacob Troxel, S. G. Petty, Rufus L. Culp, Peter Sheads, Michael Frey, John Culp of J., R. M. Elliott, David Kendlehart.
Huntington—Joseph Tilmann, Ephraim Fickes, Moses S. Bowers.
Conewago—Wm. H. Bieguinter, Peter Neiderer, Jacob Kuhn.
York Springs—H. A. Sheeler.
Mountpleasant—A. H. Parr, Samuel Geiselman, Levi Lawrence.
Latimore—John A. Wolfman, W. H. Leer.
Straban—Henry Decker, Geo. N. Bollinger.
Germany—Calvin Sheely.
Littlestown—David Stonesifer, John A. Storb.
Hamiltonban—Robert Watson, Sr.
Menallen—J. H. Raffensperger, F. W. Ornet.
Liberty—David Martin.
Union—Levi Storb.
Franklin—Levi B. Faut, Samuel S. Stockslager.
Butler—Isaac Shank.

SECOND WEEK.

Cumberland—Philip Hemler.
Mountpleasant—Matthew Gither, Levi Schwartz, Amos Weikert.
Liberty—Jacob Fiine, Blasius Kebil.
Tyrone—Elijah Gardner.
Huntington—Hatton C. Kennedy, Samuel Wolcomb, Alfred Hummelbaugh, Jesse R. Group.
Gettysburg—John Bermuth, Hiram Warren.
Straban—George Ebrehart.
Latimore—Daniel W. Hatbold, James H. Fickel.
Littlestown—George Kump, Sylvester Barker.
Oxford—Peter Ginter.
Butler—James F. Diehl, A. J. Wagner, John Lauver.
Germany—Samuel A. Mohring, Pius Fink, John Walters.
Hamiltonban—John Cochran, Z. Myers, Isaac Kaufman, Jr.
Union—Franklin Sheely, M. E. Bollinger, Abraham Kemp.
Franklin—Benjamin Deardorff, Harrison Brough, Jacob J. Cole, Jr., Adam Henry.
Highland—John H. Jubs.
York Springs—Lewis Myers.
Conewago—Vincent O'Neid.

Adjourned Court of Common Pleas,
DECEMBER 1, 1879.

Menallen—R. E. Elden, John B. Wright.
Straban—David Plank, P. G. Cassatt.
Franklin—Moses Schwartz, Charles McKenrick, Samuel Sterner, Wm. Wentz, Israel Little.
Hamilton—Peter Wehler.
Cumberland—Robert Sheads.
Liberty—C. H. Nunemaker.
Littlestown—Joseph Fink.
Gettysburg—Isaac Deardorff, J. M. Warner, Jacob Benner, Peter Boblitz, James Pierce, W. C. Stallsmith.
Berwick twp—Samson Kepner.
Germany—John Simpson, Wm. Rittase, Levi Schmucker.
Union—Enoch Lefevre.
Hamiltonban—J. S. Witherow, Berkley Rohrman, George Dewey, John S. Myers.
Tyrone—J. C. Livelsperger.
Mountjoy—Jacob W. Cromer, James Lane, Jerome Gulden.
York Springs—A. C. Gardner.
Butler—C. P. K. Walter.
Latimore—Wm. H. Snyder.
Freedom—Joseph Baker.
Conewago—Michael Shuler, Peter Oster.
Oct. 9, 1879. tc

Fall Winter **GOODS!**

TO SUIT THE TIMES, TO BE HAD AT

R. E. CULP'S,

Chambersburg St., near the Diamond,

Gettysburg, Pa.,

(Formerly Picking's, and recently Krise's,)

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Ready-Made Clothing,

now on hand, including Dress Coats, Overcoats, Pants, Vests, Cassimer Suits, Cloth Suits in variety, Gents' Furnishing Goods, &c.

NOT TO BE UNDERSOLD!
COME AND SEE!

Oct. 23, 1879. tf

ADJOURNED COURT.

WHEREAS the Hon. WILLIAM McCLEAN, President Judge of the several Courts of Adams county, has issued his precept, bearing date the 29th day of September, 1879, and to me directed, for holding an ADJOURNED COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, at Gettysburg, on Monday, the 1st day of December, 1879, for the trial of all issues which may be then and there depending for trial in said Court:

NOTICE is hereby given to all parties concerned that an Adjourned Court will be held as aforesaid, at Gettysburg, on *Monday, the 1st day of December*, 1879—and to continue two weeks, if necessary.
A. J. BOWERS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 16, '79. tc

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Friday, November 14th, 1879.

BY virtue of sundry writs of fieri facias, venditioni exponas and levari facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cumberland county, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Court-house, in the borough of Carlisle, on the above day, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following real estate, viz:

No. 128. Also the Defendant's interest in the property known as the Carlisle Iron Works Estate, situated in the townships of Monroe and South Middleton, county of Cumberland and State of Pennsylvania. Tract No. 1—Bounded by John Sheaffer, now or late Benjamin Kauffman; lands of John M. Good, now or late Henry Brenchill, lands of Thomas Green, heirs of John McClure, public road, Jacob Strickler, John Wolf, Carlisle and Baltimore Turnpike company, Stewart McGowan, David Miller, George Sheaffer, Adams and York county line, lands of Enoch Young, et al. Tract No. 2—Bounded by York county line and other lands of defendants. Tract No. 3—Bounded by York county line and last above described tract. The above described tracts contain eight thousand (8,880) acres, more or less, having thereon valuable deposits of Hematite, Magnetic and Specular Iron Ore, and is the property which the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company hold a lease; Recorded, Book No. 3 page 59, in Recorder's office at Carlisle, in and for Cumberland county. The whole tract No. 1 is described by the following metes and bounds; beginning at a limestone on corner of land of John Sheaffer; thence south fifty-six and one-fourth degrees west thirty-nine and one-tenth perches to a post and stones corner of land now or late Benjamin Kauffman; thence south five and degrees, west fifty six and four tenths perches to an ash stump, a corner of land now or late of John M. Good; thence by the same south two and one half degrees west fourteen and eight tenths perches to a post and stones; thence south twenty five and three fourth degrees west one hundred and two perches to stones near white oak; thence north eighty five degrees, west one hundred and forty seven perches to a post and stones near a hickory, a corner of land now or late Benjamin Kauffman; thence by the same north thirty five and one half degrees west fifty and two tenths perches to a post, a corner of land now or late of Henry Brenchill; thence by the same north twenty seven and one fourth degrees west sixty four and three tenths perches to a post and stones; thence north sixty six and one fourth degrees west ninety seven and five tenths perches to stones in line of land of the heirs of Thomas Green, deceased; thence by the same south five and a half degrees east forty eight perches to a stone, thence south thirty five and one fourth degrees east forty three perches to a stone; south two degrees west forty one and three tenths perches to a stone; thence south seventy four and half degrees west one hundred and two and five tenths perches to a chestnut; thence south eighty nine and one half degrees west one hundred and thirty four perches to a stone, a corner of land of John McClure, deceased; thence by the same south one degree east one hundred and ninety five perches to a stone; thence by other land south seventy one and three fourths degrees east one hundred and twelve perches to a post in road, thence north three fourth degrees east one hundred eight and five tenths perches to a chestnut oak; thence north forty seven and one fourth degrees east eighteen and seven tenths perches to stones; thence south three and one fourth degrees east fourteen and five tenths perches to a stone, a corner of Jacob Strickler's land; thence by the same south sixty nine degrees east twenty six perches to a pine, post and stones; thence south one hundred and twenty four perches to stones; thence south eighty nine and a half degrees west nineteen and three tenths perches to a pine knot and stones; thence by other lands south sixteen and one half degrees east twenty perches to a chestnut; thence eighty degrees east fifty five perches to a post and stones; thence south forty four and one half degrees west one hundred and twenty perches to stones; thence fifty one and one half degrees east one hundred and forty three perches to a pine post and stones; thence south thirty eight and one half degrees west seventy eight perches to a pine knot; thence north 60 degrees west seventy four perches to a pine knot; thence south 45 and a half degrees west twenty three and eight tenths perches to a stone; thence north fifty one degrees west eighty perches to post and stones; thence south forty four and a half degrees west thirty six perches to post and stones; thence south eighty six degrees east thirty three perches to post and stones; thence south three and a half degrees west fifty nine perches to white oak; thence south forty seven and a half degrees east ninety six perches to a black oak; thence south eight and a half degrees west twenty six and five tenths perches to a white oak; thence south sixty five and one fourth degrees east one hundred and thirty three perches to post and stones; thence south 5 deg. east 9 perches to a stone; thence south 48 degrees east fifty two perches to a post; thence south sixty nine and a fourth degrees east fifty five perches to a white oak; thence south three fourth degree west thirty and five tenths perches to a stone; thence south eighteen degrees east twelve perches to a stone; thence south sixty one and three fourths degrees, west one hundred and seventy five perches to a stone; thence north fifty six and three fourths degrees west thirty three and five tenths perches to a pine stump and stones; thence south seventy seven and three fourths degrees west forty three perches to a pine post; thence south thirty one degrees east thirty seven and three tenths perches to a stone; thence south seven degrees east one hundred and twenty four and five tenths perches to a post and stones; thence south twenty four degrees west sixty one and five tenths perches, crossing the turnpike to a stone in line of land of John Wolf; thence by the same south sixty two degrees east twelve perches to a post in said turnpike; thence by said turnpike south seventeen degrees east ninety and five tenths perches to a post; thence by land of said Wolf south seventy three and one fourth degrees west one hundred and seventeen and three tenths perches to a stone, a corner of land of Daniel Wonderlich; thence by same south twenty and one fourth degrees west forty and five tenths perches to a stone; thence sixty nine degrees west forty four perches to a stone, thence south twenty one and a half degrees west four perches to a stone, a corner of land of Stewart McGowan; thence by the same south forty eight and one half degrees east twenty seven and eight tenths perches to a maple; thence south seventy nine and three fourths degrees east seventy nine perches to a stone; thence south twenty and one fourth degrees west eighteen and two tenths perches to a stone, a corner of land of David Miller; thence by the same north eighty seven and one half degrees east sixty three perches to a chestnut stump and stones, a corner of land of George Sheaffer; thence by same north thirty seven and a half degrees west five perches to a stone; thence north fifty four and three fourths degrees east fifty eight and eight tenths perches to a post in said turnpike; thence along said turnpike, crossing the county line into Adams county, south seventeen degrees east one hundred and forty eight perches to a post in line of land of David Johnson; thence by the same north forty eight degrees east sixty eight perches to a stone; thence south twenty five and three fourths degrees east twenty eight and three tenths perches to a chestnut; thence south fifteen degrees west seventy nine and four tenths perches to a stone in the line of the lands of William Moorehead; thence by the same north seventy seven degrees east eleven and four tenths perches to a stone; thence south twenty four degrees east fifty one and five tenths perches to a flint stone, a corner of land of Cyrus Albert; thence by the same north eighty eight degrees east fifty nine and six tenths perches to a stone, a corner of land of Joseph Fickle; thence by the same north seventy nine and one fourth degrees east sixty seven and five tenths perches to a stone; thence north five and a half degrees east fifty three and five tenths perches to a stone in line of land of Henry Fickle; thence by the same north eighty seven and one half degrees west six and four tenths perches to a stone; thence north seventy two degrees west sixty nine and seven tenths perches to a stone; thence north thirty nine degrees west eighty two perches to a stone where black oak stood; thence north thirty degrees west twenty four and six tenths perches to a stone; thence north seventy and one half degrees west seventeen perches to a chestnut oak; thence north forty one and a fourth degrees west thirty nine perches to a maple; thence north eighty seven and three fourth degrees; east thirty four perches to a red oak stump; thence north seventy and one half degrees; east thirty two and nine tenth perches to a stone; thence north 31 and one half degrees, west one hundred and twenty five perches (crossing the said county line into Cumberland county) to a stone; thence north seventy and one half degrees; east forty two perches to a pine; thence south seventy three degrees; east recrossing said county line forty three perches a pine stump and post in Adams county; thence south three and one half degrees; east sixty nine perches to a post and stones; thence south eighty four degrees; east thirty one and three tenth perches to a stone; thence north seventy eight degrees; east eleven and three tenth perches to a chestnut stump and stones; thence north thirty one and one half degrees; east one hundred and twenty five perches to a stone about twenty perches from the line dividing Adams and York counties, thence north fifty six and one half degrees; west recrossing said county line one hundred and three and five tenth perches to a pine stump in Cumberland county, a corner of land of John Johnson; thence by the same north forty two and one half degrees; west one hundred and two perches to stones; thence north sixty four and three fourth degrees; east twenty three perches to a pine; thence forty three and one half degrees; east seventy two and five tenth perches to a pine; thence by other land; north thirty two degrees east thirty one and five tenth perches to a pine; thence north seventy four and one half degrees east one hundred and nineteen perches to stones near county line; thence north six and one half degrees east one hundred and forty perches to a stone; thence south seventy four degrees west eighty nine perches to a stone; thence north four degrees west seventy seven and three tenth perches to a stone; thence north twenty six and one half degrees west ninety one and two tenth perches to a stone; thence north thirty six and one half degrees east thirty nine and three tenth perches to a pine oak; thence south seventy eight and three fourth degrees; east sixty nine perches to a small black oak; thence north forty three and one half degrees; east eighty seven and five tenth perches to a stone; thence south forty three and three fourths degrees; east sixty two perches to a stone; thence north fifty and one half degrees; east four hundred and seventy nine perches to a post among small black oaks; thence north thirty six degrees, east five hundred and forty-seven perches to stones; south eighty two degrees, east three hundred and forty perches to stones on line dividing the counties of Cumberland and York; thence along said county line, south forty six and three fourths degrees; west sixty three and five tenths perches to stones near a pine; thence south fifty degrees, east eighty-five perches to a pine in York county, thence north fifty five degrees, east ninety four perches to a double chestnut; thence south forty two and one half degree, east sixty three and seven tenths perches to pine and stones; thence north fifty two and one half degrees, east one hundred and eighteen perches to a pine stump and stones; thence north thirty nine and one fourth degrees east one hundred and ten and five tenths perches to a stone; thence north twenty seven and one fourth degrees, east twenty three and two tenths perches to a stone; thence north sixty six degrees, west sixty nine perches to a dead pine and stone; thence north twenty seven, and three fourth degrees, west eighty five perches to stones where chestnut stood; thence recrossing said county line north thirty degrees, west eighty four perches to a pine in Cumberland county; thence north thirteen degrees, west fifty two perches to a post where pine stood; thence north fifty eight degrees, west eight perches to a chestnut and stones; thence north seven degrees, west twenty-three and five tenths perches to stones; thence south seventy-nine and a half degrees, west forty three and two tenths perches to stones; thence north eighty six degrees, west fifty eight perches to stones; thence south sixty eight degrees, west one hundred and forty eight perches to stones; thence north twenty nine degrees, west eight perches to stones; a corner of land of Enoch Young; thence by land of Enoch Young and Rudolph Kretsher, south sixty eight and a half degrees, west sixty four and two tenths perches to a stone, a corner of Robert Gill; thence by the same north twenty five degrees west thirty five and two tenths perches to a stone; thence eighty four degrees, west fifteen and two tenths perches to a stone; thence by lands of John Westfall south twelve and three fourths degrees east thirty nine perches to a stone; thence south eighty six and a half degrees, west forty nine perches to a pine stump and stones; thence by the same and lands of Samuel Gensler, Melchoir Brenneman, north twenty seven degrees west one hundred and one perches to stones at chestnut, a corner of land of Samuel Hoffer; thence by the same north eighty five and one half degrees west one hundred and fifty three and five tenths perches to a pine; thence north twenty three and one half degrees east thirteen and one tenth perches to a stone, a corner of land of Isaac Vanasdal and John Beltzhoover; south seventy nine and one half degrees, west one hundred and fifty nine and five tenths perches to a post near a chestnut; thence north two degrees east two and nine tenths perches to a post, a corner of land of David Diller; thence by the same south seventy five and one half degrees west fifty eight and two tenths perches to a stone; north twenty and three fourths degrees west fifty one and four tenths perches; thence sixty seven degrees west ninety four perches to a stone; thence north seventeen and a half degrees west ninety five and six tenths perches to a corner; thence by other land of said lessors south seventy six and three fourths degrees west two hundred and sixty three and five tenths perches to stones in line of George Otto; thence by said Otto's land thirty nine and one half degrees east seventy two and two tenths perches to limestone; south fifty one and one half degrees west seventy two and one tenth perches; south nineteen and one fourth degrees east forty four perches; south four and one half degrees west ninety nine and three tenths perches, and north eighty eight and one half degrees west fifty three and one half perches to the place of beginning, containing eight thousand five hundred and ten (8510) acres and one hundred and eleven (111) perches strict measure.—Seized and taken in execution as the property of D. V. Ahl.

CONDITIONS.—On all sales of $500 or over $50 will be required to be paid when the property is stricken off, and $25 on all sales under $500.
D. D. GILL, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Carlisle, Oct. 24, 1879. 3w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

ON SATURDAY, the 8th day of NOVEMBER, 1879, in pursuance of sundry writs of Fieri Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court-house, in the borough of Gettysburg, the following real estate, viz:

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in the borough of York Springs, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lots of John Day and others, improved with a Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE and other out-buildings, with a stream of good water running through the lot.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of JOHN KRALL.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in the borough of York Springs, Adams county, Pa., adjoining the Odd Fellows' Hall and lots of Isaac Krall and others, improved with a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded and Brick Building used for a MACHINE SHOP, 15 by 40 feet, with Engine House and Engine attached, and all Gearing, also a Blacksmith Shop, Frame Stable and other outbuildings.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of JOHN KRALL, ISAAC KRALL, and J. KRALL & SON.

—ALSO—

A LOT OF GROUND, situate in the borough of York Springs, Adams county, Pa., adjoining the above machine shop and lots of John Krall and others, improved with a Two-story Frame Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE, good water and some fruit trees.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of ISAAC KRALL.

—ALSO—

No. 1, THE HOME LOT OF GROUND, situate in Heidlersburg, Tyrone township, Adams county, Pa., containing 1¼ ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Roughcast DWELLING HOUSE, One-story Back-building, Frame Barn about 35 feet long, with Wagon Shed and Granaries, Blacksmith Shop, Hog Pen, Corn Crib, Smoke House and other out-buildings, a good variety of fruit trees, apple, peach, pear and grapes, well of water and cistern at the door; a good country stand.

No. 2, A TRACT OF LAND, containing 18 ACRES, more or less, adjoining the town of Heidlersburg and lands of Isaac Koons, David Stairy and others, fronting on the Menallen road. This tract is divided into four fields, and is in a good state of cultivation, enclosed with good fences, one hedge, and has been well limed.

No. 3, A TRACT OF LAND, adjoining the town lots in Heidlersburg and lands of Jacob Bolen and Peter Yeatts, containing 5 ACRES, more or less, in a good state of cultivation, enclosed with good fencing, and has been well limed.

No. 4, TWO TOWN LOTS in Heidlersburg, adjoining each other and being each 65 by 231 feet, fronting on Menallen street, adjoining lots of Peter Yeatts and others.

No. 5, The undivided half of a TRACT OF WOODLAND, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., one mile south of Idaville, containing 5 ACRES, more or less, held as tenant in common with Abraham Fickes, adjoining lands of —— Mortorff and others, and covered with young thriving chestnut timber.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of AUGUSTUS DEITRICK.

—ALSO—

No. 1, A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Benjamin Shelly, Sebastian Stitzel, Dr. Marsden and others, containing 11 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Frame DWELLING HOUSE, Frame Stable, Hog Pen, well of water and some fruit trees.

No. 2, THE MANSION FARM, situate in Above-named township and county, and adjoining lands of Wm. T. Sadler, Joseph Yohe, Benjamin F. Weaver and others, containing 90 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Stone DWELLING HOUSE, One-story Wash House, Log Barn with Wagon Shed attached, Carriage Shed, Hog Pen, well of water, and an Apple and Peach Orchard.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of ELI GOCHENOUR.

—ALSO—

All the interest of the Defendants in a TRACT OF LAND, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Jeremiah Diehl, Samuel Whitney and others, containing 125 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, Frame Shop, Spring House and the Katalysine Spring, Bath House, and other improvements.

Also all the interest of Defendants in a TRACT OF LAND, in said township and county, adjoining lands of Samuel Whitney, heirs of John Rutt and others, containing 90 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Frame DWELLING HOUSE, Frame Barn, Apple Orchard, well of water and other improvements.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of the GETTYSBURG KATALYSINE SPRINGS PARTNERSHIP ASSOCIATION LIMITED.

—ALSO—

A TRACT OF LAND, situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of George M. Howell, Dr. Warren, A. Wisler, D. Deardorff and others, containing 85 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story Weatherboarded DWELLING HOUSE and Kitchen attached, large Log Weatherboarded Barn, Wood House and other out-buildings, well of water and a good Apple Orchard, also grape vines and peach trees.—Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of JOHN C. WARREN.

A. J. BOWERS, Sheriff.

☞ Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down or upon failure to comply therewith the property will be again put up for sale.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 23, 1879. ts

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

WILL be exposed to Public Sale, on the premises, in Bendersville and vicinity, on SATURDAY, the 1st day of NOVEMBER, 1879, by the undersigned, Assignee of JOHN BURKHOLDER AND WIFE, the following described valuable real estate, viz:

No. 1, A LOT OF GROUND, situate on the Hunterstown and Whitestown roads, in Bendersville, Adams county, Pa., containing about 87 PERCHES, on which are erected a Two-story Frame Roughcast DWELLING HOUSE, with Kitchen attached, and Stable and out-buildings, being the mansion house of John Burkholder.

No. 2, the undivided one half interest of John Burkholder in a certain LOT OF GROUND, adjoining No. 1, containing about 25 PERCHES, on which are erected a Two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, with a large Store Room and fixtures therein, and out-buildings; the title to the other undivided half of said lot being in Samuel A. Burkholder.

No. 3, A TRACT OF LAND, on the south side of the road leading from Bendersville to Whitestown, containing about 3 ACRES and 12 PERCHES, in a high state of cultivation and with a fine Apple Orchard thereon.

No. 4, A TRACT OF LAND, on the south side of the road leading from Bendersville to Hunterstown, adjoining lands of Hiram Yeatts, heirs of Barnet Myers and others, containing about 3½ ACRES, on which is an orchard of fruit trees, and the land is highly improved.

No. 5, TWO BUILDING LOTS, on the east side of the road leading from Bendersville to Gettysburg, adjoining lands of Hiram Yeatts and others, and each containing 32 8 PERCHES.

No. 6, A TRACT OF IMPROVED LAND, adjoining lands of Cornelius Rice, Jonas Routzahn, Geo. W. Wilson and others, containing about 3 ACRES. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon, when attendance will be given and terms made known by AMOS SCHLOSSER,
Assignee of John Burkholder and Wife.

At the same time and place will be exposed to Public Sale by the undersigned, Assignee of SAMUEL A. BURKHOLDER AND WIFE, THE UNDIVIDED ONE-HALF INTEREST of Samuel A. Burkholder in the above described tract No. 2, when and where attendance will be given and terms made known by SAMUEL MEALS,
Assignee of Samuel A. Burkholder & Wife.
Oct. 9. ts

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. WM. McCLEAN, President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas of the Forty-second District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in said district, has issued his precept, bearing date the 29th of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on MONDAY, the 10th day of NOVEMBER, 1879.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all Justices of the Peace, Constables and the Coroner within the said county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the jail of said county of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.
A. J. BOWERS, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Oct. 9, 1879. tc

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.:

THURSDAY, OCT. 30, 1879.

ELECTION NEXT TUESDAY!

The Farm and House.

SORREL AND SOUR SOILS.

EDS. COUNTRY GENTLEMAN—I wish to say through your paper to T. H. Hoskins, and B. S. and others, that I am not an agricultural chemist, but am a practical experimental farmer. I have read many books on agriculture and agricultural chemistry, but never allow myself to advocate any of their theories until I have experimented upon them, and find them, in my judgment, of real value. I have bought three large farms so worn out by constant cropping, that they would produce little but sorrel and daisies. By the use of lime and ashes (principally lime) and what little manure has been made on the places, I have eradicated the sorrel and daisies, and brought the soil into a good state of fertility, yielding three times what it would produce when I took the farms. Two years ago I sowed, in one field after corn, two pieces of spring wheat; the first eight acres was manured with 10 bushels of lime, 25 bushels of ashes and 200 pounds of phosphate to the acre. The other six acres was manured with 15 good loads of barnyard manure to the acre. Both were sowed the same day, and both were seeded with eight quarts of timothy and four quarts of clover seed to the acre. The next year the eight acre piece yielded 20 tons of hay, and neither sorrel or daisies were to be found upon it. But the six acre piece did not yield over six tons, and in the spring was red with sorrel, and mowing, the six acre piece was sowed over with white daisies later. In the fall after this 15 bushels of lime to the acre. And the past season there has been little sorrel of daisies on it, but a large increase in the hay crop.

I wish to ask Dr. Hoskins, (page 547,) in what book he finds the statement that plants do not take their sugar, potash, acid, &c., from the soil, but do take them directly from the atmosphere. The atmosphere contains no such elements, and how can it give them to the plants? The atmosphere contains oxygen, 20.61; nitrogen, 77.95; carbonic acid, 0.04; water in vapor, 1.40; ammonia, a mere trace—nothing more—and it is a questionable matter whether plants take anything directly from the atmosphere without its first passing through the soil. I think the general opinion is that they do absorb a little carbonic acid and ammonia through their leaves, as an animal possibly absorbs a little through its skin, but their roots buried in the soil are their feeding mouths, and their leaves discharge the surplus moisture and waste. All good soils contain both acids and alkalies. We sow plaster for its sulphuric acid; phosphates and bone meal for their phosphoric acid, and charcoal dust and other burnt and decayed substances, for their carbonic acid. We also sow lime, potash, soda and magnesia for their alkaline properties. Because the sweet melon and the sour rhubarb grow side by side, it proves nothing until it is shown that the rhubarb takes no more acid from the soil than the melon does. As long as there is plenty for both, they will both do well, each feeding on what it needs, but as soon as the acids are in excess of the alkalies, the clover and grasses, which are large feeders on alkalies, dwindle and run out, and sorrel and other weeds flourish in their places. I have had an experience of more than 25 years since I began to use lime, and I find that when my land is well supplied with alkali, the clover and grasses crowd out the sorrel and other sour weeds, and return me large crops of sweet hay and pasturage.

ABRA CAMPBELL.

Tioga County, N. Y.

HOW TO KEEP APPLES.—"To keep apples," says the Germantown *Telegraph*, "the fruit must be free from bruise or blemish. The fruit must be spread out on shelves or packed in barrels, and kept in an atmosphere of from forty to fifty degrees, better from forty to forty-five - that is, at a temperature as equable as possible. Some cellars are just the thing, and preserve them beautifully. Others are too moist.—Where this is the case a few bushels of stone lime should be used. Sliding shelves, six inches apart, latticed bottom, with a single layer of fruit, are extremely convenient, as they allow of constant examination without disturbing the fruit."

PRESERVING CIDER.—In Normandy cider is said to be preserved by putting about half a bottle of sweet oil in the cask and plugging the bung with a wad of cotton. The oil being light cannot combine with the cider, but forms a thin covering which prevents the oxygen of the air coming in contact with it. The cotton filters the air entering as the cider is drawn off, so that no insects or impurities can pass. Cider in bottles is put in cellars, the bottles being covered with a few inches of earth, which keeps the cider at an equable temperature, and prevents the bottles from bursting.

KEEPING EGGS FRESH.—I saw a very good arrangement for keeping eggs, at a friend's house, a short time since, and it was so simple and practicable that it ought to be generally known. It was a set of shelves, two feet long and eight inches wide. There were four of them, with a space of five inches between the shelves. They were made of hard-wood boards, planed, and round holes bored with an inch auger ran the whole length—three rows of the holes on each shelf, and twelve in each row; one shelf would hold three dozen eggs. The eggs were set in, with the small end down, so that the yolk could not settle against the shell. The lady said she had kept eggs six months in this manner, perfectly sweet; also that the free circulation of air around them was very important, and there was no danger of cracking the shell—and I noted it in my mind as a thing well worth remembering. FARMER'S WIFE.

RABBITS IN ORCHARDS.—In many orchards rabbits do injury by barking young trees. An ingenious fruit-grower, has discovered that if rabbits have access to limbs lying upon the ground they will never attack the erect stems of the trees, probably because they can more readily bark those in a horizontal position. After having made this discovery, says the accommodating gentleman, we continue to prune in different parts of the orchard throughout the winter, leaving the limbs lying upon the ground for their accomodation.

WHAT CARROTS ARE GOOD FOR.—Carrots seem to have some peculiar effects on health of horses, rendering the skin especially glossy and healthy looking. For milch cows carrots are valuable for the golden tinge and richness which they impart to the butter. They are also more nourishing for cows than turnips are. In feeding carrots, care should be taken that the pieces are not cut in such a shape as to choke the animal. Cut large carrots lengthwise, not across.

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP!

50 Years Before the Public.

Pronounced by all to be the most pleasant and efficacious remedy now in use, for the cure of coughs, colds, croup, hoarseness, tickling sensation of the throat, whooping cough, etc. Over a million bottles sold within the last few years. It gives relief wherever used, and has the power to impart benefit that cannot be had from the cough mixtures now in use. Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents per bottle.

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS are also highly recommended for curing liver complaint, constipation, sick-headache, fever and ague, and all diseases of the stomach and liver. Sold by all Druggists at 25 cents per box.

R. E. Sellers, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Oct. 2, 1879. 1yh

FARMERS,

Look to Your Interests!

THE BRUCEVILLE PHOSPHATE

Is Sold CHEAPER

THAN ANY OTHER OF ITS QUALITY.

PRICES.

AT LITTLESTOWN AND HANOVER:

No. 1, $31 per ton cash or $35 on 90 days, No. 2, $29 cash or $30 on 90 days, Raw Bone, $31 cash or $33 on 90 days, Dissolved Bone, $31 cash or $33 on 90 days, South Carolina Bone, $25 cash or $26 on 90 days. Also other Phosphates sold.

AT OXFORD:

No. 1, $35 cash or $38 on 90 days, No. 2, $30 cash or $31 on 90 days, Raw Bone, $30 cash or $37 on 90 days, Dissolved Bone, $38 cash or $37 on 90 days.

Matthew G. Huff,

LITTLESTOWN

Agent for York and Adams Counties

July 31, 1879. 3m

---FRESH SALT-WATER OYSTERS---

AT

EPH. H. MINNIGH'S

SERVED IN ANY STYLE AT ALL TIMES.

ALSO

By the Pint, Quart and Gallon.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Next door to Keystone Hotel, - - - - Gettysburg, Pa.

POND'S EXTRACT

The Vegetable Pain Destroyer,

INVALUABLE FOR

Inflammation and Hemorrhage.

Piles, Sprains, Lameness, Burns, Scalds, Bruises, Soreness, Rheumatism, Boils, Ulcers, Old Sores, Wounds, etc. Also for Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Asthma, Hoarseness, Neuralgia, Catarrh, Colic, Diarrhoea, and all Hemorrhages, &c.

It is acknowledged by Physicians of all schools that Pond's Extract has more wonderful curative properties than any other remedy. No form of Inflammation, Pain, Soreness or Bleeding, but it will cure. [illegible]

[illegible]

The base of all our Toilet and Medicinal preparations is Pond's Extract, which is a guarantee that they are superior, and deserve the confidence of the public. Sold by all Druggists.

Prepared only by

POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,

New York and London.

April 17, 1879. 1y

ADAMS COUNTY

Mutual Fire Insurance Co.

Incorporated March 18, 1851.

OFFICERS.

President—Samuel R. Russell,
Vice President—Robert G. McCreary
Secretary—D. A. Buehler,
Treasurer—E. G. Fahnestock,
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, H. A. Picking, Jacob King.

Managers—S. R. Russell, D. A. Buehler, R. McCurdy, E. G. Fahnestock, H. A. Picking, Robert G. McCreary, Gettysburg; Jacob King, Straban township; Samuel Meals, Bendersville; A. W. Storm, East Berlin; W. Ross White, Liberty; Cyrus G. Bentes, York Springs.

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the County of Adams. It has been in operation for more than 27 years, and in that period has made but one assessment, having paid losses by fire during that period amounting to over $18,000. Any person desiring Insurance can apply to either of the Managers.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company, on the last Wednesday in every month, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

July 21, 1879. tf

Diseases, like thieves, attack the weak. Fortify your organization with the Bitters, and it will resist and baffle alike the virus of epidemics and the changes of temperature which disorder the constitution of the feeble. There is vitality in it. It is a pure vegetable stimulant, a rare alterative and anti-bilious medicine, and has not a harmful element among its many ingredients. For sale by all Druggists and Respectable Dealers generally.

Oct. 2. 1m [Aug. 28, 1879. 1y

Charles G. Miller,

AUCTIONEER,

RESIDING in Mountpleasant township, Adams county—Post Office GRANITE HILL, offers his services to the public. Real and personal property sales called. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed.

Dec. 25, 1878. tf

FOR SALE.

PINEPOLES for Rafters, and Building Lumber, for sale 10 miles west of Gettysburg, on the Chambersburg turnpike at Kuhn's Saw Mill by DANIEL KUHN.

March 1, 1878. tf

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

FREDERICK DIVISION.

ON and after Monday, October 6, 1879, Trains will leave and arrive at Hanover as follows:

NORTHWARD.

7.50 a. m. from Hillsdown for York, connecting with mail north on N. C. R. R. for points north and west, Columbia and Port Deposit.

[illegible]

SOUTHWARD.

[illegible]

FRANK THOMSON, General Manager. H. S. CARTER, Superintendent. Oct. 3, 1879. 1t

Han. Junction, Hanover & Gettysb'g RAILROAD.

On and after Aug. 1, 1879, trains will run as follows:

EASTWARD.

	a m	p m	p m
Leave Gettysburg,	6 50	1 30	1 15
New Oxford,	7 08	2 00	4 45
Hanover,	7 30	2 38	5 00
Arrive at Han. Junction,	8 20	2 58	5 40
Baltimore,	10 20	6 20	7 35
York,	10 20		8 15
Harrisburg,	11 35		9 30
Washington,	12 30	9 00	9 00
Phil. via Col.	4 20	9 30	
New York,	9 00		
Pittsburg,	11 10		8 15

Passengers for Buchman Valley Road and Stations between Han. Junc. and Baltimore will take the 1 p. m. train. Trains southward on the Buchman Valley Road run only on Monday, Friday and Saturday.

WESTWARD.

	p m	a m	a m
Leave Pittsburg,	8 10		8 15
New York via Harb'g	5 25		8 30
Philadelphia,	11 55	8 20	11 15
Harrisburg,	a m		p m
York,	6 40		1 25
Washington,	7 55		5 27
Baltimore,			1 10
Han. Junction,	7 55		5 30
Hanover,	9 50	12 40	8 26
New Oxford,	10 20	12 58	8 15
Arrive at Gettysburg,	11 50	1 20	9 15

[illegible]

H. D. SCOTT, Ticket Agent.

Gettysburg, Aug. 7, 1879.

Grain, Produce, &c., AT NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned continues the Grain and Produce business at the old stand in New Oxford, Pa., and will always pay the highest market prices for FLOUR, WHEAT, RYE, CORN, OATS, CLOVER SEED, TIMOTHY SEED, FLAX SEED, TIMOTHY HAY, &c.; and will keep on hand for sale at the smallest profits GROCERIES, FISH, SALT, BACON, FLOUR AND FEED, Soaps Tar, Oils, and everything else usually kept in a first-class establishment of the kind. Thankful to the public for past favors, he solicits a continuance of the same

H. J. MYERS.

☞MILL FEED FOR SALE.

May 10, 1877. tf

NEW FIRM!

JOS. SPANGLER & CO.,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned have purchased the stock of goods of William Boyer, and will conduct business under the firm name of Jos. Spangler & Co., at the old stand, corner of the Diamond and Chambersburg St., Gettysburg, Pa., keeping on hand and at all times a full stock of

Fresh Groceries of all Kinds,

Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, &c. Also Queensware & Glassware, Fish, Salt, Flour, Lard, Bacon, Spices, Tobaccos, Hor-cling, &c. Also Confections, Penknives, Fruits in season and a full line of articles usually kept in a first-class Grocery Store—all of which will be sold at the lowest cash prices.

☞The highest market price paid for Butter, Eggs, Potatoes, &c.

☞The public are invited to call. All orders promptly filled wholesale and retail.

JOSEPH SPANGLER,
WM. C. STRICKHOUSER.

April 5, 1878. tf

NEW FREIGHT AND Commission House.

THE undersigned intends running a MARKET CAR between Gettysburg and Baltimore, leaving GETTYSBURG every MONDAY at noon; arriving at BALTIMORE on TUESDAY MORNING, and return to GETTYSBURG on WEDNESDAY at 3 o'clock.

The Car will start from the Warehouse, formerly Bigham's, corner of Washington and Railroad streets, Gettysburg, and run to CASSIDAY & PROTHERS, 128 NORTH STREET, BALTIMORE.

A share of public patronage solicited. No efforts will be spared on our part to give satisfaction. Goods entrusted to our care, either from town or country, will receive every attention, and prompt returns of money will be made.

Mr. JOSIAH W. SEFTON will run the Car, and having had large experience in the business, having run for Jacob W. Cress for three years. Goods handled with care and delivered promptly.

Also dealer in ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE, with FLOUR AND FEED of all kinds for sale.

SALT, wholesale and retail, FERTILIZERS, PLASTER and FARM IMPLEMENTS of all kinds. Anything not on hand will be ordered.

WM. WIBLE,

Gettysburg, Feb. 1, 1878. tf AGENT.

H. S. BENNER

HAS REMOVED THE

Gettysburg and Baltimore FREIGHT LINE,

To Col. C. H. Buehler's Warehouse, on Carlisle street, formerly occupied by W. J. A. Swisher, and will continue the business.

Leave Gettysburg every Monday and Thursday at noon.
Leave Baltimore (from 125 North street) every Tuesday and Friday.
Arrive at Gettysburg every Wednesday and Saturday.
Arrive at Baltimore every Tuesday & Friday.

Also Commission Merchant and Dealer in all kinds of

Grain, Plaster, Salt, &c.

Salt for sale by the sack at lowest prices to dealers. All kinds of FEED constantly on hand for sale. All goods delivered to order of purchaser. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

TERMS CASH.

Aug. 9, 1878. tf H. S. BENNER.

DON'T FORGET

THAT

JOSEPH JACOBS

MAKES IT A RULE TO

SELL CHEAP!

CALL in at his Merchant Tailoring establishment, Baltimore street, near the Diamond, Gettysburg, and be convinced.

His stock is unusually large and varied this season, and satisfied that he can please any taste, he invites the whole public to make an inspection of goods and prices.

Tailoring continued as heretofore, and goods bought at his Store cut free of charge.

April 14, 1876. tf

Butchering Continued.

SIMON J. CODORI

(SUCCESSOR TO N. CODORI & SON,)

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

WILL continue the Butchering Business in all its branches at the old stand, on York street, and invites a continuance of the generous patronage of the public. Persons having

FAT STOCK

to sell, will find it to their advantage to call, as the highest market price is always given for good stock.

July 20, 1876. tf

Pittenturf & Wilson,

GRANITE STONE-CUTTERS,

Corner of Washington and High Sts.,

Gettysburg, Pa.,

(POWERS'S OLD STAND.)

Door Sills, Ashler, Platforms, Steps, Curb Stones, Cemetery Curb, Posts, Bases, Monuments, etc., etc.

ALL KINDS OF WORK AT

LOWEST PRICES.

Estimates made when desired. Call before contracting elsewhere.

April 10, 1879. tf

Dr. Oellig & Pfoutz's

Celebrated Tonic Elixir!

THE HOUSEHOLD REMEDY.

DURING thirty-five years, Dr. Oellig has been using this Elixir in his private practice in the State of Pennsylvania—[illegible]

One Hundred Dollars Reward will be given to any person who will produce any medicine that will effect a more speedy and perfect cure of the diseases herein mentioned.

DR. PFOUTZ'S CERTIFICATES.

Martinsburg, W. Va., May 17, 1878.

[illegible]

Hedgesville, Berkeley co., W. Va., July 27, 1871. [illegible]

MARY KEESLER.

For sale by A. D. BUEHLER & CO., Gettysburg, H. P. BIGHAM, Greenmount, NEELY & MUSSELMAN, Fairfield, and J. A. ELDER, Emmitsburg.

Sept. 11, 1879. 1y

DRUGS AND BOOKS.

A. D. Buehler & Co.

KEEP constantly on hand a full supply of the purest and best

DRUGS AND MEDICINES

purchased from the most reliable houses in the cities. Also

Books of All Kinds,

School, Classical, Theological and Miscellaneous, embracing Standard Works in Poetry, History and general English and American Literature, with a large assortment of

PLAIN AND FANCY STATIONERY,

Perfumery, Toilet Soaps, Pen Knives, Gold Pens, Pencils, &c.

☞Buehler's old established Drug and Book Store, Chambersburg Street, near the Diamond. Sept. 11, 1879. tf

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY

DAVID STERNER

HAS fitted up his machinery in good running order, and is prepared to do all kinds of work with his NEW ENGINE AND NEW MACHINERY. He is now ready to receive orders and fill them on short notice, with prompt attention, and

Prices Lower Than Ever.

ALL KINDS OF

Farming Implements,

PLOUGHS, THRESHERS AND POWERS, HORSE RAKES, STOVES, KETTLES, POTS, &c.; REPAIRING of all kinds at reduced prices. Call and examine before buying elsewhere.

GROCERIES.

DAVID STERNER, at his Store on Chambersburg street, is receiving NEW GOODS weekly, and is selling at prices to suit the times.

☞Produce taken in exchange. Give him a call.

Gettysburg, April 10, 1879. tf

HARDWARE!

Charles Ziegler,

AT the old stand of Danner & Ziegler, and recently of D. W. Ziegler, on Baltimore street, opposite Huber's Drug Store, Gettysburg, has just received a full and complete assortment of goods suitable for a first-class

HARDWARE STORE,

which he now offers for sale on the CHEAP FOR CASH principle.

Persons Intending to Build

will do well to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. His assortment of

TOOLS

for Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Blacksmiths, Shoemakers, &c., cannot be beat.

HOUSE-KEEPING ARTICLES in great variety, all kinds of IRON, OIL, PAINTS, CARRIAGE FINDINGS, SHOVELS, SPADES, FORKS,

and a thousand other articles. House-keepers and the public generally will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

May 20, 1878. tf

FOR SALE.

TWO THREE-YEAR old registered SHORT HORN BULLS, very gentle; Short Horn Bull Calves, from one to nine months old, some of them registered; Grade Short Horn and Jersey Bulls and Calves; fine large Short Horn Cows; and a lot of Poland China Hogs, very fine.

The above stock will be sold low. Parties intending to buy would do well to call and examine.

JAMES HERSH,

Meadow Valley,

July 3, 1879. tf Gettysburg, Pa.

REMOVAL.

SAMUEL H. EICHOLTZ,

MANUFACTURER AND REPAIRER OF

Wagons, Carriages,

BUGGIES, JAGGERS, SLEIGHS, etc., has removed his Shop to the north end of Carlisle street, where he will continue to do all work in the best and cheapest manner, and invites a share of public patronage.

Gettysburg, Nov. 23, 1877. tf

WASHINGTON, D. C., HAS A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL AT $2.50 PER DAY.

Tremont House,

NO LIQUORS SOLD.

1878 tf

New Stove Store.

TIN-WARE, &C.

A. J. SMITH

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has opened a new Stove and Tin-ware establishment, on Baltimore street, a few doors south of the Court House and nearly opposite the Compiler office, GETTYSBURG, PA., where he offers a large variety of

Cook Stoves & Ranges

of the latest and most approved makes, and to which he would earnestly call the attention of the public. His extensive assortment of

TIN-WARE

embraces every article the housekeeper can need, with any quantity of novelties—and all sold at the lowest living profits. To get an idea of his full and attractive stock, buyers must call and see for themselves.

Spouting and Roofing

made a specialty having a long experience at both.

LIGHTNING RODS

put up in a reliable manner and for less money than travelling agents ask.

REPAIRING of all kinds done promptly, neatly and cheaply.

CALL AND BE SATISFIED.

April 10, 1879. tf

ATTENTION!

A New Store

IN BENDERSVILLE, ADAMS CO.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform the public that he has opened a

NEW STORE,

(glass front) on the Diamond, in Bendersville, Adams county, Pa., where he offers an immense assortment of Goods at prices

Lower than Ever!

EVERY LINE OF

DRESS GOODS

for ladies and gentlemen; Clothing, a grand stock; Shoes and Boots, Hats and Caps,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, and indeed everything that any properly enter into a first-class country store. Come from near and far, and save money by buying for CASH from

JACOB MARX.

☞All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods. NO BOOKS KEPT! May 8, 1879. 1y DON'T ASK FOR TICK!

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER

Has been in constant use by the public for over twenty years, and is the best preparation ever invented for RESTORING GRAY HAIR TO ITS YOUTHFUL COLOR AND LIFE.

It supplies the natural food and color to the hair glands without staining the skin. It will increase and thicken the growth of the hair, prevent its blanching and falling off, and thus AVERT BALDNESS.

It cures Itching, Eruptions and Dandruff. As a HAIR DRESSING it is very desirable, giving the hair a silken softness which all admire. It keeps the head clean, sweet and healthy.

The State Assayer and Chemist of Mass. and leading Physicians endorse and recommend it as a great triumph in medicine.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR THE WHISKERS

will change the beard to a BROWN or BLACK at discretion. Being in one preparation it is easily applied, and produces a permanent color that will not wash off.

PREPARED BY R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

PASSMORE & COPE'S

HIGH GRADE

BONE Super-Phosphate

THE

CHAMPION FERTILIZER.

Warranted PURE.

GUARANTEED ANALYSIS

STAMPED ON EVERY BAG.

☞HAS NO SUPERIOR☜

For the production of

Grain and Grass

AND THE

Permanent Improvement

OF THE LAND.

THE HIGH

Chemical Standard

Of this manure is

STRICTLY MAINTAINED,

while its Mechanical Condition is being

Constantly Improved.

We confidently refer to the majority of the best Farmers in Adams county who use Phosphates.

C. J. TYSON, Gen. Agent,

FLORADALE,

May 22, 1879. tf Adams county, Pa.

NEW OXFORD

CARRIAGE WORKS,

NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

THE undersigned, having purchased the New Oxford Carriage Works, has put up a large lot of first-class vehicles, which he is selling at prices that must defy competition. His line of

NEW BUGGIES

embraces FALLING-TOPS, STANDING-TOPS and NO-TOPS; also on hand or made to order FALLING-TOP BAROUCHES, GERMANTOWNS, PHAETONS, JAGGERS, and indeed, everything in his line.

None but the best workmen are employed and none but the best material used. All jobs guaranteed one year. Work and prices cannot fail to please, and buyers are invited to call and see for themselves.

REPAIRING neatly, cheaply and promptly done.

May 22, 1879. 3m **H. B. DICKS.**

DANIEL TRIMMER,

UNDERTAKER,

HAS re-commenced the Undertaking business, at his residence, on Baltimore street, opposite the Presbyterian parsonage and nearly opposite the Methodist parsonage, in Gettysburg, where he will keep on hand all kinds of

Coffins and Caskets,

so that they can be had on the shortest notice. He can be found at his residence at any hour of the night or day, and will assist in laying out the Dead. No extra charge on account of distance within ten miles around Gettysburg. Charges very moderate. The more he gets the cheaper his work can be furnished.

Will attend Funerals in person. Remember the place. [Sept. 2, 1875. tf

TO THE LADIES!

HAVE YOU TRIED

Best Six Cord. Best Six Cord.

This is the latest Improved and most Perfect Spool Cotton made for Hand and Machine use and cannot be excelled in Color or Strength. Length guaranteed. Sold by all Dry Goods Stores in Adams county. Recommended by

Oct. 2, 1879. 3m A. O. WARE, GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE LEADING AND POPULAR DRY GOODS HOUSE OF PHILADELPHIA.

SHOPPING

With us through our SAMPLE AND MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT is simple, easy, and advantageous. Anyone writing to us for Samples, mentioning the kind of goods needed, will receive, by return mail, the desired samples and information. Goods sent

BY MAIL OR EXPRESS.

Through this means ladies everywhere throughout the United States avail themselves of a very convenient plan of selecting Dress Goods, Trimmings, and a General Outfit from the head-centres of trade, where they can at all times obtain the best goods, newest and latest styles to be had for the least money.

HOMER, COLLADAY & CO.

Manufacturers, Retailers, and Importers of Choice Novelties in Dress Goods, Silks, Trimmings, etc.,

CHESTNUT, ABOVE BROAD STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

(ESTABLISHED 1842.)

And 13 Rue Richer, Paris, France.

☞Have the children send for a set of our Fancy Advertising Cards.☜

All Samples and Information sent free to all parts of the United States.

☞SEND FOR SAMPLES OF NEW NOVELTIES. ☞SEND FOR SAMPLES AND INFORMATION.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE

THE BEST IN THE WORLD. SOLD BY ALL DEALERS. SO SIMPLE A CHILD CAN USE IT. WARRANTED FOR 3 YEARS.

$1500.00 CASH TO AGENTS.

BEWARE OF BOGUS DEALERS AND DEFACED NUMBERS. NOTICE OUR GENUINE NUMBER ON SHUTTLE RACE PLATE.

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS:

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Oct. 24, 1879. 1y

BENSONS CAPCINE POROUS PLASTER

The only improvement ever made on the common POROUS PLASTER.

It contains greater and more powerful

PAIN-RELIEVING, STRENGTHENING, AND CURATIVE PROPERTIES

than the common Porous Plaster and is far superior to liniments and the so-called electrical appliances. PRICE 25 CENTS. Oct. 9, 1879. 1y

Great Reduction

IN PRICES

OF

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

AT

John M. Huber's,

BALTIMORE STREET,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

--- TRUSSES ---

The fitting of Trusses given Special Attention and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

N. B. A Full Supply of

Fresh Garden and Flower Seeds

Just Received from the Best Producers.

Feb. 6, 1879. tf

From the Factory to the Wearer.

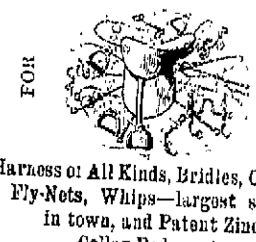
Shirts of Superior Muslin, Extra Fine Linen Shield Bosom, Open Back, French Yoke, and completely finished for

$7.50 A DOZEN!

[illegible]

NEW YORK FURNISHING CO., 421 Broadway, New York, U. S. A.

July 24, 1879. 1y



FOR FOR

Harness of All Kinds, Bridles, Collars, Fly-Nets, Whips—largest stock in town, and Patent Zinc Collar Pad, go to

JOSEPH H. RODDY'S,

CHAMBERSBURG STREET,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

July 24, 1879. tf

CHARLES H. STALLSMITH,

Carpenter & Builder

GETTYSBURG, PA.

WILL do all work promptly, at reasonable figures and in the most satisfactory manner. Has a long experience in the business.

Orders left at his residence, West Middle street, will receive immediate attention.

References—Prof E. S. Breidenbaugh and Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal.

Oct. 31, 1878. tf

COAL YARD

AND

LIME KILNS.

Daniel Cashman, Agent.

THE best of LIME for all purposes at this popular place, on the Railroad, near the Foundry.

COAL.

All the standard varieties of coal delivered anywhere in town in the best condition and at the lowest living cash profits. Give the new establishment a call. No effort spared to please customers.

Gettysburg, Sept. 18, 1879. tf

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. P. Rowell & Co's Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce St.), where advertising contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE

[illegible]

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., No. 10 Mechanics' Block, Detroit, Mich.

☞Sold in Gettysburg by A. D. BUEHLER & CO., and by Druggists everywhere. Johnston, Holloway & Co., Wholesale Agents, Philadelphia. Feb. 27, 1879. 1y

Dr. Oberholtzer's Liniment,

CAMPHOR MILK,

IS now highly recommended and extensively used for Rheumatism, Frosted Feet, Aches, Pains, Sores, Stings, Sprains, Swellings, &c. It is of great value in curing galls, spavins and swellings in horses. It acts quickly and surely. It at once soothes and relieves the stiff joints, lame back and aching nerves. The money will be paid back to anyone not satisfied with its effects. Price 25 cents. 5 bottles for $1. Prepared only by Levi Oberholtzer, M. D.

The Phenix Pectoral

Has proved itself to be peculiarly adapted to old persons, consumptives and children. It breaks a cold. It stops a cough. It aids expectoration. It gives instant relief. It gives strength. It brings rest. It has made more cures than any other medicine. Thousands of the citizens of eastern Pennsylvania have used it for years past and testify to the relief given and cures effected. Price 25 cents or 5 bottles for $1. Prepared only by Levi Oberholtzer, M. D.

These preparations are sold by JOHN M. HUBER, Gettysburg. Feb. 27, 1879. 1y

HALL IN NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned has erected, in NEW OXFORD, Adams county, Pa., a commodious and comfortable HALL, for the accommodation of CONCERTS, EXHIBITIONS, COTILLION PARTIES, &C. His terms will always be found reasonable. Apply to or address

J. H. WIEST,

New Oxford, Adams county, Pa

Feb. 10, 1871. tf

SALE CRYING.

A. W. FLEMMING continues the business of SALE CRYING, and solicits the continued patronage of the public. It is his constant endeavor to give satisfaction—Charges moderate. Residence in West Middle street, Gettysburg. Nov. 22, 1872. tf

WM. WIBLE

Has on hand a large assortment of

Agricultural Implements and Machinery,

CONSISTING OF

Reapers & Mowers

of the very latest and most improved patents.

Horse Hay Rakes, Ploughs, Wagons, Cultivators, Double and Single Shovel Ploughs, the best Grain Drill in the Market, Fanning Mills, Chopping Mills, Threshing Machines, Separators, Steam Engines,

and Farm Implements and Machinery of all kinds.

[illegible]

Farmers' Bone Phosphate

[illegible]

Salt and Plaster,

WITH

Flour and Feed of All Kinds.

Farmers Wanting a Good Reaper

Should not fail to call and examine ours before buying, as we sell them on the crown merits, and warrant them to give satisfaction or no sale.

TAKE NOTICE.

We give two Cutter Bars and three Knives with each machine. Our Machinery is all of the best material and latest improved.

Thankful for past patronage, we ask all wanting anything in our line to give us a call, at our Warehouse in Gettysburg, corner of Railroad and Washington Streets.

WM. WIBLE,

May 17, 1878. tf AGENT.

Newton M. Horner

HAS just received a large lot of FARM MACHINERY AND IMPLEMENTS, consisting of the new

Wheeler No. 5 Mower,

which is a light iron Mower embracing many strong points, and ranks second to none in the market.

The Wheeler No. 6

[illegible]

THE OSBORNE NO. 9

[illegible]

KIRBY REAPERS AND MOWERS.

The above described machinery is manufactured by the D. M. Osborne Company, at Auburn, N. Y.

[illegible]

Turbine Wind Engine,

manufactured by Mast, Foost & Company of Springfield, Ohio.

[illegible]

All Machines and Implements offered are of the best in the market. [illegible]

P. O. address, Gettysburg, Pa.

May 8, '78. tf NEWTON M. HORNER

Season of 1879!

E. FRANK COE'S

SUPERPHOSPHATE.

Warranted Genuine,—Made of Pure Bone,—No Manure is more certain or more economical. Refer to James J. Wills and J. E. Bear, Esqs.

Champion Reaper & Mower.

The only complete iron-frame Machine in the Market, and 80,000 manufactured for this year's sales.

True's Potato Planter.

Cuts and drops sound potatoes and adds fertilizer. One man can plant six acres in a day.

Wisner Horse Rake.

Any little girl or boy that can drive a gentle horse can rake the hay as well as the strongest man.

FARMER'S FAVORITE GRAIN DRILL

A Perfect Machine—An Accurate Distributor and a combined Grain and Fertilizer Drill.

Randall's Grain Fan.

You can take out the best grain for seed, and leave the balance in a merchantable condition.

Kissell's Corn Plow.

Ikey Pattern—you can walk or ride—and finish a row at a time.

Berlin and Wallace Barshear Ploughs.

Not excelled by any others.

Steam Engines.

The Eclipse portable and stationary, manufactured by Frick & Co., Waynesboro'. Also Stationary Engines and Boilers. Circular Saw Mills, &c.

☞To be seen at the Warehouse of Col. Jacob Cress, Gettysburg.

James Bigham, Agent.

April 30, 1879. tf

BAKERY!

COR. WASHINGTON & HIGH STREETS,

GETTYSBURG, PA.

THE undersigned would most respectfully inform present customers and the public generally, that the old and reliable Bakery (lately Mrs. Mary A. Hoffman's) on the corner of Washington and High Streets, in the borough of Gettysburg, will be continued by him.

FRESH BREAD,

ROLLS, - - TWIST, - - CAKES,

PRETZELS, &c.,

BAKED EVERY DAY.

The best flour used and the best workmen employed, and no effort spared to give satisfaction in every case. A continuance of a liberal patronage is solicited. Call or send orders to the Bakery and they will be promptly filled.

EMANUEL P. WISOTZKEY.

June 19, 1879. tf

EDW'D. J. EVANS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Nurserymen and Seedsmen,

YORK, PA.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees and Plants, Field, Garden and Flower Seeds, Hardy Flowering Plants, Hedge Plants, etc., etc.

Reliable Agents Wanted.

June 12, 1879. 6m

PATENTS.

F. A. LEHMANN, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. All business connected with Patents, whether before the Patent Office or the Courts, promptly attended to. No charge unless a patent is secured. Send for circular. Oct. 16, 1878. tf

OLD AND RELIABLE.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR is a Standard Family Remedy for diseases of the Liver, Stomach and Bowels.—It is Purely Vegetable.—It never Debilitates—It is Cathartic and Tonic.

TRY IT.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

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April 17, 1879. 1y

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